

رسم یکان

$$(1! + 2! + 3! + \dots + 25!) (2! + 4! + 6! + \dots + 24!)$$

از ۱ تا ۵ به رسم یکان ناکوین ۵ -

$$(1+2)(2+24) \dots = 112 - 2$$

الف) $\sqrt{(4+\sqrt{5})}^{-1} \times \sqrt{1+\sqrt{5}} = 4\sqrt{\frac{1}{4+\sqrt{5}}} \times \sqrt{1+\sqrt{5}} = 4\sqrt{\frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{4+\sqrt{5}}} = 4\sqrt{2}$

ب) $\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{1}+2}\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{5}}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{1}+2} \times \frac{-\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{5}} = \frac{-\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{5})} = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{5}} = -1$

الف) $\frac{\sqrt{8}+\sqrt{20}}{5-\sqrt{5}} - 2(\sqrt{9}-1)^{-1} =$

$$\frac{(\sqrt{8}+\sqrt{20})(5+\sqrt{5})}{25-5} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}+2}{2}$$

$$\frac{25+19}{2} = 12$$

ب) $\frac{\sqrt{20}-1}{2+\sqrt{3}} + (2-\sqrt{3})^{-1} = \frac{\sqrt{20}-1}{2+\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2+\sqrt{3}}{1}$

$$= \frac{12\sqrt{3}-4-9+\sqrt{3}}{13} + 2+\sqrt{3} = \frac{13\sqrt{3}+1}{13} = \sqrt{3} + \frac{1}{13}$$

الف) $\frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{3}}+\sqrt{3}-1}{\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2}} \times 2 = \frac{2(\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2})}{\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2}}$

$$A^2 = \frac{1+\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{3}-1+2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2}} = \frac{2(\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2})}{\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2}}$$

ب) $A = \sqrt{2}(\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2}) = 2+\sqrt{6}$

ب) $\sqrt[3]{2} \times \sqrt[3]{4} \times \sqrt[3]{8} = \sqrt[3]{2 \times 4 \times 8} = \sqrt[3]{64} = 4$

ج) $\frac{104-1}{3-1} = \frac{103}{2} = 51.5$

الف) $\frac{3^{101} + 3^{101} + 3^{101} + \dots + 3^{101} + 3}{3^{101-2} + 3^{101-1} + 3^{101} + \dots + 3^{101} + 3} = 3^2 = 9$

ب) $\frac{3^{101} (1+3+3^2+3^3+3^4+3^5)}{3^{101-2} (1+2+2^2+\dots+2^5)} = \frac{3^{101} \times 3^6}{3^{101-2} \times 63} = \frac{3^{107}}{3^{99} \times 63} = 3^8 = 6561$

الف) $\frac{3^{101} + 3^{101} + 3^{101} + \dots + 3^{101} + 3}{3^{101-2} + 3^{101-1} + 3^{101} + \dots + 3^{101} + 3} = 9$

ب) $\frac{3^{101}}{3^{101-2}} = 9$

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$$a = \sqrt[4]{\sqrt{4} - 1} \quad (a^4 + b^4 - 1ab)^4 \neq (a^4 + b^4 + 1ab)^4 = t(\sqrt{4} - 1)$$

$$b = \sqrt[4]{\sqrt{4} + 1}$$

$$(a^4 + b^4 - 1ab)^4 = (a^4 + b^4 - (a-b)^4)((a+b)^4)^4 = (a^4 - b^4)^4$$

$$(\sqrt{4} - 1 + \sqrt{4} + 1 - 2\sqrt{4})^4 = (2\sqrt{4} - 2\sqrt{4})^4 = 2^4 + 1 - 14\sqrt{4} - 32 - 14\sqrt{4} = t(\sqrt{4} - 1)$$

$$= \boxed{t = 14}$$

$$a = \sqrt[4]{1 - \sqrt{4} - 1} = (a + \frac{1}{a} + \sqrt{4})^4 (a + \frac{1}{a} - \sqrt{4})^4 = \dots$$

$$= ((a + \frac{1}{a})^2 - 4)^4 = (a^2 + \frac{1}{a^2} + 2 - 4)^4 = (a^2 + \frac{1}{a^2} - 2)^4 = a^4 + \frac{1}{a^4} + 2$$

$$= 1 - \sqrt{4} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{4} - \sqrt{4}} + 2 = 9 - \sqrt{4} + \frac{1 + \sqrt{4}}{4 - 1} = 14 = 2^4 = \boxed{t = 14}$$

$$A = \sqrt[4]{\sqrt[4]{14}} \left(\frac{1}{r}\right)^{-\frac{4}{r}} = 2^{\frac{1}{10}} \times 2^{\frac{4}{r}} = 2^1 = 2$$

$$(rA)^{-\frac{1}{r}} = (1)^{-\frac{1}{r}} = (r^r)^{-\frac{1}{r}} = r^{-1} = \boxed{\frac{1}{r}}$$

$$a^{\frac{1}{v}} \leq 2v a^{\frac{1}{v}} \Rightarrow 2v = a^{-\frac{1}{v}} = a^{-r} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{a^r} = 2v \Rightarrow \boxed{a = 2\sqrt{r}}$$

$$\frac{(\frac{1}{a} - r)}{(1 + \sqrt{r})} = \frac{2\sqrt{r} - r}{1 + \sqrt{r}} = \frac{2(\sqrt{r} - 1)(\frac{\sqrt{r}+1}{\sqrt{r}-1})}{(\sqrt{r}+1)(\frac{\sqrt{r}-1}{\sqrt{r}-1})} = \frac{2(\sqrt{r} - 1)}{2} = \sqrt{r} - 1$$

$$= \boxed{4 - 2\sqrt{4}}$$

$$\sqrt{a+a} - \sqrt{a-1} = 1 \Rightarrow (\sqrt{a+a} - \sqrt{a-1})(\sqrt{a+a} + \sqrt{a-1}) = a+a - a+1 = 1$$

$$= a+1 \Rightarrow \sqrt{a+a} + \sqrt{a-1} = \frac{a}{1} + 1 \Rightarrow \sqrt{a+a} + \sqrt{a-1} - 1 = \frac{a}{1} + 1 - 1 = \boxed{\frac{a}{1}}$$