

$$1 + 9 \quad (7) \quad (11! + 3! + 5! + \dots + 25!) \quad (9) \quad (2! + 4! + 6! + \dots + 24!) \quad \text{از اینها به عدد یکان صفر}$$

چون حاصل ۲ است $9 \times 7 = 63$

۲- حاصل عبارت های زیر را بیابید

الف) $\sqrt[4]{(4 + \sqrt{5})^{-1}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{5}}$

$$\sqrt[4]{\frac{1}{4 + \sqrt{5}}} \times \sqrt{(1 + \sqrt{5})^2} = \sqrt[4]{\frac{1 + \sqrt{5} + 2\sqrt{5}}{4 + \sqrt{5}}} = \sqrt[4]{2}$$

ب) $\left(\frac{\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{10} + 2} \right) \left(\sqrt{3 - \sqrt{5}} - \sqrt{3 + \sqrt{5}} \right)$

$$\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{10}}{4 + 4\sqrt{10}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \times -\sqrt{2} = -1$$

۳- الف) $\frac{\sqrt{8} + \sqrt{12}}{5 - \sqrt{4}} - 2 \left(\sqrt[4]{9} - 1 \right)^{-1} \frac{\sqrt{3} + 1}{\sqrt{3} + 1} \times \frac{-2}{\sqrt{3} - 1}$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{3}}{5 - \sqrt{4}} \times \frac{5 + \sqrt{4}}{5 + \sqrt{4}} = \frac{10\sqrt{2} + 15\sqrt{3} + 4\sqrt{2} + 9\sqrt{3}}{25 - 4} = \frac{14(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3})}{21}$$

$$\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3} - 1 - \sqrt{3} = \sqrt{2} - 1$$

ب) $\frac{\sqrt{27} - 1}{4 + \sqrt{3}} + (2 - \sqrt{3})^{-1}$

$$\frac{3\sqrt{3} - 1}{4 + \sqrt{3}} \times \frac{4 - \sqrt{3}}{4 - \sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{2 - \sqrt{3}} \times \frac{2 + \sqrt{3}}{2 + \sqrt{3}}$$

$$\frac{12\sqrt{3} - 13}{13} + \frac{2 + \sqrt{3}}{1} = \sqrt{3} - 1 + \sqrt{3} + 2 = 2\sqrt{3} + 1$$

الف) $\frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{3}} + \sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2}}} \propto \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2}} = 10 + 8\sqrt{9}$

$\frac{10 + 8\sqrt{9}}{1} = (2 + \sqrt{9})^2$

$\sqrt{9} = 3$

ب) $\sqrt[3]{\frac{3}{\mu^2}} \times \sqrt[3]{144} \propto \sqrt[3]{49 \mu^2}$

$\sqrt[3]{\frac{3}{\mu^2}} \times 144 \times \mu^2 \times \sqrt[3]{\frac{3}{\mu^2}} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{3}{\mu^2} \times 144 \times \mu^2 \times \frac{3}{\mu^2}} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{1296}{\mu^2}} = 12 \times \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{\mu^2}} = 12 \times \frac{1}{\mu^{2/3}}$

$\Delta P = \frac{\mu^n + \mu^{n+1} + \mu^{n+2} + \mu^{n+3} + \mu^{n+4} + \mu^{n+5}}{\mu^{n-2} + \mu^{n-1} + \mu^n + \mu^{n+1} + \mu^{n+2} + \mu^{n+3}}$

$\mu^n (1 + \mu + \mu^2 + \mu^3 + \mu^4 + \mu^5)$

$\mu^{n-2} (1 + \mu + \mu^2 + \mu^3 + \mu^4 + \mu^5)$

$= \Delta P$

$f = \mu^n$

$(\Delta P \times 9 \mu) \mu^{n-2} = \left(\frac{1}{\mu^2}\right) \mu^n$

$\mu^2 \times \mu^{n-2} = \mu^n$

$\mu^{n-2} = \mu^{n-2}$

-4

$$n(r+1-r\sqrt{r}) \stackrel{r\sqrt{r}-r}{=} 19(r-\sqrt{r}) \quad [+219]$$

$$\begin{aligned} \left(a^r + \frac{1}{a^r} + \cancel{r} - \cancel{r} \right)^r &= \left(\frac{a^r + 1}{a^r} \right)^r \quad \boxed{+ 2r} \\ \frac{\left(\sqrt{r - \sqrt{r}} \right)^r + 1}{\left(\sqrt{r - \sqrt{r}} \right)^r} &= \left(\frac{1 + r\sqrt{r}}{r - \sqrt{r}} \right)^r \quad \left(\frac{r(\cancel{r - \sqrt{r}})}{\cancel{r - \sqrt{r}}} \right)^r \\ 19 &= \cancel{r - \sqrt{r}} \end{aligned}$$

$$A = \sqrt[n]{\frac{10}{4^{10}}} \left(\frac{1}{F} \right)^{-\frac{10}{F}}$$

9۔ دہم ہفتہ در نسبت a مساوی 27 برابر سے a با توان $\frac{10}{9}$ است $(\frac{1}{a} - 3)$

چند برابر $(1 + \sqrt{3})$ است

$$\sqrt{a} = 27 \sqrt{a^{10}}$$

$$a = \frac{1}{3 \sqrt{3}}$$

$$\frac{1}{a} = 3 \sqrt{3}$$

$$\sqrt[10]{a} = 27 \times a^2 \cdot \sqrt[10]{a}$$

$$1 = 27 \times a^2$$

$$\frac{3 \sqrt{3} - 3}{1 + \sqrt{3}}$$

$$= \frac{3(\sqrt{3} - 1)}{\sqrt{3} + 1} \times \frac{\sqrt{3} - 1}{\sqrt{3} - 1}$$

$$\frac{3(3 + 1 - 2\sqrt{3})}{2}$$

$$= \frac{9 + 3 - 6\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$= \frac{12 - 6\sqrt{3}}{2} = 6 - 3\sqrt{3}$$

$$\sqrt{x+a} + \sqrt{x-a} = 2 \quad -10$$

$$(\sqrt{x+a} + \sqrt{x-a})(\sqrt{x+a} - \sqrt{x-a}) = \text{است}$$

$$x+a - x+a = 2 \times \sqrt{x+a} + \sqrt{x-a}$$

$$\frac{a}{2} + 2 = \sqrt{x+a} + \sqrt{x-a}$$