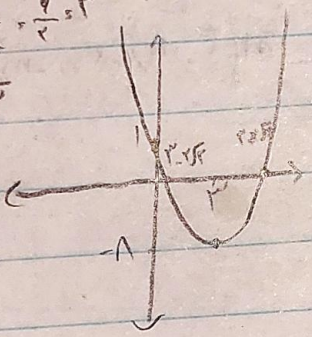


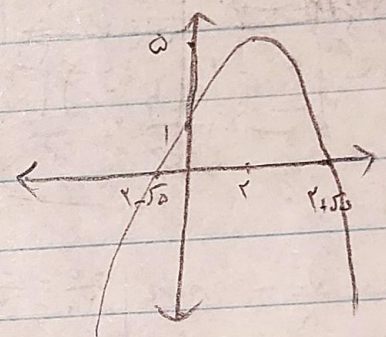
الف)  $2x^2 - 5x + 1 \rightarrow \min \left| \begin{array}{c|c} \frac{-b}{2a} & \min \\ \hline \frac{-\Delta}{2a} & -1 \end{array} \right|$

ب)  $-2x^2 + 3x - 5 \rightarrow \max \left| \begin{array}{c|c} \frac{-b}{2a} & \max \\ \hline \frac{-\Delta}{2a} & \frac{-31}{8} \end{array} \right|$

$2x^2 - 4x + 1$   
 $\frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{4}{4} = 1$   
 $\frac{-\Delta}{2a} = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{16 - 8}}{4} = \frac{4 \pm 2\sqrt{2}}{4}$



$y = -x^2 + 3x + 1$   
 $\frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{3}{-2} = -\frac{3}{2}$   
 $\frac{-\Delta}{2a} = \frac{-9 \pm \sqrt{81 - 4}}{-4} = \frac{-9 \pm \sqrt{77}}{-4}$



$f(x) + kx^2 - 9x - 7 = (x^2 - x - 2)(f(x) + m)$

$f(x) + m = x^2 - mx - 11x - 2m$   
 $f(x) + m^2 - f(x) - mx - 11x - 2m = f(x) + m^2(m-f) - x(m+11) - 2m$

$\int_{m=1}^{\infty} k \cdot L(f) = -3$

$m+11 = 9$   
 $m-f = k$

$$n^r - r n + m = 0$$

$$\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{b} \quad | \quad a + b - r \sqrt{ab} = r m - r m = 1$$

$$\sqrt{m(r\sqrt{m} - r)} \quad | \quad m \leq 1 \Rightarrow r n^r - n - 1 \Rightarrow \alpha \beta \frac{s-1}{r}$$

$$\frac{|\alpha - \beta| \times |m|}{r} \leq \frac{r}{f} \Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{(m+r)^r} \wedge m \times m}{f} \leq \frac{r}{f}$$

$$\frac{m}{m-r} \leq \frac{r}{f} \Rightarrow m | m-r | \leq \begin{cases} m(m-r) \leq r \Rightarrow m - r m - r \\ m(r-m) \leq r \Rightarrow -m^2 + r m - r \end{cases} \Delta < 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} y = n^r - r n + 1 &\Rightarrow \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{r}{2r} \\ y = n^r + n + 1 &\Rightarrow \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-r}{2r} \end{aligned}$$

$$ax^r + r x + a = \frac{V}{\Lambda} \rightarrow \text{min} \quad \left| \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-r}{2a} \Rightarrow a > 0 \right.$$

$$\Rightarrow a \left( \frac{q}{f d} \right) - \frac{q}{r a} + a$$

$$\frac{q}{f a} - \frac{1 \Lambda}{f a} + a \leq a - \frac{q}{f a} \leq \frac{V}{\Lambda} \Rightarrow \Lambda a^r - 1 \Lambda \leq V a$$

$$\therefore \Lambda a^r - V a - 1 \Lambda \begin{cases} a \leq \sqrt[r]{\frac{V a + 1 \Lambda}{\Lambda}} \\ a \leq \frac{q}{\Lambda} \end{cases} \Rightarrow a \leq \sqrt[r]{\frac{V a + 1 \Lambda}{\Lambda}}$$

$$\alpha a s - 1 \rightarrow \frac{a}{(a+1)(a-r)}$$

$$p_2 > 0 \Rightarrow a > 0$$

$$e^r - (a+1)x + a = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{\Delta}}{1} \Rightarrow a + r a + 1 - f a = f a - r a + 1 = f a - r a - f a + a + 1 \quad (\checkmark)$$

$$f - (r a + 1) + b = a^2 - f a + b = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{\Delta}}{1} \Rightarrow f b = f a + b \quad \checkmark$$

$$b = f a + b$$

$$r f = f - f a$$

$$y = -a x^2 + a x + r \rightarrow \left| \begin{array}{l} \frac{a}{r a} = \frac{1}{r} \\ r + \frac{1}{r} a = -1 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\Rightarrow -\frac{1}{r} a + \frac{1}{r} a + r, r + \frac{1}{r} a, r + \frac{1}{r} a, \frac{1}{r} b - \frac{1}{r} b - 1$$

$$r + \frac{1}{r} a = -1 \Rightarrow -r = \frac{1}{r} a \Rightarrow a = -r^2$$

$$y = r b x^2 - b x - 1 \rightarrow \left| \begin{array}{l} \frac{b}{r b} = \frac{1}{r} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{r} b - \frac{1}{r} b - 1 = -\frac{1}{r} b - 1 \Rightarrow \left( \frac{1}{r} \right) - (r) + r = -\frac{1}{r} r = -\frac{1}{r} b - 1$$

$$\frac{r}{r} = \frac{1}{r} b \Rightarrow b = -r^2$$

$$\Rightarrow b = a = -r^2 + r = -r$$

$$\frac{B}{\alpha a} = d B \Rightarrow r a \alpha B = B \Rightarrow r a \alpha = 1$$

$$r a \alpha = \frac{1}{r a} \Rightarrow \alpha = \frac{1}{r a}$$

$$-\frac{f}{\alpha} = \frac{1}{B} + B \Rightarrow B = -1 \rightarrow B \alpha X$$

$$\frac{f}{\alpha} = \frac{1}{B} + B \Rightarrow B = 1 \checkmark \Rightarrow \alpha = \frac{1}{a} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{-b}{r a} = \frac{-f}{\alpha a} = \frac{-f}{-1} = \frac{f}{1} = f \end{array} \right.$$

$$y = \frac{a}{\alpha}$$

$$\frac{a+b-1}{1} = ab \Rightarrow a+b = ab+1$$

$$a^r + b^r - 1^r = a+b \Rightarrow P, S-1$$

$$a^r + b^r - 1^r = ab+1 \Rightarrow S > 0$$

$$\Rightarrow S^r - rP^{r-1} - 1^r = P+1 \Rightarrow (a+b)^r - 1^r$$

$$\Rightarrow S^r - rS^{r-1} - 1^r = S \Rightarrow S^r - rS^{r-1} - 1^r = 0 \Rightarrow (S-a)(S+r) \Rightarrow S > a, a+b$$

(10)