

الف) $y = x^2 - 4x + 1 \rightarrow a > 0 \rightarrow U$ و $x_s = -\frac{b}{2a} = 1$ و $y_s = -\frac{\Delta}{4a} = -1$
 $-\frac{b^2 + 4ac}{4a} = \frac{-16 + 4}{4} = \frac{-12}{4} = -3$

ب) $y = -x^2 + 3x - 8 \rightarrow a < 0 \rightarrow \cap$ و $x_s = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{3}{-2} = -\frac{3}{2}$ و $y_s = -\frac{\Delta}{4a} = -\frac{b^2 + 4ac}{4a} = -\frac{9 + 80}{-8} = \frac{89}{8}$
 $= \frac{31}{-2} = -\frac{31}{2}$

الف) $y = x^2 - 4x + 1 \rightarrow a > 0 \rightarrow U$ و $x_s = \frac{-b}{2a} = 2$ و $y_s = -\frac{\Delta}{4a} = \frac{-16 + 4}{4} = -1$ و $c = 1$
 نمودار از نقطه (۱) عبور نمی کند پس نمی توان آن را رسم کرد

ب) $y = -x^2 + 4x + 1$
 $a < 0 \rightarrow \cap \rightarrow x_s = -\frac{b}{2a} = \frac{-4}{-2} = 2$ و $y_s = -\frac{\Delta}{4a} = \frac{-b^2 + 4ac}{4a} = \frac{-16 + 4}{-4} = 3$

$x^2 - (a+b)x + ab = 0$
 $x^2 - x - 2 = 0$
 $(x-2)(x+1) = 0$ $\begin{cases} a=2 \\ b=-1 \end{cases}$ $\rightarrow 2^2 + 4k - 1n - 2 = 0 \rightarrow 4 + 4k - n - 2 = 0$
 $4 + 4k = n + 2$
 $4k = n - 2$
 $k = \frac{n-2}{4}$

$x^2 - 3mx + n = 0 \rightarrow a=1, b=-3m, c=n \rightarrow \Delta = (-3m)^2 - 4(1)(n) = 9m^2 - 4n$
 $2x^2 - mx - m = 0$
 $P = \frac{c}{a} = \frac{-m}{2} \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{13}}{3} = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{13}}{6}$

$\sqrt{9m^2 - 4n} = 1$
 $9m^2 - 4n = 1$
 $9m^2 - 4m - 1 = 0$
 $m = \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{16 + 36}}{18}$
 $= \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{52}}{18}$

$x^2 - (a+1)x + a = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x=1 \\ x=a \end{cases} \rightarrow a=3$
 $x^2 - 10x + b = 0$
 $k + (k+2) = 10 \Rightarrow k=4 \Rightarrow 4 \times 4 - 2 \times 1 = 14$

جواب سوال ۷ ر

$$x_s = \frac{v}{ra} \Rightarrow a \left(-\frac{r}{ra}\right)^r + r \left(-\frac{r}{ra}\right) + a = \frac{v}{a} \Rightarrow \frac{a}{ra} - \frac{a}{ra} + a = \frac{v}{a} \Rightarrow \frac{-a + ra^r}{ra} = \frac{v}{a}$$

$$\Rightarrow \Delta d^r - v d - v = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} d = r \checkmark \\ d = -\frac{v}{a} \times \end{cases}$$

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$$rx^r - (m+r)x + m = 0 \xrightarrow{a+b+c=0} x = -1, \frac{m}{r} \Rightarrow S = \frac{1}{r} |m(\frac{m}{r} - 1)|$$

$$|m(\frac{m}{r} - 1)| = \frac{v}{r} \Rightarrow |m(m-r)| = \frac{v}{r} \begin{cases} m = -1 \Rightarrow \frac{m}{r} = -\frac{1}{r} \\ m = r \Rightarrow \frac{m}{r} = \frac{r}{r} \end{cases} \rightarrow \text{جواب سوال ۵}$$

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$$y = -ax^r + ax + r \Rightarrow S \left(\frac{1}{r}, \frac{a^r + ra}{ra}\right) = \left(\frac{1}{r}, \frac{a}{r} + r\right)$$

$$y = rbx^r - bx - 1 \Rightarrow S \left(\frac{1}{r}, \frac{b^r + rb}{ra}\right) = \left(\frac{1}{r}, -\frac{b}{a} - 1\right)$$

$$rb \left(\frac{1}{r}\right) - b \left(\frac{1}{r}\right) - 1 = \frac{a}{r} + r \Rightarrow \frac{a}{r} = -r \Rightarrow a = -r^2$$

$$-\frac{a}{r} + \frac{a}{r} + r = -\frac{b}{a} - 1 \Rightarrow \frac{r^2}{r} = -\frac{b}{-r^2} - 1 \Rightarrow \frac{r^2}{r} = \frac{b}{r^2} - 1 \Rightarrow b = -4$$

$$b - a = -4 - (-r^2) = 4$$

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$$aB = \frac{c}{a} = \frac{B}{ra} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} a + B = -\frac{b}{a} = -\frac{r}{ra} \quad (1) \\ ra a^r = 1 \Rightarrow a = \pm \frac{1}{a} \\ B = 0 \Rightarrow a = -\frac{r}{ra} \Rightarrow ra a^r = -r \Rightarrow a^r = -\frac{r}{ra} \end{cases}$$

$$a = \frac{1}{a} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{a} + B = -\frac{r}{ra} \Rightarrow B = -1 \rightarrow B < a$$

$$a = -\frac{1}{a} \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{a} + B = \frac{r}{ra} \Rightarrow B = 1 \rightarrow B > a$$

$$y = -ax^r + rx + 1 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x_s = -\frac{b}{ra} = \frac{r}{a} > 0 \\ y_s = -\frac{a}{ra} = -\frac{1}{a} < 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x_s > 0 \\ y_s > 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \text{این سیستم در ناحیه اول قرار دارد}$$

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$$S = a + b = a^r + b^r - 1 \Rightarrow S = s^r - 2p - 1$$

$$p = ab = a + b - 1 \Rightarrow p = S - 1$$

$$s^r - 3s - 10 = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} s = 5 \checkmark \\ s = -2 \rightarrow \text{جزء غیر طبیعی است قابل قبول نیست} \end{cases}$$

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