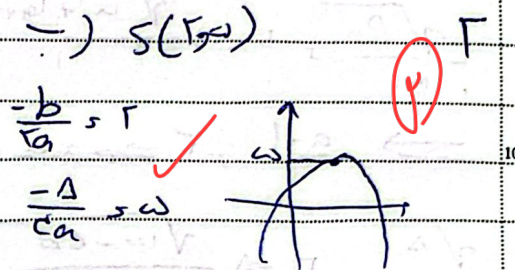
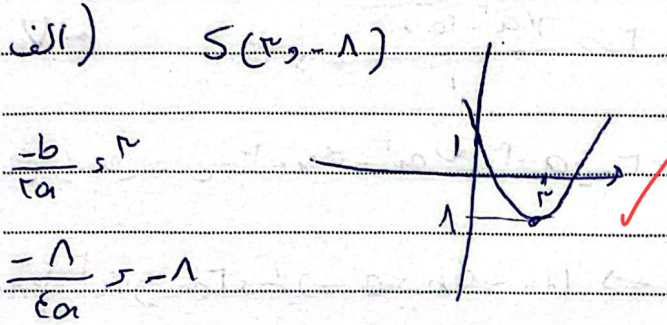


الف) $\min \left| \frac{-b}{2a} \right| \Rightarrow \min \left| -1 \right| \checkmark$ (1)

ب) $\max \left| \frac{-b}{2a} \right| \Rightarrow \max \left| \frac{9}{8} - \frac{1}{4} \right|$ (2)

ext $\begin{cases} x_s = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-3}{-2} = \frac{3}{2} \\ y_s = -2\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 + 3\left(\frac{3}{2}\right) - 2 = \frac{-11}{2} \end{cases}$

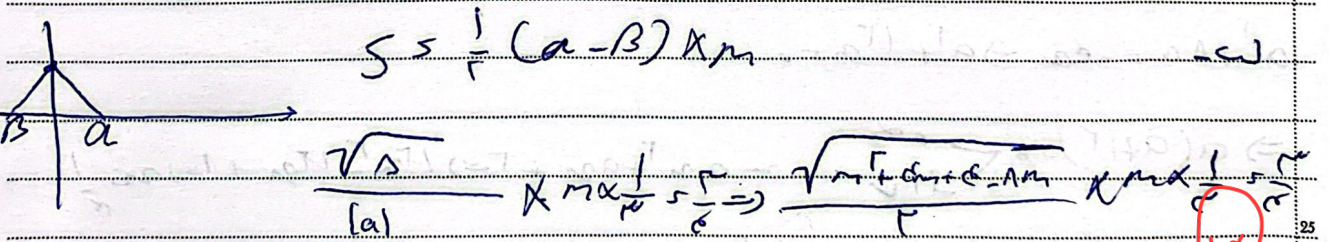


$a\beta \leq -2$, $a + \beta \leq 1 \Rightarrow a \leq \frac{1}{\beta}$

$\Rightarrow -2 \leq \beta \leq -1$, $\Rightarrow K + 2 \leq 0 \Rightarrow K \leq -2$ (3)

$\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{\beta} \leq 1 \Rightarrow a + \beta - 2\sqrt{a\beta} \leq 1 \Rightarrow \sqrt{a} - \sqrt{\beta} \leq 1$ (4)

$m \leq 1 \Rightarrow \sqrt{m^2 - 2m + 1} \leq 1$ (5)



$\Rightarrow \sqrt{m^2 - 2m + 1} \leq \frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow |m-1| \leq \frac{1}{r}$ (7)

$m < 1 \Rightarrow m + 1 - 2m = -m + 1 \leq \frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow m \geq 1 - \frac{1}{r}$

$y = x^2 + 2x + 1 \rightarrow x_s = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-1}{1} = -1$

$g(x) = m(x+1) \Rightarrow \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{m}{1} = -1$

$S_0 = \frac{1}{r} \times \frac{|m-1|}{1} \times |m| = \frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow |m(m-1)| = \frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow m(m-1) = \frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow m^2 - m - \frac{1}{r} = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} m = -1 \\ m = 1 \end{cases}$ Arman

$\rightarrow m(m-1) = -\frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow m^2 - m + \frac{1}{r} = 0 \rightarrow \Delta < 0$

$$\frac{-\Delta}{ca} \cdot \frac{v}{\lambda} \Rightarrow \frac{ca^T - \Delta}{ca} \cdot \frac{v}{\lambda} \Rightarrow \mu + a^T \Gamma \Lambda a - v \Gamma = 0 \Rightarrow \Lambda a^T - va - \mu \Gamma = 0$$

(1)

$$\Rightarrow a^T - va - \mu \Gamma = 0 \Rightarrow (a - \mu \Gamma)(a + \mu \Gamma) = 0 \Rightarrow a < \frac{1}{-9} \Rightarrow a = \frac{1}{-9}$$

(2)

$$\frac{\sqrt{\Delta}}{|a|} \cdot \Gamma \Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{a^T + \Gamma a + 1 - ca}}{1} \cdot \Gamma \Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{a^T - ca + 1}}{1} \cdot \Gamma$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{a-1}{1} \cdot \Gamma \Rightarrow a-1 \cdot \Gamma \Rightarrow a \cdot \Gamma \Rightarrow a^T - ca + \Gamma = 0 \Rightarrow (a-1)(a-\Gamma)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\Delta}}{|a|} \cdot \Gamma \Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{1 - \epsilon b}}{1} \cdot \Gamma \Rightarrow 1 - \epsilon b \cdot \Gamma \Rightarrow b \cdot \Gamma \Rightarrow a^T - b \Gamma + \Gamma$$

$$\Rightarrow (a-\epsilon)(a-\Gamma) = 4 \times \epsilon$$

$$\frac{-b}{ca} \cdot \frac{-a}{-ca} \cdot \frac{1}{\Gamma} \Rightarrow \frac{\Delta}{ca} \cdot \frac{a^T + \Lambda a}{ca} \Rightarrow \frac{-b}{ca} \cdot \frac{b}{cb} \cdot \frac{1}{\Gamma} \Rightarrow \frac{-\Delta}{ca} \cdot \frac{b^T + \Lambda b}{\Lambda b}$$

$$-\frac{a}{4} + \frac{a}{\Gamma} + r = \frac{b}{\Lambda} \cdot 1 \rightarrow \frac{11}{4} = \frac{-b}{\Lambda} \rightarrow \boxed{b = -9}$$

(1,0)

$$\Rightarrow \Gamma b a^T - b a - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\Gamma} b - \frac{1}{\Gamma} b - 1 = \frac{a^T + \Lambda a}{ca} \Rightarrow$$

$$a^T + \Lambda a = -ca \Rightarrow a^T + \Gamma a = 0 \quad b - a = -9 - (-11) = 2$$

$$\Rightarrow a(a + \Gamma) = 0 \Rightarrow a \Gamma + a \Gamma = 0 \Rightarrow \Gamma a^T + \Gamma a = 0 \Rightarrow \Gamma(a^T + a) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow -\frac{1}{\Gamma} \cdot \frac{b^T + \Lambda b}{\Lambda b} \Rightarrow -\Lambda b \cdot \Gamma + \Gamma b \Rightarrow \epsilon b \Gamma + b = 0 \Rightarrow \epsilon b(b + \Gamma) = 0 \Rightarrow b = -b$$

$$\alpha + \beta = \frac{-\Gamma}{\Gamma a} \Rightarrow \alpha \beta = \frac{b}{\Gamma a} \Rightarrow \Gamma a \alpha^T + \Gamma a \beta^T = -\Gamma \Rightarrow \Gamma a \alpha^T \beta + b = -9$$

$$\Gamma a^T \cdot 1 \Rightarrow a \cdot \frac{1}{\Gamma} \Rightarrow \Gamma a b \Gamma = 0 \Rightarrow \Gamma a \alpha \frac{1}{\Gamma} \beta + b = -1$$

$$b | a \Rightarrow \frac{b \Gamma}{b \Gamma} \Rightarrow \alpha = -\frac{1}{\Gamma} \Rightarrow \beta = 1$$

Arman

$$a+b = \frac{-b}{a} \quad a+b = -a^r - b^r + r \Rightarrow a^r + a + b^r + b - r = 0$$

$$a^r - a - r + b^r + b - r = 0 \Rightarrow (a+r)(a-r) + (b+r)(b-r) = 0 \quad (1)$$

$$\Rightarrow a^r - r^r \quad b^r - r^r \quad a+b = r$$

$$a^r - (a^r + b^r - r^r)x + a + b - 1 = 0$$

$$S = \frac{-b}{a} \quad P = ab$$

$$\rightarrow \begin{cases} a^r + b^r - r^r = \frac{-b}{a} \rightarrow S^r - rP - r^r = S & \text{I} \\ a + b - 1 = ab \rightarrow S - 1 = P & \text{II} \end{cases}$$

$$\rightarrow S^r - r(S-1) - r^r = S \rightarrow S^r - rS - 1 = 0 \rightarrow (S-1)(S+r) = 0 \rightarrow \begin{cases} S = -r \times \\ S = 1 \checkmark \end{cases}$$