

$$y = 2x^2 - 4x + 1 \quad (\text{الف})$$

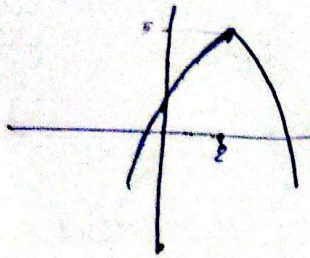
$$\min \left| \begin{array}{l} -\frac{b}{2a} = \frac{1-8}{4} \\ -\frac{\Delta}{4a} = \frac{4-8}{4 \times 2} = -1 \end{array} \right.$$

$$y = -2x^2 + 3x - 5 \quad (\text{ب})$$

$$\max \left| \begin{array}{l} -\frac{b}{2a} = \frac{3}{4} \\ -\frac{\Delta}{4a} = \frac{9-45}{-8} = \frac{31}{8} \end{array} \right.$$

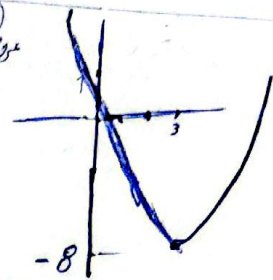
$$y = -x^2 + 4x + 1 \quad (\text{ج})$$

$$\text{ext} \left| \begin{array}{l} -\frac{b}{2a} = \frac{4}{-2} = -2 \\ -\frac{\Delta}{4a} = \frac{-20}{-4} = 5 \end{array} \right.$$



$$y = x^2 - 6x + 9 \quad (\text{د})$$

$$\text{ext} \left| \begin{array}{l} \frac{b}{2a} = 3 \\ -8 \end{array} \right.$$



$$4x^3 + kx^2 - 9x - 2 = 0 \quad \begin{matrix} \alpha \\ \beta \end{matrix} \quad \alpha + \beta = 1$$

$$\alpha \Rightarrow 4x^3 + kx^2 - 9x - 2 = 0$$

$$32 + 4k - 18 - 2 = 0 \Rightarrow 4k + 12 = 0 \Rightarrow 4k = -12 \Rightarrow \boxed{k = -3}$$

$$\beta \Rightarrow 4x^3 + kx^2 - 9x - 2 = 0$$

$$4 - 4 + k + 9 - 2 = 0 \Rightarrow k + 3 = 0 \Rightarrow \boxed{k = -3}$$

$$x^2 - 3mx + m = 0 \quad \sqrt{\alpha} - \sqrt{\beta} = 1 \Rightarrow \alpha + \beta - 2\sqrt{\alpha\beta} = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{\alpha + \beta}{3m} + 2\frac{\sqrt{\alpha\beta}}{m} - 1 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow t^2 - 2t - 1 = 0$$

$$P_2 = \frac{c}{a} = \frac{-m}{2} = \boxed{\frac{-1}{2}}$$

$$y = 2x^2 - (m+2)x + m \quad \begin{matrix} r_1 \\ r_2 \end{matrix} \quad b = m \quad \begin{matrix} \text{sin} \\ \text{cos} \end{matrix} \quad (r_1, 0), (r_2, 0), (0, m) \quad 5$$

$$|r_2 - r_1| = \frac{\sqrt{D}}{2a} \Rightarrow D = 8m - (2+m)^2 = m^2 + 4m + 4 + 8m \Rightarrow \frac{|m-2|}{2} = |r_2 - r_1|$$

$$S = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{b}{|m|} \times \frac{|m-2|}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{|m||m-2|}{4} = \frac{3}{4} \Rightarrow |m||m-2| = 3$$

$$|m(m-2)| = 3 \Rightarrow \pm 3 = m(m-2) \Rightarrow m^2 - 2m - 3 = 0 \quad \begin{matrix} \text{or} \\ \text{or} \end{matrix} \quad 1 - m \leq 3 = m$$

$$(m-3)(m+1) = 0$$

$$y = 2x^2 - mx + 1 \Rightarrow k = \frac{m}{2} \Rightarrow y = \left(\frac{m}{2}\right)^2 - m\left(\frac{m}{2}\right) + 1$$

$$= \frac{m^2}{4} - \frac{m^2}{2} + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow 1 - \frac{m^2}{4}$$

$$\text{if } m=3 \Rightarrow y = 1 - \frac{9}{4} = \boxed{\frac{-5}{4}}$$

$$\text{if } m=-1 \Rightarrow y = 1 - \frac{1}{4} = \boxed{\frac{3}{4}}$$

$$3) -\frac{12}{2a} = -\frac{3}{2a}$$

$a > 0$ or $b \min$ \dots

$$a(-\frac{3}{2a})^2 + 3(\frac{3}{2a}) + a \Rightarrow a + \frac{9}{4a} - \frac{9}{4a}a = \frac{9}{4a} - \frac{18}{4a} + a \Rightarrow a - \frac{9}{4a}$$

$$\frac{8}{7} = \frac{9}{4a} - a \Rightarrow 7a = 18 - 8a^2 \quad 0 = 18 - 7a - 8a^2$$

$$\Delta = (-7)^2 - (4)(8)(-18) = 625 \Rightarrow \sqrt{625} = 25 \Rightarrow a = \frac{7 \pm 25}{16}$$

$a = 2$
 $a = -\frac{9}{8}$

$$n^2 + a - n(a+1) = 0 \quad \alpha + \beta = a+1$$

$$n^2 - n(1+3a) + b = 0 \quad \alpha + \beta = 1+3a$$

$$\alpha + \beta = a+1 \rightarrow 2\alpha + 2 = a+1 \Rightarrow a = 2\alpha + 1 \Rightarrow \alpha\beta = 2\alpha + 1 \Rightarrow \alpha = \frac{1}{\beta-2}$$

$$2z = b \quad n+z = 3a+1 \quad 24 = 3(27)$$

$$2z = b \quad n+z = 9+1=10 \quad z=6 \quad b=24 \quad a=3$$

$$y = -an^2 + an + 2 \rightarrow \text{ext } \left| \begin{array}{l} \frac{b}{2a} = \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{c}{4a} = \frac{a^2 + 8a}{4a} \end{array} \right. \Rightarrow 3$$

$$y = 2bn^2 - bn - 1 \rightarrow \text{ext } \left| \begin{array}{l} \frac{-b}{4a} = \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{c}{4a} = \frac{b^2 + 8b}{8b} \end{array} \right. \Rightarrow 2bn^2 - bn - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow n = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2}b - \frac{1}{2}b - 1 = \frac{a^2 - 8a}{4a}$$

$$\Rightarrow a^2 + 8a = -4a \Rightarrow a^2 + 12a = 0 \Rightarrow a(a+12) = 0 \Rightarrow a = -12$$

$$-an^2 + an + 2 \Rightarrow 12n^2 - 12n + 2 \Rightarrow n = \frac{1}{4} \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{4} = \frac{b^2 + 8b}{8b} \Rightarrow -8b = 4b^2 + 32b$$

$$2) 4b^2 + 40b = 0 \Rightarrow 4b(b+10) = 0 \Rightarrow b = -10 \quad -10 - (-12) = 2$$

$$\alpha + \beta = \frac{-4}{25a}, \quad \alpha\beta = \frac{b}{25a} \Rightarrow 25a^2 + 25ab, \quad 25a^2b = b$$

$$2) 25a^2 = 1 \Rightarrow a = \pm \frac{1}{5} \Rightarrow 25ab = -5 \Rightarrow 25 \times \frac{1}{5} \times b = -5 \Rightarrow b = -1$$

$$n^2 - (a^2 + b^2 - 12)n + (a+b-1) = 0 \Rightarrow 5 \Rightarrow a^2 + b^2 - 12 = a+b$$

$$2) \rho \Rightarrow a+b-1 = ab \quad (2)$$

$$a^2 + b^2 = (a+b)^2 - 2ab \Rightarrow \frac{(a+b)^2}{y^2} - 2(a+b-1) - 12 = a+b$$

$$y^2 - 3y - 10 = 0 \Rightarrow (y-5)(y+2) = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} a+b=5 \\ a+b=-2 \end{cases}$$