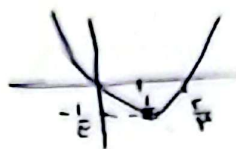


الف) $3\alpha^2 - 2\alpha$

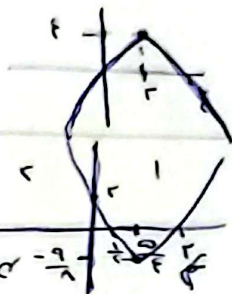
$\alpha_s = \frac{1}{3}$ و $\alpha_s = -\frac{1}{3}$ ریشه



دو ریشه

ب) $-\alpha^2 + 4\alpha$

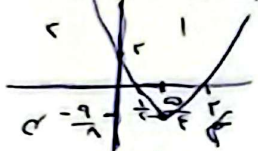
$\alpha_s = 2$ و $\alpha_s = 4$ ریشه



دو ریشه

$2\alpha^2 - 5\alpha + 2$

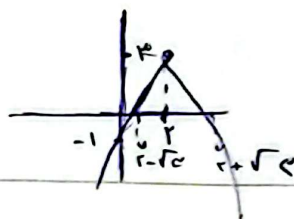
$\alpha_s = \frac{5}{2}$ و $\alpha_s = -\frac{1}{2}$ ریشه



دو ریشه

$-\alpha^2 + 4\alpha - 1$

$\alpha_s = 2$ و $\alpha_s = 3$ ریشه: $2 \pm \sqrt{3}$



دو ریشه

$\frac{\alpha + \beta}{\alpha - \beta} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{13}} = \frac{\sqrt{13}}{13}$

$\alpha^2 + \beta^2 = 7$

$\alpha^2 + \beta^2 = 10$

$\alpha^2 - \beta^2 = 4\sqrt{13}$

$\alpha^2 - \alpha - 3 = 0$

$s = -\frac{b}{a} = 1$

$p = \frac{c}{a} = -3$

$\alpha - \beta = \frac{\sqrt{\Delta}}{a} = \sqrt{13}$

$\alpha^2 + \beta^2 = 1 + 9 = 10$

$\alpha^2 + \beta^2 = 10$

$(x-2)(x^2 - ax + a)$

ریشه ندارد

$\Delta < 0 \Rightarrow a^2 - 4a < 0 \Rightarrow a \in (0, 4)$

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$2\alpha^2 - a\alpha + a \rightarrow$ ریشه صحیح $\rightarrow (2\alpha - 1)^2 = \alpha^2 - a\alpha + 1, a = 1$

$2\alpha^2 - 12\alpha - a = 0$

$s = -\frac{b}{a} = 6 \Rightarrow \alpha + \beta = 6 \Rightarrow \beta = 6 - \alpha$

$2\alpha^2 + (6 - \alpha)^2 - 6\alpha = 7 \Rightarrow 3\alpha^2 - 12\alpha + 9 \Rightarrow \alpha^2 - 4\alpha + 3 = 0$

$(\alpha - 1)(\alpha - 3) = 0$

$\frac{2}{3} = 6$

$\alpha/\beta = 3 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \alpha = 1, \beta = 3 \\ \alpha = 3, \beta = 1 \end{cases}$

$\alpha = 1, \beta = 3$
 $\alpha = 3, \beta = 1$

$$r - ra > 0 \Rightarrow a < \frac{r}{r} ; a - r > 0 \Rightarrow a > r ; r + r > 0 \Rightarrow a > -\frac{r}{r}$$

(11) (91)

$$\cap \Rightarrow r < a < \frac{r}{r} \Rightarrow a = r$$

$$\alpha s = \frac{r+1}{r} = 0$$

$s(\omega, r)$

$$-\frac{r\omega}{\lambda} + \frac{r\epsilon}{\lambda} = -\frac{1}{\lambda} \quad \text{If } \alpha = 0 \quad -\frac{1}{\lambda}(\alpha - \omega) + \epsilon$$

$$K(\alpha - \omega) + r \Rightarrow \text{If } \alpha = 1 \Rightarrow 1 + K + r = 1 \Rightarrow K = -\frac{1}{\lambda}$$

$$\alpha \alpha^r - \alpha \alpha - b = 0$$

$$s = \frac{a}{\alpha} = 1 \Rightarrow \alpha + \beta = 1 \Rightarrow \beta = 1 - \alpha$$

$$\alpha - \beta = \frac{\sqrt{a}}{a} + \frac{\sqrt{a}}{a} = \frac{2\sqrt{a}}{a}$$

$$f. (1 - \alpha)^r + r \cdot \alpha^r - r \cdot (1 - \alpha) = 1V$$

$$s_0 \alpha^r - s_0 \alpha + r = 0$$

$$r \cdot \alpha^r - r \cdot \alpha + 1 = 0$$

$$\Delta = f. - 4 \cdot r \cdot r$$

$$\frac{r_0 \pm \sqrt{4r^2}}{2} = \frac{1}{r} \pm \frac{\sqrt{a}}{a}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{1}{r} - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{a} + \beta = 1 \Rightarrow \beta = 1 - \frac{1}{r} + \frac{\sqrt{a}}{a}$$

$$\alpha s = \frac{-\omega + 1}{r} = -r$$

$$K(\alpha + r)^r - \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow \text{If } \alpha = 0 \quad fK - \frac{1}{r} = \frac{r}{r} \Rightarrow fK = r \Rightarrow K = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\frac{1}{r}(\alpha + r)^r - \frac{1}{r} \xrightarrow{\text{If } \alpha = 1} \frac{1}{r} \times r - \frac{1}{r} = \frac{r}{r} - \frac{1}{r} = \frac{r-1}{r}$$

$$x^2 + sx + a \Rightarrow s = -\frac{b}{a} = -r \Rightarrow \alpha + \beta = -r \Rightarrow \beta = -\alpha - r$$

$$r \alpha^r + r(\alpha + r)^r = \omega \alpha^r + r f \alpha - 1r - 1r \sqrt{r} = 0 \quad 1 = a = 1$$

\Downarrow

$$-r f \pm \sqrt{r^2 \Delta + r \epsilon \sqrt{r}} \Rightarrow -r f - r \sqrt{r} - s$$

$$c = \sqrt{b} - a = \sqrt{s \epsilon} \Rightarrow \sqrt{r \epsilon s + \sqrt{s \epsilon}} + \sqrt{r \epsilon s - \sqrt{s \epsilon}} \Rightarrow r \sqrt{r} + s$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{a}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{b}} = \frac{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{ab}} = \frac{\sqrt{m+rs}}{s} = \sqrt{m+rs} = \omega$$

$$\sqrt{ab} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{rs}} = \frac{1}{s}$$

$$(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b})^r = \frac{a+b}{m+1f} + r \sqrt{ab} \Rightarrow A^r = \frac{\sqrt{m+rs}}{s} \quad m+rs = r\omega \quad m = -1$$

$$A = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2r}} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2r}} = \omega \rightarrow A^r = \frac{1}{2r} + \frac{1}{2r} + r \sqrt{\frac{1}{4r^2}} = \frac{a_1 + a_2}{2r} + r \sqrt{\frac{1}{4r^2}} = \frac{2}{2r} + r \sqrt{\frac{1}{r}} = \frac{1}{r} + r \sqrt{\frac{1}{r}} = \frac{1}{r} + \sqrt{r} = \omega$$