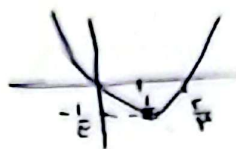


الف) $3\alpha^2 - 2\alpha$

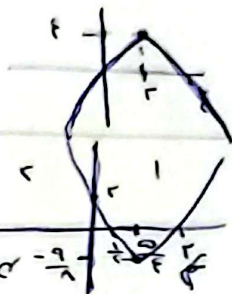
$\alpha_1 = \frac{1}{3}$ و $\alpha_2 = -\frac{1}{3}$ ریشه ها



۱/۳ و -۱/۳

ب) $-\alpha^2 + 4\alpha$

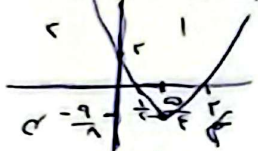
$\alpha_1 = 2$ و $\alpha_2 = 4$ ریشه ها



۲ و ۴

$2\alpha^2 - 5\alpha + 2$

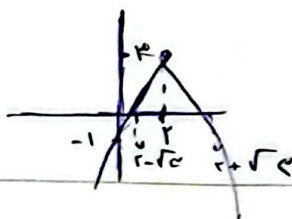
$\alpha_1 = \frac{5}{2}$ و $\alpha_2 = -\frac{1}{2}$ ریشه ها



۵/۲ و -۱/۲

$-\alpha^2 + 4\alpha - 1$

$\alpha_1 = 2 + \sqrt{3}$ و $\alpha_2 = 2 - \sqrt{3}$ ریشه ها



۲+sqrt(3) و ۲-sqrt(3)

$\frac{\alpha + \beta}{\alpha - \beta} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{13}} = \frac{\sqrt{13}}{13}$

$\alpha^2 + \beta^2 = 7$

$\alpha^4 + \beta^4 = 10$

$\alpha^6 - \beta^6 = 4\sqrt{13}$

$x^2 - x - 3 = 0$

$s = -\frac{b}{a} = 1$

$p = \frac{c}{a} = -3$

$\alpha - \beta = \frac{\sqrt{\Delta}}{a} = \sqrt{13}$

$\alpha^2 + \beta^2 = 1 + 6 = 7$

$\alpha^4 + \beta^4 = 10$

$\alpha^6 - \beta^6 = 4\sqrt{13}$

$(x-2)(x^2 - 4x + 4)$

ریشه تکرار

$\Delta < 0 \Rightarrow \alpha^2 - 4\alpha < 0 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{+} \mid - \mid + \Rightarrow (0, 4)$

$3\alpha^2 - 12\alpha - 9 = 0$

$s = -\frac{b}{a} = 4 \Rightarrow \alpha + \beta = 4 \Rightarrow \beta = 4 - \alpha$

$3\alpha^2 + (4-\alpha)^2 - 4\alpha = 7 \Rightarrow 3\alpha^2 - 12\alpha + 16 = 0 \Rightarrow \alpha^2 - 4\alpha + 4 = 0$

$(\alpha-2)(\alpha-2) = 0$

$\frac{2}{3} = 4$

$\alpha/\beta = 3 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \alpha=1, \beta=3 \\ \alpha=3, \beta=1 \end{cases}$

$\alpha = \frac{3}{1} = 3$
 $\beta = \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$

$$r - ra > . \Rightarrow \{ a < \frac{r}{r} \} ; a - r > \Rightarrow a > r ; r + r > . \Rightarrow a > -\frac{r}{r}$$

(11) (91)

$$\Downarrow \Rightarrow r < a < \frac{r}{r} \Rightarrow a = r$$

$$\alpha s = \frac{r+1}{r} = 0$$

s(\omega, r)

$$-\frac{r\omega}{\lambda} + \frac{r\varepsilon}{\lambda} = -\frac{1}{\lambda} \quad \text{If } \alpha = 0 \quad -\frac{1}{\lambda}(\alpha - \omega) + \varepsilon$$

$$K(\alpha - \omega) + r \Rightarrow \text{If } \alpha = 1 \Rightarrow 19K + r = 1 \Rightarrow K = -\frac{1}{\lambda}$$

$$\alpha x^r - \alpha x - b = .$$

$$s = \frac{a}{a} = 1 \Rightarrow \alpha + \beta = 1 \Rightarrow \beta = 1 - \alpha$$

$$\alpha - \beta = \frac{\sqrt{a}}{a} + \frac{\sqrt{a}}{a} = \frac{2\sqrt{a}}{a}$$

$$f. (1 - \alpha)^r + r \cdot \alpha^r - r \cdot (1 - \alpha) = 1V$$

$$s_0 \alpha^r - s_0 \alpha + r = .$$

$$r \cdot \alpha^r - r \cdot \alpha + 1 = .$$

$$\Delta = f. . - \Delta = r\varepsilon.$$

$$\frac{r_0 \pm \sqrt{\Delta}}{\varepsilon} = \frac{1}{r} \pm \frac{\sqrt{a}}{a}$$

$$\frac{1}{r} + \frac{\sqrt{a}}{a} + \beta = 1 \Rightarrow \beta = \frac{1}{r} - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{a}$$

$$\frac{1}{r} - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{a} + \beta = 1 \Rightarrow \beta = \frac{1}{r} + \frac{\sqrt{a}}{a}$$

$$\alpha s = \frac{-\omega + 1}{r} = -r$$

$$K(\alpha + r)^r - \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow \text{If } \alpha = . \quad fK - \frac{1}{r} = \frac{r}{r} \Rightarrow fK = r \Rightarrow K = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\frac{1}{r}(\alpha + r)^r - \frac{1}{r} \xrightarrow{\text{If } \alpha = 1} \frac{1}{r} \times r - \frac{1}{r} = \varepsilon$$

$$x^r + sx + a \Rightarrow s = -\frac{b}{a} = -r \Rightarrow \alpha + \beta = -r \Rightarrow \beta = -\alpha - r$$

$$r\alpha^r + r(\alpha + r)^r = \omega\alpha^r + r\alpha - 1r - 1r\sqrt{r} = . \quad 1 = a = 1$$

\Downarrow

$$-r\varepsilon \pm \sqrt{\Delta} + r\varepsilon \cdot \sqrt{\Delta} = -r\varepsilon - r\sqrt{r} - s$$

$$c = \sqrt{b} - a = \sqrt{s\varepsilon} \Rightarrow \sqrt{\Delta\varepsilon + \sqrt{s\varepsilon}} + \sqrt{\Delta\varepsilon - \sqrt{s\varepsilon}} \Rightarrow r\sqrt{r} + s$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{a}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{b}} = \frac{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{ab}} = \frac{\sqrt{m+rs}}{s} = \sqrt{m+rs} = \omega$$

$$\sqrt{ab} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{rs}} = \frac{1}{s}$$

$$(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b})^r = \frac{a+b}{\frac{m+1f}{rr}} + r\sqrt{ab} \Rightarrow A^r = \frac{\sqrt{m+rs}}{s} \quad m+rs = r\omega$$