

$x^2 - ax + b \rightarrow a(x-1)(x+1) = a=1 \Rightarrow x^2$   
 $a=4 \quad b=2 \quad x^2 + 3 - 4x \rightarrow a+b=7$

$k + m/k \rightarrow \frac{9-4k}{3} + k \rightarrow -27 + k + 12k \leq 13 - 27 \rightarrow 13 - 27 \leq -14$

$y = ((k-2)x + m-1) \cdot (x-2)^2$   
 $y = (xk - 2x + 1 - 2k)(x+1)^2$   
 $y = (xk - 2x + 1 - 2k)(x+1)^2$   
 $k-2 < 2 \quad k < 4$

$\frac{-x^2}{2} + 2a + 2 > \frac{7}{2} \rightarrow \frac{-x^2}{2} + 2a + \frac{7}{2} > 0 \rightarrow \frac{x^2}{2} - 2a - \frac{7}{2} \rightarrow x^2 - 4a - 7$   
 $(x+1)(x-5)$

$f(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 + x + 3 \rightarrow (x-1)(x+1)$   
 $f(x) = (x-3)(x^2-1)$

$a < 1 \Rightarrow a-1 < 0$   
 $a^2 + 1 - 2a - 4a + 4 < 0 \rightarrow a - 4a + 5 < 0 \rightarrow (a-1)(a-5) < 0$   
 $1 < a < 5$

$$\frac{m(m^2+m)}{m-1} > 0 \quad m^2 - m > 0 \quad \frac{0}{-1} - \frac{1}{-1} + \text{Df} = (1, \infty)$$

$\downarrow$   
 $m=1$

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$$\frac{(x+1)(x-1)(x-1)^2}{(x^2+x+1)(1-x)^2} < 0$$

$\forall x \in \mathbb{R}^+$

Df =  $[-1, 1] \cup [1, \infty)$

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$$f(x) = \frac{3x^2 - 2x}{x^2 + 1} < 1 \Rightarrow \frac{3x^2 + 2x - 2x^2 - 1}{x^2 + 1} < 0$$

$$\frac{x^2 - 2x - 1}{x^2 + 1} < 0 \Rightarrow \frac{(x+1)(x-1)}{x^2 + 1} < 0$$

$\forall x \in \mathbb{R}^+$

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دو اعداد مثبت و یک عدد منفی

$$-1 < \frac{3x^2 - 2x}{x^2 + 1} < 0$$

این عبارت

$$0 < \frac{3x^2 - 2x}{x^2 + 1} + 1 \Rightarrow \frac{3x^2 - 2x + x^2 + 1}{x^2 + 1} > 0 \Rightarrow \frac{4x^2 - 2x + 1}{x^2 + 1} > 0$$

(1, 1.75)

$$\frac{3x^2 - 2x}{x^2 + 1} < 0 \Rightarrow \Delta = b^2 - 4ca = 4 - (1)(12) = -8 < 0$$

(1) (1.75)  $\rightarrow 0 < x < \frac{1}{2}$

$$\frac{x^2 - 1}{2} < 1 \Rightarrow \frac{x^2 - 1}{2} - 1 < 0 \Rightarrow \frac{x^2 - 1 - 2x}{2} < 0 \Rightarrow \frac{(x+1)(x-3)}{2} < 0$$

$\forall x \in \mathbb{R}^+$

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