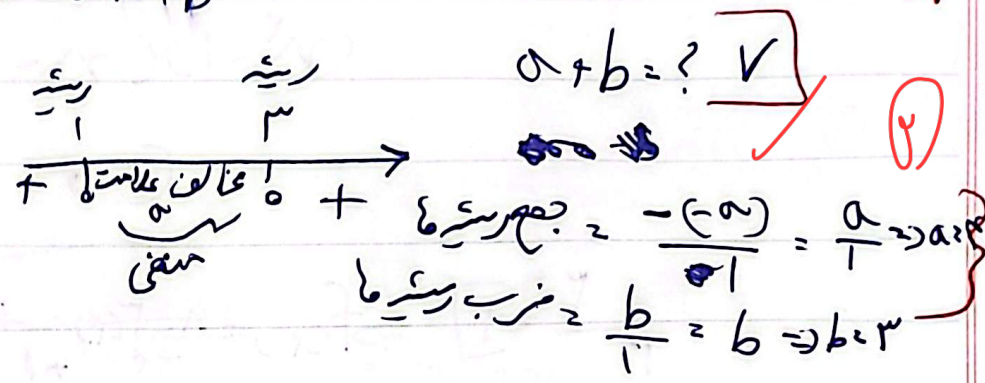
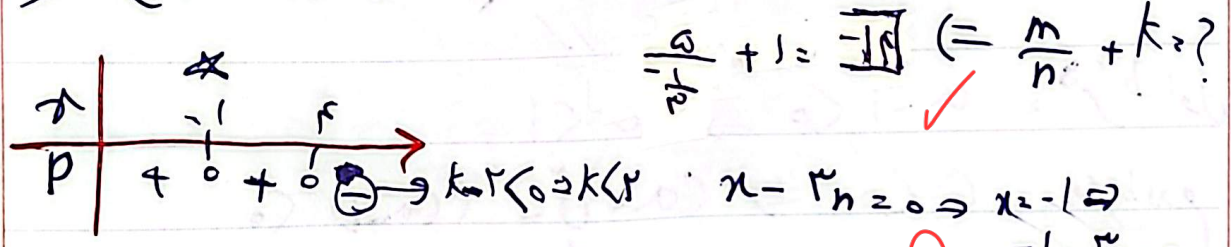


$$f(x) = x^2 - ax + b$$



اعداد طبیعی k

$$y = ((k-2)x + m - 1)(x - 2n)^2$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 (k-2)x + m - 1 &= 0 \\
 (k-2) + m - 1 &= 0 \\
 k - 1 + m - 1 &= 0 \\
 k - 2 + m &= 0 \Rightarrow m = 2 - k
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 -1 - 2n &= 0 \\
 -1 &= 2n \\
 n &= \frac{-1}{2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{2}x^2 + 2x + 4 \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2}x^2 + 2x + 4 > \frac{1}{2}$$

$$b - a = 5 - (-1) = 4$$

$$-\frac{1}{2}x^2 + 2x + \frac{5}{2} > 0$$

$$x^2 + 2x - 5 < 0$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{4 + 20}}{2} &= \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{24}}{2} \\
 &= \frac{-2 \pm 2\sqrt{6}}{2} \\
 &= -1 \pm \sqrt{6}
 \end{aligned}$$

Subo

$$f(x) = x^r - 3x^2 - x + 3 \Rightarrow x^r(x-3) - 1(x-3) \quad -r$$

$$(x^r - 1)(x - 3) \text{ if } x > 0$$

$$\textcircled{1} (a, b) = (1, 3)$$

$$\frac{1+r}{r} = 2 \Rightarrow f(x) = \frac{1-f(x)}{-r} + 1 \quad \begin{matrix} a \geq 1 \\ b \geq 3 \end{matrix}$$

$$(a-1)x^r + (a-1)x + 1 < 0 \quad -a$$

$$\text{شرط اول} = a-1 < 0 \Rightarrow a < 1$$

$$\text{شرط دوم} = \Delta < 0 \Rightarrow (a-1)^2 - 4(a-1) < 0 \quad \textcircled{2}$$

$$a^2 - 2a + 1 - 4a + 4 < 0$$

$$a^2 - 6a + 5 < 0$$



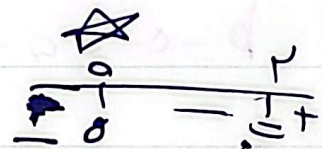
$$\Rightarrow a < b \quad c = 0$$

$$x = 1, a$$

$$\textcircled{1} \cap \textcircled{2} \Rightarrow (-\infty, 1) \cap (b, \infty) = \emptyset$$

$$\frac{m(m^r + m)}{m-r} > 0 \quad -y$$

$$m > 0 \Rightarrow \frac{m^r(m^r + 1)}{m-r} > 0 \Rightarrow m = r$$

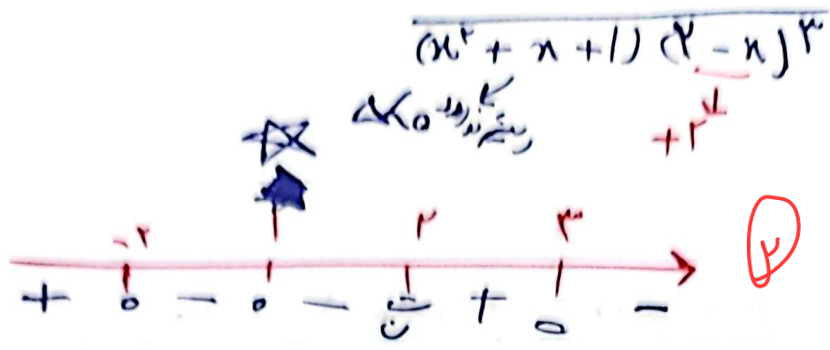


$\textcircled{3}$

$$D_m = (r, +\infty)$$

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$$\frac{(x^2 - x - 4)(x-1)^2}{(x^2 + x + 1)(x-x)^2} \leq 0$$



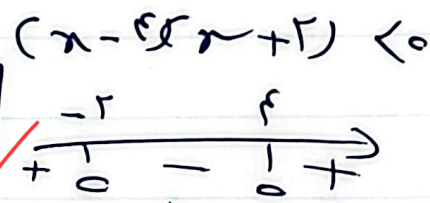
$$[-2, 1) \cup [3, +\infty)$$

$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 - x}{x^2 + x} \Rightarrow \frac{x^2 - x}{x^2 + x}$$

$$x^2 - x < x^2 + x + 1$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 1 < 0$$

$$b - a = 0 - (-1) = 1$$



$(-1, 3) \cap (0, +\infty) \cap (0, 1) \cap (0, \frac{1}{x}) \Rightarrow (0, 1)$

$\frac{x^2 - x}{x+1} < 0 \Rightarrow x(x-1) < 0$

$\frac{x^2 - x + 1}{x+1} > 0$

$\frac{x^2 - x + 1}{x+1} > 0$

$$\frac{x^2 - x}{x+1} < 0 \Rightarrow x(x-1) < 0$$

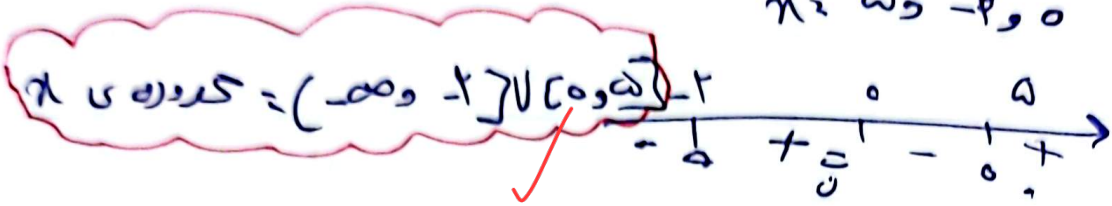
$$x \in (-1, 3) \Rightarrow x > -1$$

$$\frac{x^2 - 10}{x} \leq r \Rightarrow \frac{x^2 - 10 - rx}{x} \leq 0$$

$$\frac{(x-10)(x+r)}{x} \leq 0$$

(2)

$$x = 10, -r, 0$$



SCB6