

برای  $m$  از  $n$

تکلیف  $m$  از  $n$

داریم جمع

$$y^3 - 2m^2 = 2m - 1 \rightarrow y^3 = 2m^2 + 2m - 1$$

تابع هست ✓

$$\begin{aligned} (m_1, y_1) \in f \\ (m_2, y_2) \in f \end{aligned} \xrightarrow{m_1 \neq m_2} y_1 = y_2 \rightarrow \begin{cases} y_1^3 = 2m_1^2 + 2m_1 - 1 \\ y_2^3 = 2m_2^2 + 2m_2 - 1 \end{cases} \rightarrow y_1^3 = y_2^3 \rightarrow y_1 = y_2$$

ب)  $m \cos y = y \cos m$

$$m \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2} \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2} \cos y = y \cos \frac{\pi}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2} \cos y = 0 \rightarrow y = \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}, \dots$$

تابع نیست ✗

ج)  $\frac{m+y}{2} = \sqrt{my}$   $my > 0$

تابع هست ✓

$$m+y = 2\sqrt{my} \rightarrow m - 2\sqrt{my} + y = 0 \rightarrow (m + y)^2 = 0 \rightarrow m = y$$

د)  $my^2 + 2m - y^3 - 2y = 0$

$$\begin{cases} m_1, y_1 \in f \\ m_2, y_2 \in f \end{cases} \xrightarrow{m_1 \neq m_2} y_1 = y_2$$

$$\begin{aligned} my^2 + 2m = y^3 + 2y \rightarrow m(y^2 + 2) = y^3 + 2y \rightarrow m = \frac{y^3 + 2y}{y^2 + 2} \rightarrow \begin{cases} m = \frac{y_1^3 + 2y_1}{y_1^2 + 2} \\ m = \frac{y_2^3 + 2y_2}{y_2^2 + 2} \end{cases} \rightarrow \\ \rightarrow \frac{y_1^3 + 2y_1}{y_1^2 + 2} = \frac{y_2^3 + 2y_2}{y_2^2 + 2} \rightarrow \frac{y_1(y_1^2 + 2)}{y_1^2 + 2} = \frac{y_2(y_2^2 + 2)}{y_2^2 + 2} \Rightarrow y_1 = y_2 \end{aligned}$$

تابع هست ✓

$$f(m) = \begin{cases} 2m^2 - b & ; |m-1| \geq 2 \\ a + 2m & ; -3 \leq m \leq -1 \end{cases} \quad a \neq b = ?$$

$$|m-1| \geq 2 \rightarrow \begin{cases} m-1 \geq 2 \rightarrow m \geq 3 \\ m-1 \leq -2 \rightarrow m \leq -1 \end{cases}$$

۱- در هر دو معادله ضریب  $m$  یکسان است  
پایه های  $m$  یکسان است و برابر با  $a$  می باشد

$$m = -1 \rightarrow 2 - b = a + 2(-1) \Rightarrow \boxed{a + b = 4}$$



$$y = \sqrt{\frac{3m+2}{m+b}} + a \rightarrow D = (r, +\infty)$$

$$m+b \neq 0 \rightarrow m \neq -b$$

$$\frac{3m+2+a(m+b)}{m+b} = \frac{(3+a)m + ab+2}{m+b} \geq 0$$

$$\frac{-(ab+2)}{3+a} - \frac{-b}{1} \rightarrow \frac{-(ab+2)}{3+a} + \frac{b}{1} \rightarrow \frac{-ab-2+3b+a}{3+a} \geq 0 \rightarrow -b=2 \rightarrow b=-2 \rightarrow \text{جواب}$$

$$y = \sqrt{f(m) - m + 1} \quad f(m) = \begin{cases} 2m-1; [m] > 2 \\ 2m+3; [m] \leq 2 \end{cases} \rightarrow f(m) = \begin{cases} 2m-1; m \geq 0 \\ 2m+3; m < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$m \geq 0 \rightarrow \sqrt{2m-1-m+1} = \sqrt{m} \rightarrow m \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{m \geq 0}{(0, +\infty)} \quad (1)$$

$$m < 0 \rightarrow \sqrt{2m+3-m+1} = \sqrt{m+4} \rightarrow m+4 \geq 0 \rightarrow m \geq -4 \rightarrow \frac{m < 0}{[-4, 0)} \quad (2)$$

$$(1) \cup (2) \rightarrow [-4, +\infty) \rightarrow \text{جواب}$$

$$y = \frac{2\epsilon m^3 + 34m^2 + 11m+3}{(\epsilon m^2 + \epsilon m + 1)^2}$$

$$\text{قبل از ساده کردن تابع} \rightarrow ((\epsilon m + 1)^2)^2 = (\epsilon m + 1)^4 \rightarrow \epsilon m + 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow m = -\frac{1}{\epsilon}$$

$$\text{ساده کردن} \rightarrow \frac{2\epsilon m^3 + 34m^2 + 11m+3}{2\epsilon m^3 + 12m^2} \rightarrow \frac{2\epsilon m^3 + 11m+3}{2\epsilon m^3 + 12m^2} \rightarrow \frac{2\epsilon m^3 + 11m+3}{2\epsilon m^3 + 12m^2} \rightarrow \frac{2\epsilon m^3 + 11m+3}{2\epsilon m^3 + 12m^2} \rightarrow \frac{2\epsilon m^3 + 11m+3}{2\epsilon m^3 + 12m^2}$$

$$4\epsilon m^2 + 4\epsilon m + 4 = 4(\epsilon m^2 + \epsilon m + 1) \rightarrow \frac{4(\epsilon m + 1)(m + \frac{1}{\epsilon})}{(\epsilon m + 1)^2} = \frac{4(m + \frac{1}{\epsilon})}{(\epsilon m + 1)} = \frac{4(m + \frac{1}{\epsilon})}{(\epsilon m + 1)} = \frac{4}{\epsilon} \rightarrow D, R. \left[ -\frac{1}{\epsilon}, \right]$$

$$y = \sqrt{1 - \log(\epsilon m - a)} \rightarrow D = (b, c] \quad c - b = ?$$

$$\epsilon m - a > 0 \rightarrow m > \frac{a}{\epsilon} \quad (1)$$

$$1 - \log(\epsilon m - a) \geq 0 \rightarrow \log(\epsilon m - a) \leq 1 \rightarrow \epsilon m - a \leq 10 \rightarrow m \leq \frac{10+a}{\epsilon} \quad (2)$$

$$D = \left( \frac{a}{\epsilon}, \frac{10+a}{\epsilon} \right] \rightarrow \frac{a}{\epsilon} = b \rightarrow c - b = \frac{10+a}{\epsilon} - \frac{a}{\epsilon} = \frac{10+a-a}{\epsilon} = \frac{10}{\epsilon} \rightarrow \text{جواب}$$