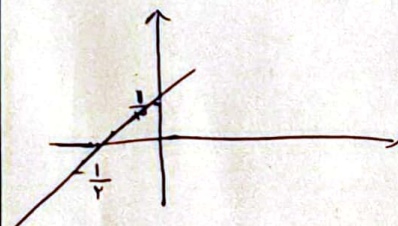


$f = 2y = 3x - 1 \Rightarrow f^{-1}(x) = \frac{2y+1}{3} = x \Rightarrow f^{-1}(x) = \frac{2x+1}{3}$



$S = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{12}$

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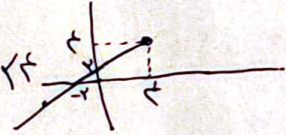
الف) $x^2 - 2x + 2$ $x_5 = 1$ $x \in (1, +\infty)$ $y = (x-1)^2 + 2 \Rightarrow \sqrt{y-2} = |x-1|$
 $\sqrt{y-2} + 1 = x \Rightarrow f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt{x-2} + 1$
 $Df^{-1} = (2, +\infty)$

ب) $x^2 - 2x + 2$ $x_5 = 1$ $x \in (-\infty, 1)$ $y = (x-1)^2 + 2 \Rightarrow \sqrt{y-2} = |x-1|$
 $\sqrt{y-2} + 1 = x \Rightarrow f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt{x-2} + 1$
 $Df^{-1} = (2, +\infty)$

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$f(x) = 2x - \sqrt{4x^2 - 12x + 12} = 2x - 2\sqrt{x^2 - 3x + 3} = 2x - 2|x-2|$

داشتن $x \geq 2$ $\Rightarrow f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+4}{2}$; $x < 2$ $\Rightarrow f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+4}{2}$



$S = \frac{(2+4) \times 4}{2} = 12$

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$y^2 = \frac{x^2}{x^2 - 5} \Rightarrow (y^2 - 1)x^2 - 5y^2 = 0 \Rightarrow x^2 = \frac{5y^2}{y^2 - 1} \Rightarrow |x| = \frac{\sqrt{5}y}{\sqrt{y^2 - 1}}$

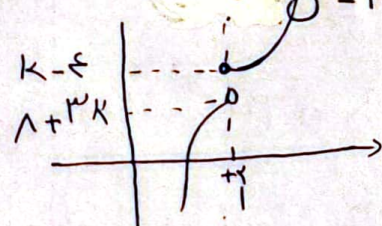
$f(x) = f(x_1) \Rightarrow \frac{x_1}{\sqrt{x_1^2 - 5}} = \frac{x_2}{\sqrt{x_2^2 - 5}} \Rightarrow \frac{x_1^2}{x_1^2 - 5} = \frac{x_2^2}{x_2^2 - 5} \Rightarrow x_1^2 = x_2^2 \Rightarrow x_1 = \pm x_2$

$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{\sqrt{5}y}{\sqrt{y^2 - 1}} = f^{-1}(x) = \frac{\sqrt{5}x}{\sqrt{x^2 - 1}}$

$x_1 = x_2$

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$k - \epsilon \geq \frac{1}{1 + \sqrt{1 - k^2}} \Rightarrow k \leq -\frac{1}{2}$



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$$f(n) \begin{cases} \leq n & n \geq 0 \\ > n & n < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow f^{-1}(n) \begin{cases} \frac{n}{2} & n \geq 0 \\ \frac{n}{4} & n < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$n > 0 \quad (a+b) \times$$

$$n < 0 \quad (a-b) \times$$

$$a+b = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$a-b = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow a = \frac{w}{\lambda}$$

$$\Rightarrow b = -\frac{1}{\lambda}$$

$$\Rightarrow ab = \frac{-w}{\lambda^2}$$

6

$$f = \frac{3x+5}{x+m} \Rightarrow x=1 \quad y=-1 \Rightarrow \frac{y+5}{x+m} = -1 \Rightarrow m = -1$$

$$\underbrace{f \cdot f^{-1}(n)}_n + \underbrace{f^{-1}(n)}_{\frac{n+5}{n-3}} = n \Rightarrow \frac{n+5}{n-3} = 0 \Rightarrow \boxed{n = -5}$$

7

$$f(3-x) = a \quad g\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) = 3-a$$

$$f^{-1}(a) = 3-x$$

$$g^{-1}(3-a) = \frac{x}{2} \Rightarrow 2g^{-1}(3-a) = \frac{3-f^{-1}(a)}{2}$$

$$2g^{-1}(3-a) + f^{-1}(a) = 3 \xrightarrow{a=3} 2g^{-1}(0) + f^{-1}(0) = 3$$

$$a = -3$$

8

$$\text{amir} \quad n \rightarrow -n$$

$$\text{amir} \quad y \rightarrow -y \Rightarrow -y = \frac{-\omega n + 1}{1+n} \Rightarrow y = \frac{\omega n + 1}{1+n}$$

$$\frac{\omega(n-1) + 1}{1+(n-1)} = \frac{\omega n + 1}{n-1} - 1 = \frac{1n + 1}{n-1} = f(n) \quad f^{-1}(n) = \frac{n+1}{n-1}$$

$$\frac{1n+1}{n-1} = \frac{n+1}{n-1} \Rightarrow n^2 + \omega n - 1 = 1n^2 + 1(n-1) \Rightarrow n^2 - 1n - 1 = 0 \quad \boxed{S=1}$$

9

$$y = x + f(x) \Rightarrow x = y + f(y) \Rightarrow y = x - f(x)$$

$$f(x) = [y + f(y)] = \omega [y] \Rightarrow [y] = \frac{f(x)}{\omega}$$

$$g(n) = f^{-1}(n) = y = x - \frac{1}{\omega} f(x) \quad f(n) - g(n) = x + f(x) - x - \frac{1}{\omega} f(x) = \frac{1-\omega}{\omega} f(x)$$

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