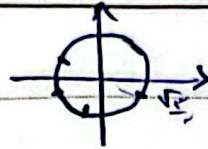


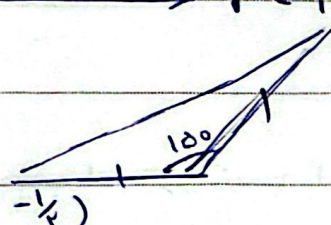
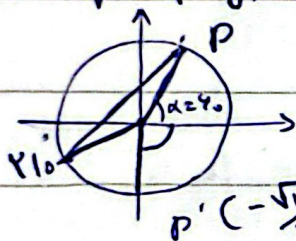
$$\textcircled{1} \frac{a \sin \frac{\pi}{4} + b \cos \frac{\pi}{4}}{a \sin \frac{11\pi}{4} + b \cos \frac{11\pi}{4}} = \tan \frac{\pi}{4}$$



$$\rightarrow \frac{a(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}) + b(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2})}{a(-\frac{1}{2}) + b(\frac{1}{2})} = \frac{-\sqrt{2}}{2} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{2}(a+b)}{\frac{1}{2}(b-a)} = \frac{-\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$2a + 2b = b - a \rightarrow 3a = -2b \rightarrow \frac{b}{a} = -\frac{3}{2} = -1.5$$

$$\textcircled{2} P(\frac{1}{4}, y) \xrightarrow{\text{ایستادگی}} P(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}) \rightarrow \alpha = 60^\circ$$



$$PP'^2 = ((\frac{1}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4})^2 + (\frac{1}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4})^2)$$

$$PP'^2 = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$PP'^2 = 1 + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + 1 + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = 2 + \sqrt{3}$$

$$\rightarrow 2P = 1 + 1 + \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{3}} = \boxed{2 + \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{3}}}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \frac{\pi}{4} = \frac{\pi}{4} \quad \frac{\pi}{4} = \frac{\pi}{4} \quad \alpha = 45^\circ$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{دسته 1}} 2: 45^\circ$$

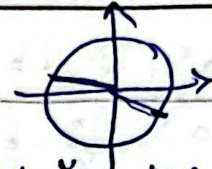
$$\textcircled{4} |\Delta/\Delta M - 30h| = 20$$

$$\Delta/\Delta M = 110 = \boxed{V_{\min}}$$

$$|\Delta/\Delta M - 90| = 20$$

$$\Delta/\Delta M = 70 \sim M = 14/10 \textcircled{x}$$

$$\textcircled{a} -\frac{\pi}{2} < x < \frac{\pi}{2}, \quad \sin x = \frac{m-r}{d}$$



$$-\frac{1}{r} < \sin x \leq 1 \quad \left| \quad -\frac{1}{r} < \frac{m-r}{d} \leq 1 \right| \rightarrow -d < m-r \leq d$$

$$1 \leq m \leq 1+r \rightarrow \frac{1}{r} < m \leq 1$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad \frac{\sin(10^\circ) + k \cos(10^\circ)}{\sin(14^\circ) + r \sin(14^\circ)} = r \quad \text{dan } 10^\circ = 0/10$$

$$\frac{\cos 10^\circ + k \sin 10^\circ}{\sin 10^\circ - r \sin 10^\circ} = r \quad \frac{1 - k \tan 10^\circ}{- \tan 10^\circ} = r$$

$$1 - k \tan 10^\circ = -r \tan 10^\circ \quad 1 = (k - r) \tan 10^\circ \quad \frac{1}{\tan 10^\circ}$$

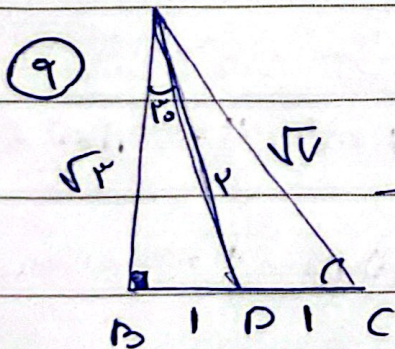
$$\rightarrow k = r$$

$$\textcircled{A} \quad A = \frac{r \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}}{0 \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}} = \frac{\pi}{\pi} \quad n = \frac{r \pi}{\omega} \quad L = \frac{r \pi}{\omega} \times R$$

$$B =$$

$$L = \frac{9 \pi}{\omega} \times R'$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{r \pi}{\omega} \times R_a = \frac{9 \pi}{\omega} \times R'_b \rightarrow \frac{R_a}{R_b} = \frac{9}{r} = \boxed{r} \rightarrow \textcircled{A}$$



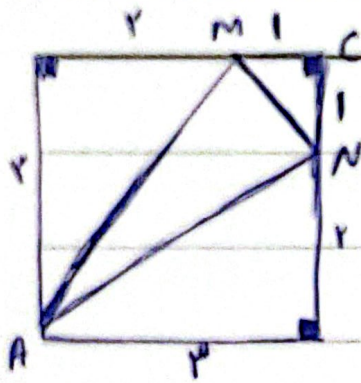
$$\sin \angle C = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\sqrt{r} \times BC = \sqrt{r} \rightarrow BC = r$$

$$\sin \angle PC = r \sin \angle C \cos \angle C$$

$$= r \times \frac{\sqrt{r}}{\sqrt{v}} \times \frac{r}{\sqrt{v}} = \boxed{\frac{r \sqrt{r}}{v}}$$

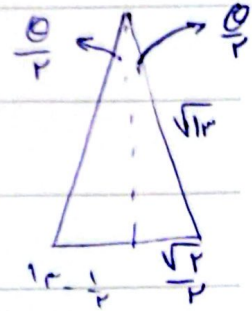
Arman



$$NA = MA = \sqrt{t+9} = \sqrt{13}$$

$$MN = \sqrt{1+1} = \sqrt{2}$$

~~is not~~



$$\sin \theta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{13}} \sin \frac{\theta}{2} \cos \frac{\theta}{2}$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{13}} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) \times \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{13}} = \frac{\sqrt{26}}{13}$$

Arman