

$$\frac{a \sin \frac{\pi}{3} + b \cos \frac{\pi}{4}}{a \sin \frac{11\pi}{4} + b \cos \frac{\pi}{3}} = \tan \frac{\omega \pi}{4}$$

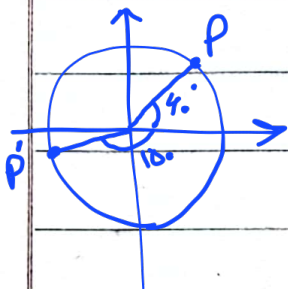
(۱)

$$\Rightarrow \frac{a(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}) + b(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4})}{a(-\frac{1}{4}) + b(\frac{1}{4})} = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \Rightarrow \frac{-a\sqrt{3} - b\sqrt{3}}{b - a} = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{-\sqrt{3}(a+b)}{b-a} = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \Rightarrow \frac{a+b}{b-a} = \frac{1}{4} \Rightarrow 4a+4b = b-a$$

(۲)

$$\Rightarrow 4a = -4b \Rightarrow \frac{b}{a} = -1$$



$$\begin{matrix} P \cos 45^\circ \\ P \sin 45^\circ \end{matrix} \rightarrow \begin{matrix} P \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ P \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{matrix}$$

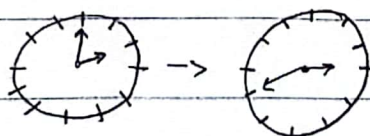
$$\text{مسافت} = 1 + 1 + \frac{\sqrt{4} + \sqrt{4}}{2} = \frac{4 + \sqrt{4} + \sqrt{4}}{2}$$

$$\begin{matrix} P' \cos 225^\circ \\ P' \sin 225^\circ \end{matrix} \rightarrow \begin{matrix} P' -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \\ P' -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \end{matrix} \quad PP' = \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - (-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2})\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - (-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}})\right)^2} = \frac{\sqrt{4} + \sqrt{4}}{2}$$

(۳)

(۴)

$$\frac{\pi}{9} \times \frac{180}{\pi} = 20^\circ \rightarrow \text{میزان جابجایی ساعت در دقیقه} \rightarrow \text{میزان جابجایی ساعت در ساعت}$$



$$\omega \times \omega_0 = \omega_0 \rightarrow \text{است} \leftarrow \text{دقیقه} \rightarrow \text{ساعت}$$

(۵)

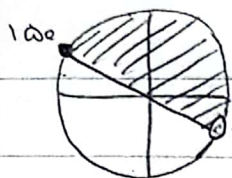
$$\alpha = |\omega \omega_M - \omega_0 h| \Rightarrow \omega_0 = |\omega \omega_M - \omega_0(3)| = |\omega \omega_M - 90|$$

(۶)

$$\Rightarrow \omega_0 = \omega \omega_M - 90 \Rightarrow M = 20 \text{ و } \omega_0 = 90 - \omega \omega_M \Rightarrow M \approx 12, 7 \rightarrow \text{بار اول}$$

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میزان جابجایی ساعت در دقیقه از ساعت ۳، زاویه بین دو عقربه ۲۰ درجه خواهد شد



$$\rightarrow -\frac{1}{p} < \sin \alpha \leq 1$$

$$\Rightarrow -\frac{1}{p} < \frac{m-r}{a} \leq 1 \Rightarrow -\frac{a}{p} < m-r \leq a$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{p} < m \leq 1 \Rightarrow m \in \left(\frac{1}{p}, 1 \right]$$

$$\sin(100^\circ) + k \cos(100^\circ) = r, \quad \tan 100^\circ = 0.2k$$

$$\cos(140^\circ) + 2 \sin(140^\circ)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\cos(100^\circ) + k(-\sin(100^\circ))}{-\cos(100^\circ) + 2(-\sin(100^\circ))} = \frac{\cos 100^\circ - k \sin 100^\circ}{-\cos 100^\circ - 2 \sin 100^\circ} = r$$

$$\frac{1 - k \tan 100^\circ}{-1 - 2 \tan 100^\circ} = \frac{1 - 0.2k}{-1 - 2(0.2k)} = r$$

$$\Rightarrow 1 - 0.2k = -r, a \Rightarrow 0.2k = a, a \Rightarrow k = \frac{a}{0.2}$$

$$\frac{1 - \cos \theta}{1 + \cos \theta} = r \quad (\cos \theta < 0, \sin \theta > 0)$$

$$\Rightarrow 1 - \cos \theta = r + r \cos \theta \Rightarrow r \cos \theta = -1 \Rightarrow \cos \theta = -\frac{1}{r}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin \theta = \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{r^2}}}{r}, \quad \tan \theta = -\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{r^2}}, \quad \cot \theta = -\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{r^2}}}{\frac{1}{r}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\tan(\frac{\pi}{r} - \theta) - \cot(\pi - \theta)}{\cot(\frac{\pi}{r} - \theta) + r \tan(r\pi - \theta)} = \frac{\cot \theta - (-\cot \theta)}{\tan \theta + r(-\tan \theta)} = \frac{r \cot \theta}{-\tan \theta}$$

$$= \frac{r(-\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{r^2}}}{\frac{1}{r}})}{-(-\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{r^2}})} = \frac{-\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{r^2}}}{\frac{1}{r}} = -\frac{1}{r}$$

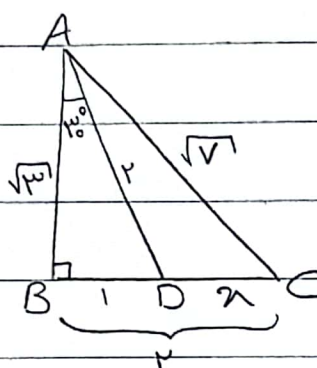
$$\frac{10\Lambda \times \pi}{1\Lambda_0} = \frac{w\pi}{\omega}$$

$$\alpha R = \text{طول موج} \quad (8)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{w\pi}{\omega} \times R_A = \frac{9\pi}{10} \times R_B \Rightarrow R_A = \frac{w}{9} R_B$$

$$\frac{S_A}{S_B} = \frac{(R_A)^2}{(R_B)^2} = \frac{\frac{9}{F} R_B^2}{R_B^2} = \frac{9}{F} \quad \checkmark$$

$$(9)$$



$$\frac{1}{AD} = \sin \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \Rightarrow AD = \sqrt{5}$$

$$AD^2 - BD^2 = AB^2 \Rightarrow AB^2 = 3 \Rightarrow AB = \sqrt{3}$$

$$S_{ABC} = \sqrt{3} \Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{3} \times (n+1)}{2}$$

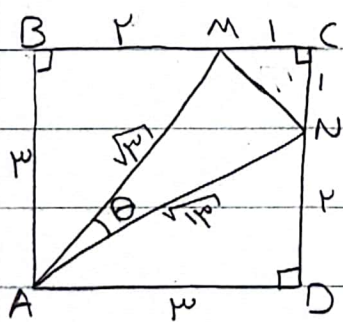
$$\Rightarrow 2 = n+1 \Rightarrow n=1$$

$$\Rightarrow AC^2 = AB^2 + BC^2 = 3 + 4 \Rightarrow AC = \sqrt{5}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin \hat{C} = \frac{AB}{AC} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{5}}, \cos \hat{C} = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin \angle C = 2 \sin \hat{C} \times \cos \hat{C} = 2 \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{5}} \times \frac{\sqrt{5}}{5} = \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{5} \quad \checkmark$$

$$(10)$$



$$S_{ABCD} = 3 \times 4 = 12$$

$$S_{NMC} = \frac{1}{2} \times 1 \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{4}, S_{NDA} = \frac{4}{2} = 2$$

$$S_{MBA} = \frac{4}{2} = 2 \Rightarrow S_{MAN} = 12 - (2 + \frac{1}{4}) = \frac{11}{4}$$

$$AN = \sqrt{AD^2 + ND^2} = \sqrt{4 + 1} = \sqrt{5}$$

$$AM = \sqrt{AB^2 + MB^2} = \sqrt{13}$$

$$\Rightarrow S_{MAN} = \frac{11}{4} = \frac{1}{2} \times AN \times AM \times \sin \theta \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \sin \theta = \frac{11}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin \theta = \frac{11}{13}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \times \sqrt{13} \times \sqrt{5} \times \sin \theta = \frac{11}{4}$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{11}{13}$$