

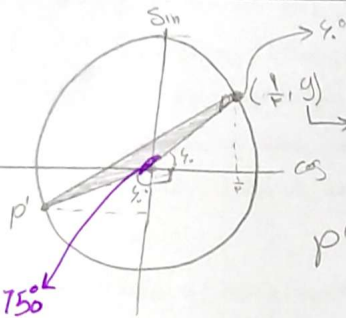
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نام و نام خانوادگی: (نام و نام خانوادگی) پاسخنامه تشریحی تکلیف شماره 72 کلاس: (کلاس)

$$\frac{a \sin(\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}) + b \cos(\pi + \frac{\pi}{4})}{a \sin(\frac{3\pi}{4}) + b \cos(\frac{3\pi}{4})} = \frac{-a \sin \frac{\pi}{4} + b \cos \frac{\pi}{4}}{-a \sin \frac{\pi}{4} + b \cos \frac{\pi}{4}} = \tan(\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}) = -\tan \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\frac{a(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}) + b(\frac{1}{2})}{-a(\frac{1}{2}) + b(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2})} = +\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \rightarrow \frac{a}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{b}{2} = \frac{b}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{a}{2} \rightarrow 2b = -2a \rightarrow b = -2a$$

$$\frac{b}{a} = -2 = \boxed{-2} \checkmark$$



$$\text{مساحت} = 1 + 1 + \frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{6}}{2} = \frac{2 + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{6}}{2} \checkmark$$

$$\text{نقطه} \rightarrow \sqrt{\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1+\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^2} = \sqrt{2\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^2} = \left(\frac{1+\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\sqrt{2}$$

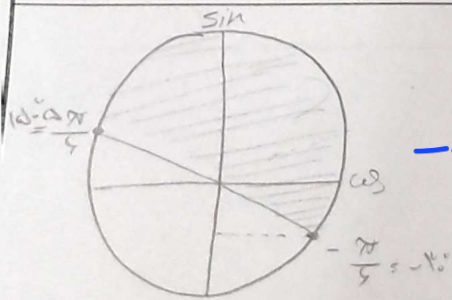
$$\frac{\pi}{4} = 45^\circ \quad \begin{matrix} \gamma' = 1h \rightarrow 30^\circ \\ \epsilon' \rightarrow 20^\circ \end{matrix}$$

مساحت $\gamma' \epsilon'$ خواهد بود $\checkmark$

$$\left| \frac{11}{\sqrt{2}} m - 30^\circ \right| = 10^\circ \rightarrow \frac{11}{\sqrt{2}} m - 90^\circ = 20^\circ \rightarrow \frac{11}{\sqrt{2}} m = 110^\circ \rightarrow m = 20^\circ \rightarrow \boxed{20^\circ} \checkmark$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{11}{\sqrt{2}} m - 90^\circ = -20^\circ \rightarrow \frac{11}{\sqrt{2}} m = 70^\circ \rightarrow \frac{11}{\sqrt{2}} = m \rightarrow \text{اولی}$$

$$m \approx 12.7$$

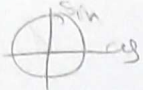


$$-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} < \frac{m-30^\circ}{\sqrt{2}} < 1 \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} < m-30^\circ < \sqrt{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + 30^\circ < m < \sqrt{2} + 30^\circ$$

$$45^\circ < m < 80^\circ$$

عدد صحیح m $\rightarrow 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50$

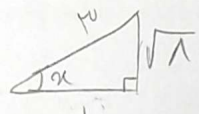


$$\frac{\sin(\frac{\pi}{2} + \alpha) + k \cos(\frac{\pi}{2} - \alpha)}{\cos(\pi - \alpha) + \gamma \sin(\pi + \alpha)} = \frac{\cos \alpha - k \sin \alpha}{-\cos \alpha - \gamma \sin \alpha} \xrightarrow{\div \cos \alpha}$$

$$\frac{1 - k \tan \alpha}{-1 - \gamma \tan \alpha} = \mu \rightarrow \frac{1 - \frac{1}{\epsilon} k}{-1/\delta} = \mu \rightarrow -\epsilon \delta = 1 - \frac{1}{\epsilon} k \rightarrow \delta = \frac{1}{\epsilon} k \quad \boxed{k = \gamma \mu}$$

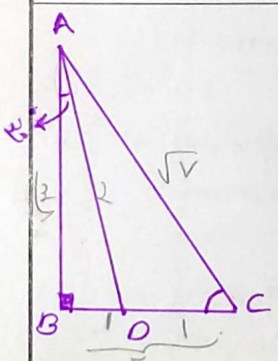
$$\frac{\tan(\frac{\pi}{2} - \alpha) - \cot(\pi - \alpha)}{\cot(\frac{\pi}{2} - \alpha) - \gamma \tan(\pi - \alpha)} \rightarrow \frac{\cot \alpha + \cot \alpha}{\tan \alpha - \gamma \tan \alpha} = \frac{\gamma \cot \alpha}{-\tan \alpha} = \frac{\gamma (\frac{1}{\tan \alpha})}{-\tan \alpha}$$

$$\gamma - \cos \alpha = \frac{1}{\gamma} \cos \alpha \rightarrow -\gamma \cos \alpha = 1 \rightarrow \cos \alpha = \left(-\frac{1}{\gamma}\right) \quad \gamma = \frac{1}{\epsilon}$$



$$\frac{l_A}{r_A} = \frac{R}{r} \rightarrow R = \frac{4\pi}{1} = \frac{\pi}{\omega} \xrightarrow{\text{circ}} l_A = \frac{\pi}{\omega} r_A \quad r\theta = l \Rightarrow \text{circ}$$

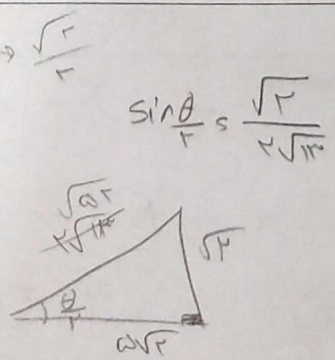
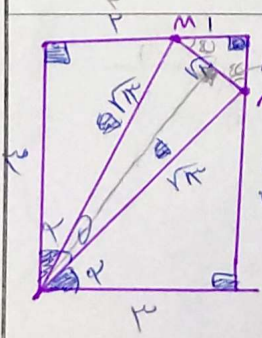
$$l_A = l_B = \frac{r_B}{\frac{1}{\gamma}} = \gamma r_B = r_A \quad \frac{S_A}{S_B} = \frac{r_A^2}{r_B^2} = \frac{q}{\epsilon} \quad \boxed{\frac{q}{\epsilon}}$$



$$S_{ABC} = \sqrt{3} \quad S_{ABC} = S_{ABD} + S_{ADC} \quad \sin C = ?$$

$$\frac{BD \times AB}{2} + \frac{AB \times DC}{2} = \sqrt{3} \rightarrow \sqrt{3} (1 + DC) = \sqrt{3} \quad \boxed{DC = 1}$$

$$\sin C = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{5}} \quad \cos C = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \quad \sin \gamma C = \gamma \sin C \cos C \rightarrow \gamma \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{5}}\right) \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{5} \quad \boxed{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{5}}$$



$$\sin \theta = ?$$

$$\sin \theta = \gamma \sin \frac{\theta}{\gamma} \cos \frac{\theta}{\gamma}$$

$$\sin \theta = \gamma \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{5}}\right) \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}\right)$$

$$\boxed{\sin \theta = \frac{3}{5}}$$