

الف) $\cos 2x = 3 \sin x - 1$ $\xrightarrow{\text{تبدیل}} 1 - 2 \sin^2 x = 3 \sin x - 1$ (1)

$\Rightarrow 2 \sin^2 x + 3 \sin x - 2 = 0 \xrightarrow{\text{عوضی}} \sin x = \frac{1}{2} \vee \sin x = -2 \times \text{غی}$

$\Rightarrow x = 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{6}, x = 2k\pi + \frac{5\pi}{6}$

ب) $\cos 2x + \cos x - 2 = 0 \xrightarrow{\text{تبدیل}} 2 \cos^2 x + \cos x - 2 = 0 \xrightarrow{\cos x = 1 \Rightarrow x = 2k\pi} \cos x = -\frac{3}{2} \times \text{غی}$

الف) $(\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x)(\sin^2 x - \cos^2 x) = \sin^2 x \Rightarrow -\cos 2x = \sin^2 x$ (2)

$\Rightarrow \sin\left(\frac{2x}{2} + 2m\right) = \sin^2 x \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \textcircled{1} 2m = 2k\pi + \frac{2x}{2} + 2m \\ \textcircled{2} 2m = 2k\pi + \pi - \frac{2x}{2} - 2m \end{cases}$

$\Rightarrow x = k\pi + \frac{2x}{2}, x = \frac{k\pi}{2} - \frac{x}{2}$

ب) $2 \cos^2 x + 2 \sin x \cos x = 1 \Rightarrow 1 + \cos 2x + \sin 2x = 1$

$\Rightarrow \cos 2x = -\sin 2x \Rightarrow \cos 2x = \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2m\right) \xrightarrow{\text{عوضی}} 2x = 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} + 2m \times$

$x = k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}$

$\Leftarrow 2m = 2k\pi - \frac{\pi}{2} - 2m$

الف) $\frac{\cos x}{\sin x} (2 \cos x + 1) = \frac{1}{\sin x} \xrightarrow{\sin x \neq 0} 2 \cos^2 x + \cos x - 1 = 0$ (3)

$\begin{cases} \cos x = -1 \times \text{بطل} \\ \cos x = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow x = 2k\pi + \frac{2\pi}{3} \end{cases}$

ب) $2 \sin^2 x - 2 + \cos^2 x - \sin x \cos x = 0 \Rightarrow -2 \cos^2 x + \cos^2 x - \sin x \cos x = 0$

$\Rightarrow -\cos x (\cos x + \sin x) = 0 \begin{cases} \cos x = 0 \Rightarrow x = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} \\ \cos x = -\sin x \Rightarrow x = k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4} \end{cases}$

$$\text{الف) } \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{p} + x\right) \times \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{p} - x\right) = \frac{1}{p} \Rightarrow \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{p} + x\right) \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{p} + x\right) = \frac{1}{p} \quad (K)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{p} \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{p} + 2x\right) = \frac{1}{p} \Rightarrow \cos 2x = \frac{1}{p} \Rightarrow 2x = 2K\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{p}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{x = K\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{2p}}$$

ب)

$$\frac{\sin 2x + \sin x}{\sin x} = 1 \Rightarrow \sin x \neq 0 \quad (\sin 2x + \sin x = \sin x)$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin 2x = 0 \quad (\sin 2x = 2 \sin x \cos x)$$

$$\sin x \neq 0 \Rightarrow \cos 2x = 0 \Rightarrow 2x = K\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} \Rightarrow x = \frac{K\pi}{2} + \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\frac{\sin \frac{x}{p}}{1 + \cos \frac{x}{p}} = \frac{\cos \frac{x}{p} + 1}{\sin \frac{x}{p}} \quad \tan x = \frac{\sin x}{1 + \cos x} \Rightarrow \tan \frac{x}{p} = \cot \frac{x}{p}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x}{p} = \frac{K\pi}{p} + \frac{\pi}{p} \Rightarrow x = 2K\pi + \pi$$

$$x \in \left[-\pi, \frac{3\pi}{p}\right], \quad x = -\pi, \pi \Rightarrow |\pi - (-\pi)| = 2\pi$$

$$\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x \cos 2x = 1 \Rightarrow \cos^2 x - 1 - \sin^2 x \cos 2x = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin^2 x + \sin^2 x \cos 2x = 0 \Rightarrow \sin^2 x (1 + \cos 2x) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \sin^2 x = 0 \Rightarrow \sin x = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 1 + \cos 2x = 0 \Rightarrow \cos 2x = -1 \Rightarrow 2x = 2K\pi + \pi \Rightarrow x = \frac{2K\pi}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2} \end{cases}$$

$$x \in \left\{0, \frac{\pi}{p}, \pi, \frac{3\pi}{p}, 2\pi\right\} \Rightarrow \boxed{\text{جواب دارد}}$$

$$\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{f} - n\right) = \frac{\tan\frac{\pi}{f} - \tan n}{1 + \tan\frac{\pi}{f} \tan n} = \frac{1 - \tan n}{1 + \tan n} \quad (A)$$

$$\Rightarrow \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{f} - n\right) = \tan r n \Rightarrow r n = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{f} - n$$

$$\Rightarrow n = \frac{k\pi}{f} + \frac{\pi}{14}$$

$$\sqrt{1 + r \sin n \cos n} = \sqrt{(\sin n + \cos n)^2} = |\sin n + \cos n| = \sqrt{r} \cos n \quad (9)$$

$$\Rightarrow |\sin n + \cos n| = \sqrt{r} (\cos n - \sin n) (\cos n + \sin n)$$

$$\sin n + \cos n \neq 0 \Rightarrow \sqrt{r} |\sin n - \cos n| = 1 \Rightarrow \sqrt{r} |\sqrt{r} \sin(n - \frac{\pi}{f})| = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow r |\sin(n - \frac{\pi}{f})| = 1 \Rightarrow |\sin(n - \frac{\pi}{f})| = \frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow \sin(n - \frac{\pi}{f}) = \pm \frac{1}{r}$$

$$n - \frac{\pi}{f} = k\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{r} \Rightarrow n = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{f} \pm \frac{\pi}{r} \quad n \in [0, \pi] \rightarrow \text{دو جواب}$$

$$(10) (\sin^r n + \cos^r n) (\sin^r n - \cos^r n) = 1 \Rightarrow \sin^r n - \cos^r n = \sin^r n + \cos^r n \quad (10)$$

$$\Rightarrow r \cos^r n = 0 \Rightarrow \cos n = 0 \Rightarrow n = \frac{\pi}{f}, n = \frac{3\pi}{f}$$

$$ب) \sin^r n - \cos^r n = -1 \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} \text{بسیار} \\ \text{کوچک} \end{matrix} \Rightarrow n = 0 \vee n = \frac{\pi}{f} \times 6 \vee n = \pi \times 6$$

$$n = \frac{3\pi}{f} \vee n = 2\pi \vee$$

$$\Rightarrow n \in \left\{0, \frac{3\pi}{f}, 2\pi\right\}$$