

$$f(x) = r \left[\frac{x-r}{r} \right] + r \left[\frac{r-x}{r} \right] \rightarrow \alpha \rightarrow r^+ = r \left[r^+ \right] + r \left[0^- \right] = r - r \quad \text{مبدأ 11 - (مبدأ 11)}$$

$$\rightarrow \alpha \rightarrow r^- = r \left[r^- \right] + r \left[0^+ \right] = r \quad \text{مبدأ 11 - (مبدأ 11)}$$

$$\lim_{\alpha \rightarrow (\frac{\pi}{4})^-} [r \sin \alpha - 1] \xrightarrow{\alpha = \frac{\pi}{4}} [0] \rightarrow \text{مبدأ 11 - (مبدأ 11)} \quad \text{مبدأ 11 - (مبدأ 11)}$$

$$\lim_{\alpha \rightarrow -\frac{1}{r}} [1 - \alpha^r - \alpha] \xrightarrow{\alpha = -\frac{1}{r}} [-1 + \frac{1}{r}] \rightarrow [-\frac{1}{r}] = -1 \quad \text{مبدأ 11 - (مبدأ 11)}$$

$$\lim_{\alpha \rightarrow (-\frac{1}{r})^-} \frac{\log \alpha - \omega + \left[\frac{r}{\alpha r} \right]}{14\alpha - \left[-\frac{r}{\alpha r} \right]} \xrightarrow{\alpha = -\frac{1}{r}} \frac{-\omega - \omega + [1r]}{-1 - [-1]} \xrightarrow{(-\frac{1}{r})^-} \frac{-\omega - \omega + 11}{(-1) - (-1)} = \frac{1}{0} = -\infty$$

$$\lim_{\alpha \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{\sin^r \alpha}{[\alpha] + \cos \pi \alpha} \xrightarrow{\alpha = 1} \frac{0}{1 + -1} = \frac{0}{0} \text{ مبدأ 11 } \rightarrow \frac{\sin^r \alpha}{1 + \cos \pi \alpha} = \frac{1 - \cos^r \alpha}{1 + \cos \pi \alpha}$$

$$\lim_{\alpha \rightarrow -1} \frac{\sqrt[r]{r\alpha + r} - \sqrt[r]{r\alpha + r}}{1 + \sqrt[r]{\alpha}} \xrightarrow{\alpha = -1} \frac{1 - 1}{1 - 1} = \frac{0}{0} \text{ مبدأ 11 } \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt[r]{r\alpha + r} - \sqrt[r]{r\alpha + r}}{1 + \sqrt[r]{\alpha}} \times \frac{\sqrt[r]{r\alpha + r} + \sqrt[r]{r\alpha + r}}{\sqrt[r]{r\alpha + r} + \sqrt[r]{r\alpha + r}} \times \frac{1 + \sqrt[r]{\alpha} - \sqrt[r]{\alpha}}{1 + \sqrt[r]{\alpha} - \sqrt[r]{\alpha}} = \frac{(r\alpha + r - r\alpha - r)(r)}{(1 + \alpha)(r)} = -\frac{r}{r} = -1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{r_1 - \sqrt{r_1 + 1}}{r_1 - \sqrt{r_1 + 1}} \xrightarrow{0/0} \frac{r_1 - r}{r_1 - r} = \frac{0}{0} \text{ (indeterminate)}$$

(v)

$$\frac{r_1 + \omega - \sqrt{r_1 + 1}}{r_1 - \sqrt{r_1 + 1}} \times \frac{(r_1 + \omega) + (\sqrt{r_1 + 1})}{(r_1 + \omega) + (\sqrt{r_1 + 1})} \times \frac{r_1 + \sqrt{r_1 + 1}}{r_1 + \sqrt{r_1 + 1}} = \frac{(r_1^2 + r_1 \omega + r_1 \omega - r_1 \omega) (\epsilon)}{(r_1^2 - r_1 - 1) (\epsilon)}$$

$$\frac{(r_1^2 - r_1 \omega + r_1 \omega) \epsilon}{(r_1^2 - r_1 - 1) (\epsilon)} = \frac{(r_1 - r) (\epsilon r_1 - r \omega) (\epsilon)}{(r_1 - r) (\epsilon r_1 + 1) (\epsilon)} = \frac{-r \times \epsilon}{\omega \times 1 \times \epsilon} = \boxed{-\frac{r}{\omega}} \quad (2)$$

$$\lim_{a \rightarrow 0} \frac{a + \sqrt{ba + c}}{a} = \frac{0}{0} \xrightarrow{0/0} \text{L'Hopital's Rule} \quad \textcircled{1} \quad a + \sqrt{c} = 0 \rightarrow a = -\sqrt{c}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \text{ Hop} \rightarrow \frac{b}{r \sqrt{ba + c}} \xrightarrow{a \rightarrow 0} \frac{b}{r \sqrt{c}} = \frac{1}{\epsilon} \quad r \sqrt{c} = \epsilon b \quad \sqrt{c} = \epsilon b \quad c = \epsilon^2 b^2$$

$$\frac{ab}{c} \rightarrow \frac{-r b \times b}{\epsilon b^2} = \frac{-r b^2}{\epsilon b^2} = \boxed{-\frac{1}{\epsilon}} \quad (2)$$

$$\lim_{a \rightarrow -r\pi} \frac{\epsilon + K \left[\frac{a}{\pi} \right]}{\sin a} = +\infty \quad \begin{matrix} -r\pi^+ = +\infty \rightarrow \frac{\epsilon + K[-r]}{0^+} \rightarrow \epsilon - rK > 0 \\ -r\pi^- = +\infty \rightarrow \frac{\epsilon + K[-r]}{0^-} \rightarrow \epsilon - rK < 0 \end{matrix} \quad \textcircled{9}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{0}{0} \quad ?$$

(1)

$$\frac{\epsilon + K[-r^+]}{0^+} \rightarrow \epsilon - rK < 0 \quad K > \frac{\epsilon}{r}$$

باین صفت

$$\lim_{a \rightarrow 1} \frac{b \sqrt{r + \sqrt{a}} - r b}{a a - b} \xrightarrow{a \rightarrow 1} \frac{r b - r b}{1 a - b} \rightarrow \frac{0}{0} \rightarrow 1 a - b = 0 \quad \textcircled{10}$$

$$\frac{b \sqrt{r + \sqrt{a}} - r b}{a a - b} \times \frac{b \sqrt{r + \sqrt{a}} + r b}{b \sqrt{r + \sqrt{a}} + r b} = \frac{b^2 (r + \sqrt{a}) - \epsilon b^2}{(a a - b) (\epsilon b)} = \frac{b^2 (\sqrt{a} - r)}{\epsilon b (a a - b)} \quad (2)$$

$$\frac{b^2 (\sqrt{a} - r)}{\epsilon b (a a - b)} \times \frac{\sqrt{a} + \epsilon + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a} + \epsilon + \sqrt{a}} = \frac{(a - 1) b^2 b}{(a a - b) \epsilon b (\epsilon)} \rightarrow a a - b = a - 1 \rightarrow \frac{b}{\epsilon} = \frac{1}{\epsilon} \rightarrow \frac{b}{\epsilon} = \frac{1}{\epsilon} \quad a = 1 \quad b = 1 \rightarrow \frac{b}{\epsilon} = \frac{1}{\epsilon} \quad (2)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow (-\frac{\pi}{2})^-} \frac{f + K \left[\frac{x}{\pi} \right]}{\sin x} = \frac{f - \frac{1}{2}K}{0^-} = +\infty \rightarrow f - \frac{1}{2}K < 0 \rightarrow K > \frac{f}{\frac{1}{2}} \quad (I) \quad \text{Aufw}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow (-\frac{\pi}{2})^+} \frac{f + K \left[\frac{x}{\pi} \right]}{\sin x} = \frac{f - \frac{1}{2}K}{0^+} = +\infty \rightarrow f - \frac{1}{2}K > 0 \rightarrow K < \frac{f}{\frac{1}{2}} \quad (II)$$

$$\underline{(I) \wedge (II)} \rightarrow \frac{f}{\frac{1}{2}} < K < \frac{f}{\frac{1}{2}} \rightarrow -\frac{f}{\frac{1}{2}} < -K < -\frac{f}{\frac{1}{2}} \rightarrow [-K] = -\frac{f}{\frac{1}{2}}$$