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$$f(t) = t^4 + 1 + 2t + 9t^2 - 4t + 1 + m t^3 + n t + m n \quad -m = 1 \cdot t^4 \Rightarrow m = -1$$

-1

$$-n = 1 \cdot t \Rightarrow n = -1$$

$$g(t) = \frac{1}{-11} (t^2 - 1) (t^2 + 1) (-9t - 1) (-9t + 1) \quad p + k = -11 + k = -1$$

$$\Rightarrow m + n + p + k = -1 + (-1) + (-11) + 1 = -12$$

$$a) \quad t - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow t = 1$$

$$t^2 - 2t - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow t^2 - 2t + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow (t - 1)^2 = 0 \Rightarrow t = 1$$

-1

1

	-1	1
$t - 1$	-	+
$t^2 - 2t - 1$	+	-
	-	+

$$\Rightarrow D_{f(t)} = (-1, 1) \cup (1, +\infty)$$

$$b) \quad f(t) = \frac{t^2 + 1}{t^2 - 1 - t}$$

$$\frac{t^2 + 1}{t^2 - 1 - t} \Rightarrow \frac{t^2 + 1}{(t - 1)(t + 1)}$$

$$a) \quad f(t) = \sqrt{t(t^2 - 1)} \Rightarrow t(t^2 - 1) \geq 0 \quad t = 0 \quad t = \pm 1$$

$$\sqrt{|t| + t} \Rightarrow t \geq 0$$

	-1	0	1
$t(t^2 - 1)$	-	+	-
	-	+	-

$$\Rightarrow D_f = [1, +\infty)$$

-1

$$b) \quad f(t) = \sqrt{\frac{t^2 - 1}{t^2 + 1}}$$

$$\frac{t^2 - 1}{t^2 + 1} \geq 0 \Rightarrow t^2 - 1 \geq 0 \Rightarrow t = \pm 1$$

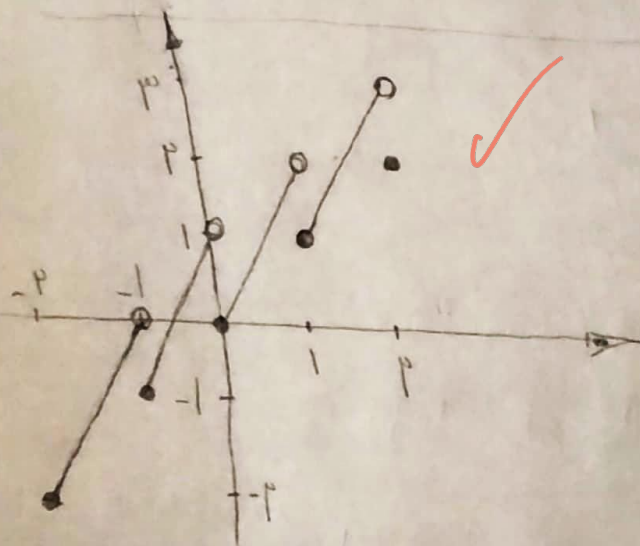
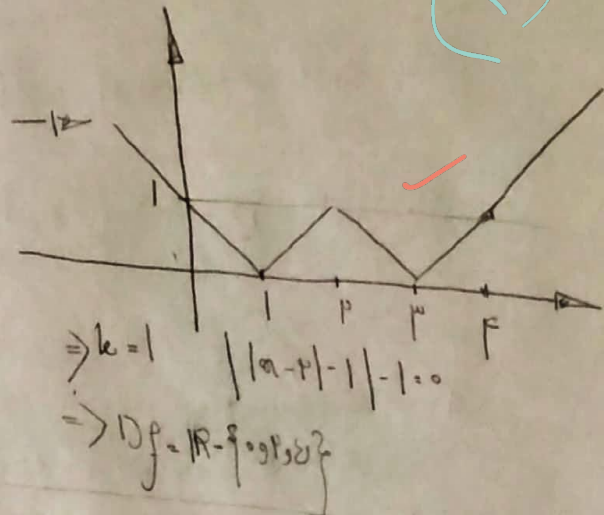
$$\Rightarrow D_f = [-1, 1]$$

	-1	1
$t^2 - 1$	-	+
$t^2 + 1$	+	+

$$||n-p|-1|-k=0$$

$$\begin{matrix} 1-p \\ 1-n \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} a-p-1 \\ n-p \end{matrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{matrix} 1-n & n-1 & 1-p & n-p \\ + & + & + & + \end{matrix}$$



$$y = p \cdot n - [n] \quad y' = p \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{matrix}$$

$(\log[n] = 0)$

$$\begin{aligned} n=1 &\Rightarrow -1+p=-1 \\ n=-1 &\Rightarrow -1+p=-1 \\ n=0 &\Rightarrow 0+p=0 \\ n=1 &\Rightarrow 1+p=1 \\ n=p &\Rightarrow p-p=0 \end{aligned}$$

طراحی نمودار

$$f(n) = \frac{n^p - \delta n + p}{n+a} + b$$

$$\begin{aligned} n &= \frac{n^p - \delta n + p}{n+a} + b + b a \Rightarrow n^p + a n = n^p - \delta n + p + b n + b a \\ n=1 &\Rightarrow a = -1 + p + b + b a \Rightarrow a = b + b a - 1 \quad a+1 = b(a+1) \Rightarrow b=1 \\ n=p &\Rightarrow p a = -1 + p + p b + b a \Rightarrow p a = p b + b a - 1 \quad p a = -1 + a \Rightarrow a = -p \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow a-b &= -p-1=-1 \\ a-b &= -1 \quad a=0 \Rightarrow b=1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} p &= 1 \rightarrow a = -1, b = 1 \\ \frac{(a-1)(n-1)}{(n+1)} + b &= n \\ a + b &= n \end{aligned}$$

$$a=p \Rightarrow \frac{1+1-1}{1} = 1 \Rightarrow 1+c=1 \Rightarrow c=0$$

$$\frac{a+p}{1+b} = 1+p=2 \Rightarrow 1+b=a+p$$

$$\frac{-a+p}{-1+b} = 1 \Rightarrow b-1=p-a \Rightarrow a=p-b$$

$$\Rightarrow 1+b=-b+1$$

$$\Rightarrow 1+b=1 \Rightarrow b=0$$

$$\Rightarrow b+c=1 \Rightarrow c=0$$

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$$f(1) = \sqrt{F - 1^2 a} + 1 - 1 = 1 \Rightarrow \sqrt{F - 1^2 a} - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow a = 1 \quad \text{if } a \geq \frac{F}{1}$$

$$g(1) = \sqrt{b - 1^2} + \frac{1}{1} - 1 = 1 \Rightarrow \sqrt{b - 1} = 1 \Rightarrow b = 2 \quad \text{if } a \leq \frac{F}{1} \rightarrow \frac{b}{F} = \frac{2}{1} = 2$$

$$f - g(1) = \sqrt{F - 1^2 a} + 1 - 1 - (\sqrt{b - 1} + 1 - 1) = 0 \Rightarrow \sqrt{F - 1^2 a} - \sqrt{b - 1} = 0 \Rightarrow \sqrt{F - 1^2 a} = \sqrt{b - 1} \Rightarrow F - 1^2 a = b - 1 \Rightarrow a = \frac{F - b + 1}{1}$$

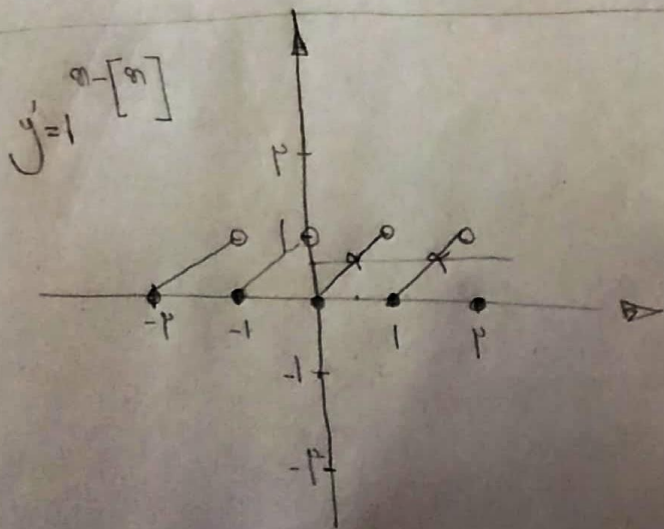
$$b - 1 = F - 1^2 a \Rightarrow b = F - 1^2 a + 1 \Rightarrow 1 - 1 = F - 1^2 a + 1 - 1 \Rightarrow -1 = F - 1^2 a \Rightarrow -1 - F = -1^2 a \Rightarrow a = \frac{-1 - F}{1} = -1 - F$$

$$g(a) = \sqrt{m - a^2} + a \Rightarrow \sqrt{m - a^2} + a = 1 \Rightarrow \sqrt{m - a^2} = 1 - a \Rightarrow m - a^2 = (1 - a)^2 \Rightarrow m = 1 - 2a + a^2 + a^2 = 1 - 2a + 2a^2$$

$$f(r) = \sqrt{V - r^2} + r = r + n$$

$$g(r) = \sqrt{4 - r^2} + r = r + n \Rightarrow r + n - r = 4 - r^2 \Rightarrow n = 4 - r^2$$

$$\Rightarrow n = 4 - r^2 \quad m + n = 1 - 2a + 2a^2 + 4 - r^2 = 5 - 2a + 2a^2 - r^2$$



$$(-1)^r (1 - [x]) = \frac{1}{p} \Rightarrow 1 - [x] = \frac{1}{p}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{p} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{p} - [\frac{1}{p}] = \frac{1}{p} - 0 = \frac{1}{p}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{p} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{p} - [\frac{1}{p}] = \frac{1}{p} - 0 = \frac{1}{p}$$