

$$f(x) = (x+1)^2 + (x-1)^2 + mx^2 + nx + mn$$

$$x^2 + 2x + 1 + x^2 - 2x + 1 + mx^2 + nx + mn$$

$$= (1+m)x^2 + (n-2)x + (2+mn)$$

$$\rightarrow 1+m=0 \Rightarrow m=-1$$

$$n-2=0 \Rightarrow n=2$$

$$\rightarrow f(x) = 2 + 5x(-1) = -5x$$

$$g(x) = \{(x, m), (n, p+1), (p, r-1), (-9, p+k)\}$$

$$m=-10$$

$$n=5$$

$$p+1=-10 \Rightarrow p=-11$$

$$p+r=-9 \Rightarrow (-11, -1), (-9, p+k)$$

$$\Rightarrow p+k=-1 \Rightarrow -11+k=-1 \Rightarrow k=10$$

$$الف) y = \sqrt{\frac{x-2}{x^2+x-1}}$$

$$y = \sqrt{\frac{(x-2)}{(x^2-1)(x+1)}} = \sqrt{\frac{x-2}{(x-1)(x+1)(x+1)}}$$

$$\rightarrow x-2 \geq 0 \Rightarrow x \geq 2$$

$$\rightarrow D_f = [2, +\infty)$$

$$ب) f(x) = \frac{2x^2+1}{x^2-2x}$$

$$x^2-2x=0 \Rightarrow x(x-2)=0 \Rightarrow x=0, x=2$$

$$\rightarrow 2 < x < 2 \rightarrow \emptyset$$

$$\Rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - (-2, 2)$$

$$ج) f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{x(x^2-1)}{|x|+x}}$$

$$\rightarrow x(x^2-1) \geq 0 \Rightarrow x(x-1)(x+1) \geq 0$$

$$\rightarrow D_f = [-1, 1) \cup [2, +\infty)$$

$$ب) f(x) = \sqrt{|x-1|-x^2}$$

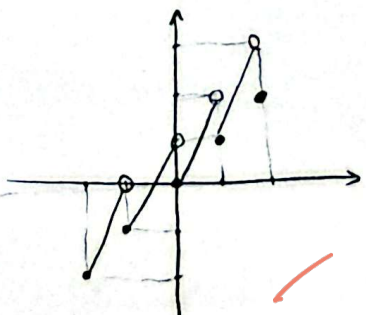
$$|x-1|-x^2 \geq 0 \Rightarrow x^2 - |x-1| \leq 0$$

$$\rightarrow D_f = [-1, 1) \cup [2, +\infty)$$

$$y = \frac{1}{|x-1|-1-k} \Rightarrow |x-1|-1=k \Rightarrow |x-1|=k+1$$

$$k+1=2-k \Rightarrow 2k=1 \Rightarrow k=0.5$$

$$y = 2x - [x] \Rightarrow -2 < x < -1 \Rightarrow [x] = -2 \Rightarrow y = 2x + 2$$



$$f(x) = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{r}{a} + b = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{r}{a} = -b \Rightarrow r = -ab \Rightarrow ab = -r$$

$$f(1) = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{0}{1+a} + b = 1 \Rightarrow b = 1 \Rightarrow a = -r$$

$$a - b = -r - 1 = \boxed{-r-1}$$

د = 3 ، a = -1

$$\frac{(1, -1)(1, -3)}{(2, -1)} = \frac{1 \cdot (-3) - (-1) \cdot 1}{2 \cdot (-1) - 1 \cdot 1} = \frac{-3 + 1}{-2 - 1} = \frac{-2}{-3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{x^r + r x^{r-1} - x - r}{x^r - x} \cdot \frac{x^r - 1}{x + r} \Rightarrow f(x) = \frac{(x^r - 1)(x + r)}{(x^r - x)(x + r)} = \frac{x^r - 1}{x^r - x}$$

$$\Rightarrow x + r = x + r$$

$$\boxed{c = r}$$

$$\hookrightarrow b + c = \boxed{r+1}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{ax+r}{x+b} \Rightarrow \frac{ax+r}{x+b} = x+r \Rightarrow ax+r = (x+b)(x+r) \Rightarrow ax+r = x^2 + (b+r)x + br$$

$$\begin{aligned} x=+1 & \Rightarrow \frac{a+r}{1+b} = r \Rightarrow a+r = r+b \Rightarrow a=b \\ x=-1 & \Rightarrow \frac{-a+r}{-1+b} = -1 \Rightarrow -a+r = -b+1 \Rightarrow a-b = r-1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} b=0, d \\ a=r, d \end{cases}$$

$$f(1) = \sqrt{c-a} + k - 1$$

$$g(1) = \sqrt{b-r} + rk$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{r}{a} = \frac{b}{r} = 1 \Rightarrow \boxed{a=r}, \boxed{b=r}$$

$$\Rightarrow r f(1) - g(1) = k$$

$$\Rightarrow k = 1$$

$$\hookrightarrow r a - \frac{b}{r} - k = r \times \frac{r}{r} - \frac{r}{r} - (-1) = r - r + 1 = \boxed{1}$$

$$D_{f \circ g} = D_f \cap D_g = [-1, 5] \Rightarrow m = v$$

$$\begin{aligned} m &= n \\ m &\geq n \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow m + n = v + \sqrt{r-r}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{v + \sqrt{r-r}}$$

$$\sqrt{v-r} + n - \sqrt{v+r} = v \Rightarrow n = \sqrt{v+r}$$

$$y = \frac{(-1)^r (x - [x])}{r}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \hookrightarrow y = x - [x] & \Rightarrow -r \leq x < -1 \rightarrow [x] = -r \Rightarrow y = x + r \\ -1 \leq x < 0 & \rightarrow [x] = -1 \Rightarrow y = x + 1 \\ 0 \leq x < 1 & \rightarrow [x] = 0 \Rightarrow y = x \\ 1 \leq x < 2 & \rightarrow [x] = 1 \Rightarrow y = x - 1 \\ x = 2 & \rightarrow [x] = 2 \Rightarrow y = x - 2 \end{aligned}$$

