

«روزنامه دفترا»

«مبانی محاسبات»

$$f(a) = (a+1)^2 + (4a-1)^2 + ma^2 + na + mn \rightarrow \text{تابع ثابت}$$

$$f(a) = a^2 + 2a + 1 + 16a^2 - 8a + 1 + ma^2 + na + mn$$

$$f(a) = (10+m)a^2 + (n-4)a + 2 + mn$$

$$\boxed{m = -10}, \boxed{n = 4}$$

چون $f(a)$ تابع ثابت است پس؛

$$g(a) = \{(k, m), (n, p+1), (p+2, -1), (-9, p+k)\}$$

$$g(a) = \left\{ \left(\frac{1}{2}, -10 \right), \left(\frac{1}{2}, p+1 \right), \left(\overset{-11+2=-9}{p+2}, -1 \right), (-9, p+k) \right\}$$

$$p+1 = -1 \rightarrow \boxed{p = -11}$$

$$p+k = -1 \xrightarrow{p=-11} -11+k = -1 \rightarrow \boxed{k = 10}$$

$$\Rightarrow m+n+p+k = (-10) + (4) + (-11) + 10 = -7$$

$$\text{الف) } y = \sqrt{\frac{x-2}{x^2-2x^2-1}} \rightarrow \frac{x-2}{x^2-2x^2-1} \xrightarrow{x=2} \frac{0}{-3}$$

$$(*) \quad x^2 - 2x^2 - 1 = 0$$

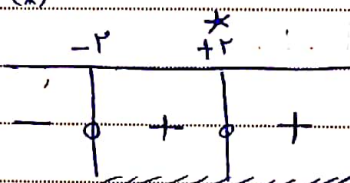
$$x^2 = t \rightarrow t^2 - 2t - 1 = 0$$

$$(t-1)(t+2) = 0$$

$$t = 1 \quad t = -2 \quad \text{و و و}$$

$$\rightarrow x = \pm 1$$

$$(*) \quad x = \pm 1$$



$$\Rightarrow D_f = [-2, +\infty)$$

$$\text{ب) } f(a) = \frac{2a^2+1}{1-2[a]}$$

$$\Rightarrow$$

$$1-2[-a] \neq 0$$

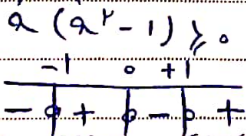
$$1 \neq 2[-a] \Rightarrow [-a] \neq \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow 2, -a \neq \frac{1}{2}$$

$$-2, a \neq -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$D_f = \mathbb{R} - (-\frac{1}{2}, -2]$$

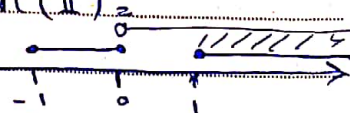
$$\text{ج) } f(a) = \sqrt{a(a^2-1)}$$

$$a(a^2-1) \geq 0 \quad (I) \quad |a|+a \geq 0 \quad (II) \rightarrow$$



$$a \in (0, +\infty)$$

$$(I) \cap (II) =$$



$$\Rightarrow D_f = [1, +\infty)$$

Arman

$$a \in [-1, 0] \cup [1, +\infty)$$

$$f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{|x-2|} - x^2}{|x|-1}$$

خرج نباید منفرستد:

$$|x-2| - x^2 \geq 0 \quad (I)$$

$$|x|-1 \neq 0 \quad (II)$$

$$x \geq 2 \rightarrow (x-2) - x^2 \geq 0$$

$$|x| \neq 1 \rightarrow x \neq \pm 1$$

$$-x^2 + x - 2 \geq 0$$

$$\Delta = 1 - 8 < 0$$

بدون جواب

$$\Rightarrow (I) \cap (II) =$$

$$x < 2 \rightarrow 2-x - x^2 \geq 0$$

$$[-2, 1] - \{\pm 1\}$$

$$x^2 + x - 2 \leq 0$$

$$\Rightarrow D_f = [-2, -1) \cup (-1, 1)$$

$$\Delta = 1 + 8 = 9$$

$$x = \frac{-1 \pm 3}{2}$$

$$\begin{cases} x = 1 \\ x = -2 \end{cases}$$

جواب های

$$\begin{array}{c} -2 \quad 1 \\ - \quad + \quad - \\ \hline [-2, 1] \end{array}$$

$$y = \frac{1}{||x-2|-1|-k}$$

۴- دامنه تابع شامل اعداد حقیقی که در آن از آنجا خارج می شود:

$$||x-2|-1|-k = 0$$

$$x \geq 2 \rightarrow |x-2| = x-2 \quad (1) \quad \begin{cases} x < 2, |x-2| = 2-x \rightarrow |2-x-1| = k \end{cases}$$

$$|x-2| = k$$

$$|1-x| = k$$

$$x-2 = k \rightarrow x = k+2 \geq 2 \rightarrow k \geq 0$$

$$1-x = k \rightarrow x = 1-k < 2 \rightarrow -1 < k < 1$$

$$x-2 = -k \rightarrow x = 2-k \geq 2 \rightarrow k \leq 0$$

$$1-x = -k \rightarrow x = 1+k < 2 \rightarrow k < 1$$

$$-1 < k < 1 \quad \text{و } k=0$$

البته آن کردن شاید درست آمده برای k متوجه می شوم شاید از آنجا

$$k=1 \quad \text{برای } x \text{ مقدار بدست می آید } k=0$$

$$y = 2x - [x] \rightarrow x \in [-2, 2]$$

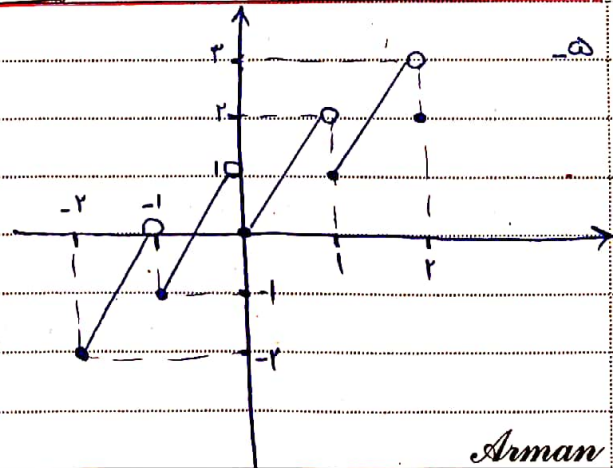
$$-2 \leq x < -1 \rightarrow [x] = -2 \rightarrow y = 2x + 2$$

$$-1 \leq x < 0 \rightarrow [x] = -1 \rightarrow y = 2x + 1$$

$$0 \leq x < 1 \rightarrow [x] = 0 \rightarrow y = 2x$$

$$1 \leq x < 2 \rightarrow [x] = 1 \rightarrow y = 2x - 1$$

$$x = 2 \rightarrow [x] = 2 \rightarrow y = 2x - 2$$



Arman

$$f(a) = \frac{a^2 - 4a + 4}{a+1} + b$$

بجای f

-4

$$f(a) = \frac{a^2 - 4a + 4 + b(a+1)}{a+1} = a$$

ساده کنیم

$$a^2 - 4a + 4 + b(a+1) = a^2 + a$$

$$(b-4)a + 4 + b = a^2$$

$$\Rightarrow ab = -4, \quad b-4 = a \Rightarrow a^2 - 3a + 4 = 0$$

$$b = -4$$

$$a+b = 4$$

$$3 = 4$$

$$a^2 - 4a - 4 = 0$$

$$\Delta = 16 + 16 = 32$$

$$a = \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{32}}{2} \rightarrow a = \frac{4 \pm 4\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} a = 2 + \sqrt{2} \\ b = 2 - \sqrt{2} \end{cases}$$

$$b = 2 - \sqrt{2}$$

$$\begin{cases} a = 2 - \sqrt{2} \\ b = 2 + \sqrt{2} \end{cases}$$

$$b = 2 + \sqrt{2}$$

$$a - b = 2 + \sqrt{2} - 2 + \sqrt{2}$$

$$a - b = 2\sqrt{2}$$

$$a - b = 2 - \sqrt{2} - 2 - \sqrt{2}$$

$$a - b = -2\sqrt{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow a - b = \{2\sqrt{2}, -2\sqrt{2}\}$$

$$f(a) = \begin{cases} \frac{a^2 + 4a^2 - a - 1}{a^2 - 1} ; a \neq \pm 1 \\ \frac{a^2 + 1}{a + 1} ; a = \pm 1 \end{cases}$$

$$g(a) = a + c$$

$$\frac{a^2 + 1}{a + 1}$$

$$; a = \pm 1$$

بجای g, f

$$\frac{a^2 + 4a^2 - a - 1}{a^2 - 1} \rightarrow f(a) = \frac{(a^2 - 1)(a + 1)}{(a^2 - 1)} = a + 1 = a + c = g(a)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4a^2 - a - 1 \\ -4a^2 + 4 \\ \hline -a - 5 \end{array}$$

$$c = 1$$

$$g(1) = 1 \rightarrow f(1) = 1$$

$$\frac{a+1}{1+b} = 1$$

$$a+1 = 1+b$$

$$b - a = 0$$

$$g(-1) = 1 \rightarrow f(-1) = 1$$

$$\frac{-a+1}{-1+b} = 1$$

$$-a+1 = -1+b$$

$$b+a = 2$$

$$b - a = 0$$

$$b + a = 2$$

از این

$$b = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$a = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow$$

$$b+c = \frac{1}{2} + 1 = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x - 3a} + k - 1$$

- 1

$$g(x) = \sqrt{b - x} + 3k$$

$2f - g(1, k) \rightarrow g \cdot f$
 $2f - g(1, k) \rightarrow g \cdot f$
 $2f - g(1, k) \rightarrow g \cdot f$

$$3a - \frac{b}{2} - k = ?$$

$$f(1) = \sqrt{1 - 3a} + k - 1 \rightarrow 2f(1) = 2\sqrt{1 - 3a} + 2k - 2$$

$$g(1) = \sqrt{b - 1} + 3k - k$$

$$2f(1) - g(1) = 2(\sqrt{1 - 3a} + k - 1) - (\sqrt{b - 1} + 3k - k)$$

$$= 2\sqrt{1 - 3a} + 2k - 2 - \sqrt{b - 1} - 3k + k = 2\sqrt{1 - 3a} - \sqrt{b - 1} - k - 2$$

?

$$f(x) = \sqrt{m - x} + n$$

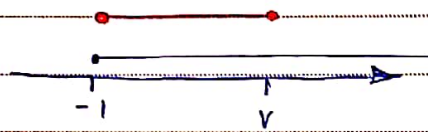
$$D_{f \times g} = [-1, 5]$$

$$g(x) = \sqrt{2x + 2}$$

$$f - g(3) = 4\sqrt{2} \rightarrow m + n = ?$$

$$D_g = 2x + 2 \geq 0 \rightarrow x \geq -1$$

$$D_{f \times g} = D_f \cap D_g = [-1, 5]$$



$$D_f = m - x \geq 0 \rightarrow x \leq m$$

$$m = 5 \text{ if } x \leq 5$$

$$f(3) - g(3) = 4\sqrt{2}$$

جول f مينه $g(3)$ مينه $4\sqrt{2}$
 $f(3) - g(3) = 4\sqrt{2}$

$$2 + n - \sqrt{2} = 4\sqrt{2} \rightarrow 2 + n - 2\sqrt{2} = 4\sqrt{2}$$

$$2 + n = 6\sqrt{2} \Rightarrow n = 6\sqrt{2} - 2$$

$$\Rightarrow m + n = 5 + 6\sqrt{2} - 2 = 3 + 6\sqrt{2}$$

$$y = (-1)^r (x - [x]) = \frac{1}{r} \cdot x \in [-r, r]$$

$$y = (x - [x]) = \frac{1}{r}$$

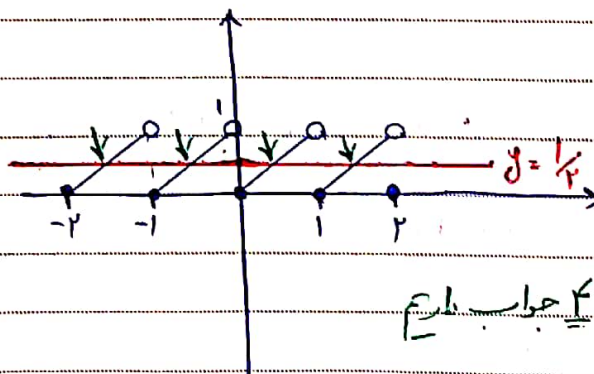
$$-r \leq x < -1 \rightarrow y = x + r$$

$$-1 \leq x < 0 \rightarrow y = x + 1$$

$$0 \leq x < 1 \rightarrow y = x$$

$$1 \leq x < 2 \rightarrow y = x - 1$$

$$x = 2 \rightarrow y = x - 2$$



مناظره سئل $\frac{1}{r}$ جواب $\frac{1}{r}$