

①  $f(x) \xrightarrow{C.C.} (x^2 + 2x + 1) + (9x^2 - 4x + 1) + mx^2 + nx + mn$   
 $0 = x^2$

$\Rightarrow (10 + m)x^2 + (-4 + n)x + (2 + mn) \Rightarrow m = -10, n = 4$

$g(x) = \{(5 - 10)(4, p + 1)(p + 2, -1)(-9, p + 1)\}$

$p + 1 = -1 \Rightarrow p = -2 \rightarrow (-9, -1)(-9, -1 + 1)$   
 $-1 + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow 10 = 10$

$\Rightarrow m + n + p + k = 10 - 10 + 4 - 1 = -7$

② الف)  $y = \sqrt{\frac{x-2}{x^2 - 2x - 1}}$   $\frac{x-2}{(x^2 - 4)(x^2 + 2)} \geq 0$

$\frac{(x-2)'}{(x-2)(x+2)(x^2+2)} \geq 0 \quad -\frac{2}{x^2} + \frac{2}{x^2} \rightarrow D_f = (-2, +\infty) - \{2\}$

ب)  $f(x) = \frac{2x^2 + 1}{x - 2[-x]}$   $x - 2[-x] \neq 0 \quad x \neq 2[-x]$

$\rightarrow x \neq [-x] \quad x \leq -x < 3 \rightarrow -3 < x \leq -2 \rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - (-3, -2]$

③  $f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x(x^2 - 1)}}{\sqrt{|x| + x}}$  ①  $x(x-1)(x+1) \geq 0 \quad \frac{-1 \quad 0 \quad 1}{- \quad + \quad - \quad +}$

②  $|x| + x > 0 \quad \begin{matrix} x > 0 & \rightarrow & 2x > 0 & \rightarrow & x > 0 \\ x < 0 & \rightarrow & -x + x > 0 & \rightarrow & 0 < x < 1 \end{matrix}$

① ②  $\rightarrow D_f = [1, +\infty)$

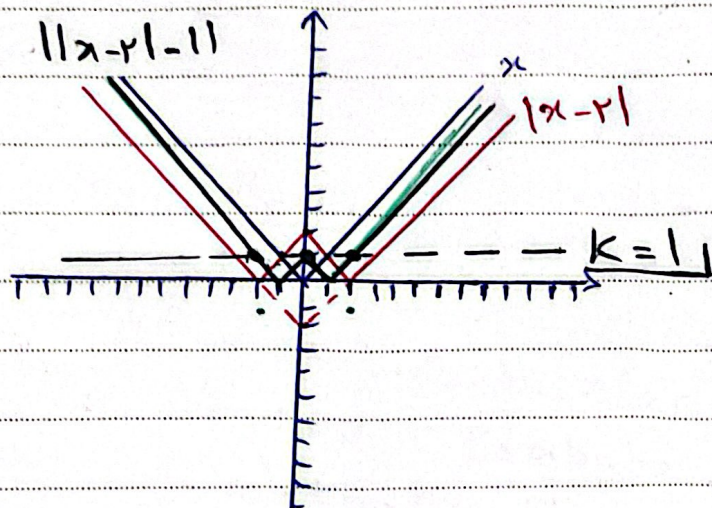
$f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{|x-2| - x^2}}{|x|-1}$  ①  $|x|-1 \neq 0 \quad x \neq 1, -1$

$|x-2| - x^2 \geq 0 \quad \begin{matrix} x > 0 & \rightarrow & -x^2 + x - 2 \geq 0 \\ & \rightarrow & x - x + 2 \leq 0 \end{matrix}$

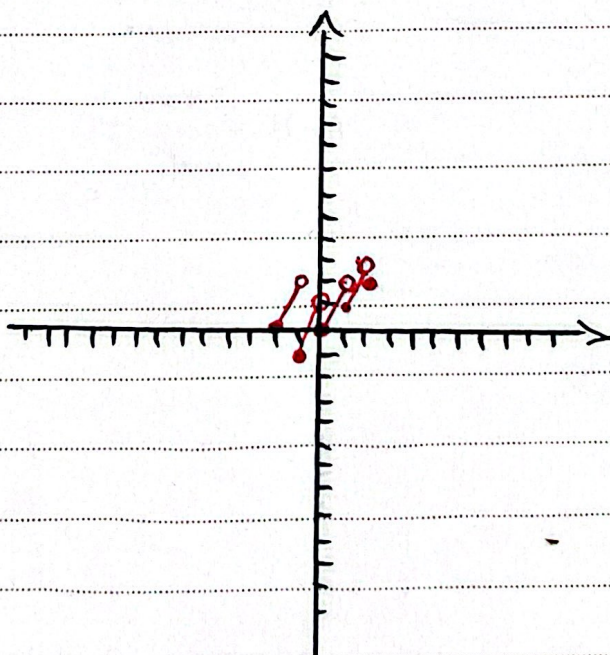
②  $x < 0 \quad -x^2 - x + 2 \geq 0 \rightarrow x^2 + x - 2 \leq 0$   
 $(x+2)(x-1) \leq 0$

① ②  $\rightarrow [-2, 0] = D_f \quad \frac{-2}{+ \quad -} \quad \frac{1}{- \quad +}$

(5)



(5)  $-2 \leq x < -1 \rightarrow y = 2x - (-2) \quad y = 2x + 2$   
 $-1 \leq x < 0 \rightarrow y = 2x - (-1) \quad y = 2x + 1$   
 $0 \leq x < 1 \rightarrow y = 2x \quad y = 2x$   
 $1 \leq x < 2 \rightarrow y = 2x - (1) \quad y = 2x - 1$   
 $x = 2 \rightarrow y = 2x - 2 \quad y = 2x - 2$



$$(4) f(n) = \frac{x^r - rx + r}{x+a} + b \quad f(n) = n \rightarrow f(n) = \frac{x^r - rx + r + bn + ab}{x+a}$$

$$\rightarrow f(n) = \frac{x^r + x(b-r) + r + ab}{x+a} = n \Rightarrow$$

$$x^r + x(b-r) + r + ab = x^r + an$$

$$b-r = a \quad r+ab = 0 \rightarrow r + (b-r)b = 0$$

$$\rightarrow b^2 - rb + r = 0 \quad (b-r)(b-1) = 0$$

$$b = r$$

$$b = 1$$

$$a = -1$$

$$a = -r$$

$$a-b = r$$

$$a-b = -r$$

$$(5) f(n) = \frac{x^r + rx^r - n - r}{x^r - 1}$$

$$x \neq \pm 1$$

$$\frac{x(x^r - 1) + r(x^r - 1) - n - r}{x^r - 1} = \frac{(x^r - 1)(x+r)}{x^r - 1} \xrightarrow{x \neq \pm 1} y = x+r$$

$$c = r$$

$$\frac{ax+r}{x+b} = x+r \xrightarrow{x=1} \frac{a+r}{1+b} = r \quad \textcircled{1} \quad a+r = r+rb$$

$$x = -1 \rightarrow \frac{-a+r}{-1+b} = 1$$

$$\textcircled{2} \rightarrow r-a = b-1$$

$$\textcircled{1} : a-rb = 1$$

$$\textcircled{2} : -rb = -r$$

$$b = 1$$

$$a = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$c = r$$

$$b+c = \frac{1}{r} + r$$

⑦

$$F(x) = \sqrt{tx - 3a} + k - 1 \rightarrow F(1) = \sqrt{t - 3a} + k - 1$$

$$g(n) = \sqrt{b - tx} + 3k \rightarrow g(1) = \sqrt{b - t} + 3k$$

$$2F(1) - g(1) = 2\sqrt{t - 3a} + 2k - 2 - \sqrt{b - t} - 3k = k$$

$$2\sqrt{t - 3a} - \sqrt{b - t} = k + 2$$

⑨

~~$$f(x) = \sqrt{m-x} + n$$~~

~~$$g(x) = \sqrt{m-x} + n$$~~

~~$$f(x) = \sqrt{m-x} + n$$~~

$$g(x) = \sqrt{x+n} \quad Dg = [-1, +\infty)$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{m-x} + n \quad m-x \geq 0 \rightarrow m \geq x \quad \boxed{m=5}$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{5-x} + n \quad f(4) = \sqrt{5} + n = 4+n$$

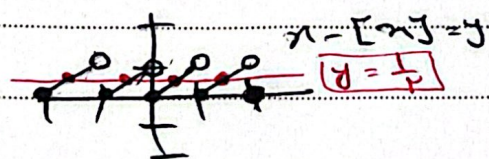
$$g(4) = \sqrt{4} = 2\sqrt{1}$$

$$f - g(4) = 4+n - 2\sqrt{1} = 2\sqrt{1} \quad 4+n = 2\sqrt{1}$$

$$n = [2\sqrt{1} - 4]$$

⑩

$$[-1, 1] \quad x - [x] = \frac{1}{2}$$



$$x = -1/2, -1/2, 0/2, 1/2, 1/2$$

$$\sqrt{5-x} + 2\sqrt{1} - 4$$