

نصف ۲ و ۳ به صورت بازه و فتر A

آرینامه

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow r} \frac{rx - a}{x^r + ax + b} = -\infty \rightarrow \frac{-1}{0^+} = -\infty \rightarrow \frac{0}{0} \text{ صورت } x=r \rightarrow (x-r)^r = x^r - rx + r \rightarrow a = -r, b = r \rightarrow a+b = r-r = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \sqrt[r]{a}} \frac{x}{x^r + ax + b} = +\infty \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt[r]{a}}{0^+} = +\infty \rightarrow \frac{0}{0} \text{ صورت } x = \sqrt[r]{a} \rightarrow (x - \sqrt[r]{a})^r = x^r - r\sqrt[r]{a}x + \frac{r\sqrt[r]{a}}{b}$$

$$\left[\frac{b}{a}\right] = \left[\frac{\sqrt[r]{a}}{-r\sqrt[r]{a}}\right] = \left[-\frac{1}{r}\right] = \left[-\frac{1}{r}\right] = \boxed{-1}$$

$$\sqrt[r]{a} < \sqrt[r]{r} < \sqrt[r]{a} \rightarrow 1 < \sqrt[r]{r} < r$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow (\frac{1}{r})^+} \frac{[-x] + a}{\left|\frac{\sqrt[r]{r}}{r}x + a\right| + a} = -\infty \rightarrow \frac{a-1}{\left|\frac{1}{r} + a\right| + a} = -\infty \rightarrow \frac{a-1}{\frac{1}{r} + ra} = -\infty \rightarrow [a] = \left[-\frac{1}{r}\right] = \boxed{-1}$$

$$\frac{1}{r} + ra > 0 \checkmark \quad \frac{1}{r} + ra < 0 \times \quad \frac{1}{r} + ra < 0 \times \rightarrow ra = -\frac{1}{r} \rightarrow \boxed{a = -\frac{1}{r}}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow (-\frac{1}{r})^+} \frac{19x - [\frac{-r}{x^r}]}{rx + [\frac{r}{x^r}]} = \frac{19x + 19}{rx + 19} = \frac{-1 + 19}{0^+} = \frac{18}{0^+} = \boxed{+\infty}$$

$$x > -\frac{1}{r} \rightarrow x^r < \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow \frac{-r}{x^r} < -19 \rightarrow \left[\frac{-r}{x^r}\right] = -19$$

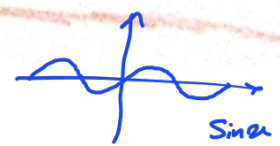
$$\frac{1}{x^r} > r \rightarrow \frac{r}{x^r} > 19 \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} x > -\frac{1}{r} \rightarrow x^r < \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow \frac{1}{x^r} > r \rightarrow \frac{r}{x^r} > 19 \rightarrow \left[\frac{r}{x^r}\right] = 19 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow r^+} \frac{x^r - r}{x^r - [x^r]} = \frac{x^r - r}{(x-r)(x^r + rx + r)} = \frac{r}{1r} = \frac{1}{r} \checkmark$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x^r + 6x + 19}{1r + 9\sqrt[r]{x}} = \frac{(x+1)(x+18)}{1r + 9\sqrt[r]{x}} \rightarrow \frac{0}{0} \rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{(2+1)(2+1)}{9(1+\sqrt[r]{2})} \times \frac{\sqrt[r]{x^r + 1} - \sqrt[r]{x^r}}{\sqrt[r]{x^r + 1} + \sqrt[r]{x^r}} \rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{1r(2+1)}{9} = 2 \times (-9) = -18$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{\sqrt{r+rx} - \sqrt{r-x}}{\sqrt{1-\cos x}} = \frac{0}{0} \times \frac{\sqrt{1+\cos x}}{\sqrt{1+\cos x}} \times \frac{\sqrt{r+rx} + \sqrt{r-x}}{\sqrt{r+rx} + \sqrt{r-x}} = \frac{r+rx - r+x}{1-\cos x} \times \frac{\sqrt{r}}{\sqrt{r}} = \frac{rx}{1-\cos x} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}} = \frac{rx}{1-\cos x} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}} = \boxed{0}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{r+rx - r+x}{\sqrt{1-\cos x}} \times \frac{\sqrt{1+\cos x}}{\sqrt{r}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{rx}{1-\cos x} \times \frac{\sqrt{1+\cos x}}{\sqrt{r}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{2x}{\sin x} \times \frac{\sqrt{1+\cos x}}{\sqrt{r}} = -2$$



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$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{K + \cos(\sqrt{a}x)}{Kx^r} = \frac{0}{0} \rightarrow \frac{K + \sqrt{a}x}{Kx^r} \xrightarrow{HOP} \frac{\sqrt{a}}{rKx}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} K + \cos(\sqrt{a}x) = 0 \rightarrow K + 1 = 0 \rightarrow K = -1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-1 + \cos(\sqrt{a}x)}{-x^r} \xrightarrow{\text{Sijaz}} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-1 + 1 - \frac{(\sqrt{a}x)^2}{2}}{-x^r} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-\frac{ax^2}{2}}{-x^r} = \frac{a}{r} \rightarrow \frac{a}{r} = 4 \rightarrow a = 4$$

$$\frac{a}{K} = \frac{4}{-1} = -4$$

حد خارج صفر و حاصل حد عددی حقیقی و غیر صفر ← حد صورت نیز برابر صفر بوده

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$$\lim_{x \rightarrow (\frac{1}{\sqrt{a}})^+} \frac{r\sqrt{x-a} + r\sqrt{x} - r\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{x-a}\sqrt{x+a}} = \frac{0}{0} \rightarrow x$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}}^+} \frac{r\sqrt{x-a}}{\sqrt{x-a}\sqrt{x+a}} + \frac{r\sqrt{x} - r\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{x-a}\sqrt{x+a}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}}^+} \left(\frac{r}{\sqrt{a}} + \frac{r(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{a})}{\sqrt{x-a}\sqrt{x+a}} \times \frac{\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{a}} \right) \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{F}}{\sqrt{a}} = \sqrt{\frac{F}{a}} = \sqrt{\frac{r}{ra}}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}}^+} \left(\frac{r}{\sqrt{a}} + \frac{r(a-a)}{(\sqrt{x-a}\sqrt{x+a})(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{a})} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}}^+} \left(\frac{r}{\sqrt{a}} + \frac{r\sqrt{x-a} \cdot 0}{(\sqrt{x-a}\sqrt{x+a})(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{a})} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}}^+} \frac{r}{\sqrt{a}} + 0$$

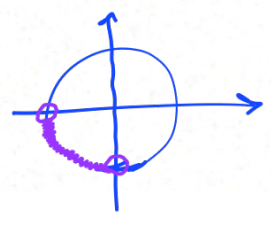
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$$\lim_{x \rightarrow (-1)^-} \frac{1 - K[x]}{x^r - 1} = \frac{0}{0} \rightarrow \begin{cases} -1^+ \rightarrow \frac{1+K}{0^+} = -\infty \rightarrow 1+K > 0 \rightarrow K > -1 \\ -1^- \rightarrow \frac{1+K}{0^+} = -\infty \rightarrow 1+K < 0 \rightarrow K < -\frac{1}{r} \end{cases}$$

$$\rightarrow -1 < K < -\frac{1}{r}$$

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$$-1 < K < -\frac{1}{r} \rightarrow \begin{cases} -\pi < K\pi < -\frac{\pi}{r} \\ -1 < \cos K\pi < 0 \end{cases}$$



رسمی