

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{r_n - a}{n^r + an + b} = \frac{-r}{\infty} = 0 \rightarrow \frac{-r}{(n-r)^r} = \frac{-r}{\frac{n^r - r^n + r^r}{a + b}} = 0 \quad (1)$$

$$a + b = 0$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \sqrt[r]{r}} \frac{n}{n^r + an + b} = \frac{\sqrt[r]{r}}{(n - \sqrt[r]{r})^r} = +\infty \quad (2)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[r]{r}}{n^r - r\sqrt[r]{r} + \sqrt[r]{r^4}} = +\infty \quad \left[\frac{b}{a} \right] = \left[\frac{\sqrt[r]{14}}{-\sqrt[r]{32}} \right] = \left[\frac{-1}{\sqrt[r]{2}} \right] = -1$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{w}}\right)^+} \left[\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} n + a \right] + a = -\infty \rightarrow \left[-\frac{1}{\sqrt{w}} \right] + a = -\infty$$

$$\frac{-1 + a}{\left| \frac{1}{w} + a \right| + a} = -\infty \rightarrow \begin{cases} -1 + a < 0 \rightarrow a < 1 \\ \left| \frac{1}{w} + a \right| + a > 0 \end{cases}$$

برای $a < 1$ داریم $-1 + a < 0$ و $\left| \frac{1}{w} + a \right| + a > 0$ پس $a < -\frac{1}{4}$

برای $a > 1$ داریم $-1 + a > 0$ و $\left| \frac{1}{w} + a \right| + a > 0$ پس $a > 1$

نتیجه: $a < -\frac{1}{4}$ یا $a > 1$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \left(-\frac{1}{r}\right)^+} \frac{14n - \left[-\frac{r}{n^r}\right]}{r^r n + \left[\frac{r}{n^r}\right]} = \frac{-14 + 9}{-1r^r + 1r^r} = \frac{1}{0^+} = +\infty \quad (3)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow r^+} \frac{n^r - r}{n^r - [n^r]} = \frac{n^r - r}{n^r - r} = \frac{(n-r)(n+r)}{(n-r)(n^r + n + r)} = \frac{r}{1r} = \frac{1}{r} \quad (4)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow -1} \frac{n^2 + 1 \cdot n + 12}{12 + 4\sqrt{n}} = \frac{(n+1)(n+12)}{4(12 + \sqrt{n})} = \frac{(n+1)(n+12)(12)}{4(12 + \sqrt{n})} \quad (4)$$

$$= \frac{-4 \times 12}{4} = -12$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{n}} - \sqrt{1-\sqrt{n}}}{\sqrt{1-\cos n}} = \frac{(1+\sqrt{n}) - (1-\sqrt{n})}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{n^2}{2}}} = \frac{2\sqrt{n}}{2\sqrt{2} \times \frac{-n}{\sqrt{2}}} \quad (5)$$

$\hookrightarrow$ L'Hôpital

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{n}}{-2n} = -1$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{k + \cos(\sqrt{a}n)}{kn^2} = \frac{f'}{g'} = \frac{-\sqrt{a} \sin(\sqrt{a}n)}{2kn} = \frac{0}{0} \quad (6)$$

$$f'' \rightarrow \frac{-a \cos(\sqrt{a}n)}{2k} = \frac{-a}{2k} = \frac{0}{0} \rightarrow \boxed{\frac{a}{k} = -1}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt{n^2 - 9a^2} + \sqrt{n^2} - \sqrt{n^2 + 9a^2}}{\sqrt{n^2 - 9a^2}} = \frac{0}{0} \quad (7)$$

$\hookrightarrow (\sqrt{n^2 - 9a^2})(\sqrt{n^2 + 9a^2})$

$$\frac{\sqrt{n^2 - 9a^2}}{(\sqrt{n^2 - 9a^2})(\sqrt{n^2 + 9a^2})} + \frac{\sqrt{n^2}}{(\sqrt{n^2 - 9a^2})(\sqrt{n^2 + 9a^2})} - \frac{\sqrt{n^2 + 9a^2}}{(\sqrt{n^2 - 9a^2})(\sqrt{n^2 + 9a^2}) \times \sqrt{n^2 + 9a^2}}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2 + 9a^2}} + 0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2 + 9a^2}}$$

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$$\lim_{n \rightarrow -1} \frac{1 - K[n]}{n^2 - 1} = -\infty$$

$(-1)^+$ $\frac{1 + K}{0^-} = -\infty \rightarrow K > -1$
 $(-1)^-$ $\frac{1 + 2K}{0^+} = -\infty \rightarrow K < -\frac{1}{2}$

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$$\rightarrow -1 \left\{ K < -\frac{1}{2} \right\} \rightarrow -\pi < K\pi < -\frac{\pi}{2} \rightarrow \text{Principal}$$

