

(1) a - تساوی زیر را بفصل و بسط عزم

$$\Delta = 0 \rightarrow (m+3)^2 - 12m = 0 \rightarrow m^2 - 4m + 9 = 0 \rightarrow (m-3)^2 = 0 \rightarrow \underline{m=3}$$

$$\text{عزم} = \sqrt{2}n^2 + a^2 \xrightarrow{n=3} \sqrt{2}a^2 + a^2 = 0 \rightarrow a = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}} \frac{\sqrt{2}(n+\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}})^2}{\sqrt{2}n^2 + \frac{1}{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2} |n+\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}|}{\sqrt{2} |n^2 + \frac{1}{2}|} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}$$

$\hookrightarrow 2 |n+\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}|$

(2)

$$\frac{\sqrt{2} \tan b}{\sqrt{1-2n}} \xrightarrow{n=3} \frac{\sqrt{2} \tan b}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3} \rightarrow \sqrt{2} \tan b = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3} \rightarrow \tan b = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{3}$$

$\checkmark \underline{b = \frac{\pi}{4}}$

(2) حدود و بی سرست فست و بسط عزم $n=1$

$$an^2 - an + b = 0 \xrightarrow{n=1} a - a + b = 0 \rightarrow a - b = 0$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} a - b = 0 \\ a + b = -1 \end{array} \right\} a = 2, b = -3$$

$$n^2 + an + b \xrightarrow{n=1} 1 + a + b = 0 \rightarrow a + b = -1$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} b - 2a \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} = -3 \checkmark$$

(2)

$$f(1) = f'(1) \rightarrow \tan \frac{\pi}{6} = \frac{(x-1)(x+2)}{a(1-x)} \rightarrow -1 = \frac{3}{-a} \rightarrow a = 3 \quad (3)$$

$$f(0) = f'(0) \rightarrow b(10) = \frac{21}{-12} \rightarrow b = -\frac{7}{4} \quad ab = -\frac{21}{4}$$

(4) جمله های 1, 2 و 3 تأثیری در پیرامونی ندارند

$$f(n) = a[n] + a + b[n] + b[a] + b \rightarrow [n](a+b) \rightarrow a+b \text{ باید صفر شود}$$

تا پیرامونی نشوند (عامل صفر کننده پشت برآید)

$$a = -b \text{ بزرگی, } (a-a)[n] + a - a[a] - a = -a[a]$$

$$\frac{a[a]}{-a[0]} = -1$$

(5) باید کامل صفر کننده پشت برآید با پیرامونی سازد $b=0$

$$f'(x) = -2a \rightarrow f(a) = -2a \rightarrow \frac{a}{-2a} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

(6) $a^2 + am + n = 0$ در پیرامونی a , $a^2 + 2am + n = 0$ $f(a) = 0$

$$a^2 + am + n = a^2 + 2am + n \rightarrow -a^2 = am \rightarrow m = -\frac{a}{2}$$

$$a^2 - 2a^2 + n = 0 \rightarrow n = a^2$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow a} \frac{n^2 - 2an + a^2}{a-n} = \frac{(n-a)(n-a)}{(a-n)} = -(a-a) = 0 = 2$$

$$m = -4 \quad n = 1 \rightarrow 1 + 4 = 5$$

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$$n \rightarrow 0^+ \rightarrow (1-a)(0) + (ra^r - 1)(-1) = 1 - ra^r \quad (V)$$

$$n \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow b \sin \frac{\pi}{r}$$

$$n \rightarrow 0^- \rightarrow (1-a)(-1) + (ra^r - 1)(0) = a - 1 \rightarrow 1 - ra^r = a - 1$$

$$\rightarrow ra^r + a - r = 0 \quad \begin{cases} a = -1 \\ a = \frac{r}{r} \end{cases} \rightarrow 1 - ra^r = 1 - \frac{r}{r} = 0 \quad a - 1 = \frac{r}{r} - 1 = 0$$

$$b \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{a}\right) = b \sin(-\pi) = 0 \rightarrow a \neq -1 \text{ پس } b \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{a}\right) = b \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{r}\right) = -b \rightarrow b = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\frac{a}{b} = \frac{\frac{r}{r}}{\frac{1}{r}} = r$$

تابع بالا بر (n-1) بخش نبریم $\rightarrow \frac{|n-1| |n+m+1|}{|n-1| (m|n+1|+1)} \xrightarrow{n=1} \frac{|m+1|}{r_m+1} = \frac{m}{m+r} \quad (A)$

$$m \rightarrow -r \rightarrow -m^r - \epsilon_m - \epsilon = rma^r + m \rightarrow rma^r + 0m + \epsilon = 0 \rightarrow \Delta < 0 \quad X$$

$$n \rightarrow r \rightarrow \frac{|a^r + fa - \Delta|}{r|a-1||a+1|+|a-1|} = \frac{|a-1|(r+1)}{r|a-1|(r+1)+|a-1|} \rightarrow \lim_{a \rightarrow \frac{r}{r}} \frac{a+r}{r \frac{a}{r} + 1} = \frac{\frac{r}{r}}{\frac{r}{r} + 1} = \frac{r}{r+1} \quad (1,0)$$

$$m \rightarrow -r \rightarrow m + \epsilon_m + \epsilon = rma^r + m \rightarrow m - rma^r - \epsilon = 0$$

$$n \rightarrow \epsilon \rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow \frac{1}{r}} f(n) = \frac{\frac{r}{r}}{\frac{1}{14}} = \boxed{\frac{r}{14}} \quad n \rightarrow -1 \rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow -1} f(n) = \boxed{1}$$

تابع را بسازیم (A)

صورت را خارج کنیم از مخرج $\rightarrow \sqrt{r} |a^r + a| = 0 \rightarrow a = 0 \quad X \rightarrow f(n) = 0$ غلط

با پر هفتم شروع $n = a$ $\rightarrow a = -1 \quad \checkmark \rightarrow |-1 + (n-r) + 1| = 0$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{r} |-n-1|}{|n^r+1|} = \frac{\sqrt{r} |n+1|}{|n+1| |n^r+n+1|} = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \quad m=r \quad (V)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{n^r + |a|}{n^r + a|n|} = \frac{|n|^r + |n|}{|n|^r + a|n|} = \frac{|n|(1|n|^{r-1} + 1)}{|n|(1|n|^{r-1} + a)} = \frac{|n| + 1}{|n| + a} \quad (10)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{n^r + |a|}{n^r + a|n|} \rightarrow \frac{r a + 1}{r(a+1)} = \frac{1}{a} \rightarrow r a^r - a = r a + r$$

$$r a^r - r a - r = 0 \rightarrow a = r$$

$$a = -\frac{1}{r} \quad \text{X}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \frac{1}{r}} f(n) = \boxed{\frac{r}{a}} \quad \lim_{n \rightarrow -r} f(n) = \boxed{r} \quad \text{જો}$$