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ایلا فنونیا

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} a + |x| & x < 1 \\ b\sqrt{x^2} & x \geq 1 \end{cases}$$

۱. دو = مشتق جزئی نوبت.

$$b\sqrt{x^2} \rightarrow b \times \left(\frac{x}{x}\right) \rightarrow b = \frac{x}{x}$$

(۲)

$$a + b = a + b - 1 = \frac{x}{x} - 1 = \frac{1}{x} \quad a + b = \frac{x}{x} + \frac{1}{x} = 2$$

$$(f - g)'(1) = \frac{1^2 - 1}{\sqrt{2^2}} = \frac{1(\sqrt{2^2 + 1} + \sqrt{2^2})}{\sqrt{2^2}} \quad ۲$$

$$1^2 - 1 = 1 - 1 = 0 \quad 1(\sqrt{2^2 + 1} + \sqrt{2^2}) = \frac{-1\sqrt{2^2}}{\sqrt{2^2}} = -\sqrt{2^2} \quad ۲$$

$$(-1\sqrt{2^2}) \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right) \frac{1}{4} = \frac{\sqrt{2^2}}{4}$$

$$b = \frac{1}{a^2} \rightarrow ba^2 = 1$$

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$$ba + c = \frac{1}{a} \rightarrow ba^2 + ac = 1 \rightarrow 1 + ac = 1 \rightarrow ac = 0 \quad ۲$$

$$b = b + (a - a)^m \rightarrow \text{با مقدارها برابر باشند اما مشتق ها نابرابر باشند} \quad ۲$$

$$a = a \quad \text{اگر در مشتق } m \text{ برابر باشد}$$

$$0 \neq m(a - a)^{m-1} \times 1 \rightarrow m - 1 = 0 \rightarrow m = 1 \quad ۲$$

$$(f \circ g)'(n) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2^{2n} - 1}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2^{2n}}} \quad ۲$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow (f \circ g)'(n) = 1 \rightarrow (f \circ g)'(\sqrt{2^2}) = 1$$

$$f'(w) = a \quad .4$$

$$f(w) = \frac{w}{p} \rightarrow -a + \frac{w}{p} \rightarrow \frac{w}{p} = a \rightarrow w = ap$$

$$f(w) = \frac{9}{p} = \frac{10}{p} = \frac{1}{p} \rightarrow \frac{1}{p} = \frac{1}{p} \rightarrow \frac{1}{p} = \frac{1}{p}$$

$$f(w) = \frac{w}{p} \rightarrow \frac{1}{p} = \frac{1}{p} \rightarrow \frac{1}{p} = \frac{1}{p}$$

$$g'(x) = \frac{-x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} = \frac{-x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} = -\frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \quad .5$$

$$g\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{3}{4}}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{4}}} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}} = 2$$

$$\frac{1\sqrt{3} \times 4}{-12\sqrt{3}} = -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$f(x+1) + f(x+1) = 2f(x+1) \Rightarrow f(-1) + f(1) \quad .6$$

$$g'(-1) = f'(-1) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(-1)^2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-1}} = \frac{1}{0} = \infty$$

$$\frac{f(0-h) - f(0-h-1)}{h(0-h)} = \frac{f(0-h) - f(0-h-1)}{0-h} = \frac{f(0-h) - f(0-h-1)}{-h}$$

$$f(0) = (0-1)\sqrt{0+1} = -1 \quad f'(0) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+0}} = 1 \quad \frac{1}{1} = 1$$

$$\frac{f(0) - f(0)}{0} = \frac{0}{0} = 0$$

$$49 - 12 = 37 \rightarrow y = \frac{1}{p}x + \frac{1}{p} \rightarrow \frac{1}{p} = \frac{1}{p} \rightarrow \frac{1}{p} = \frac{1}{p} \quad .10$$

$$x^2 = 1 \rightarrow x = 1 \rightarrow y = 1 \rightarrow x = 1 \rightarrow y = 1$$

$$y = (1)^2 - 1 = 0 \rightarrow (1, 0)$$