

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} a + \sqrt{x} & x < 1 \\ b\sqrt{x} & x \geq 1 \end{cases}$$

→

برای پیوسته بودن در نقطه ۱ بررسی می کنیم

$$a + 1 = b$$

$$\frac{f}{x\sqrt{x}} = \frac{b \times \sqrt{x}}{x\sqrt{x}} \rightarrow \text{مقدار در نقطه صاف زدن}$$

$$\frac{1}{x^2} = \frac{b}{x} \Rightarrow b = \frac{1}{x} \Rightarrow a = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$a + b = 2$$

$$f(x) = \frac{(x-1)}{\sqrt{x}} \rightarrow f'(1) = \frac{-1 \times 1 - 1}{\sqrt{1}} = \frac{-2}{1} = -2$$

$$= \frac{-2 - \frac{1}{x^2}(1)}{1} = \frac{-2 - 1}{1} = -3$$

$$g(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x-1} + \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}} = \frac{1 \times (x-1) + \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}} = \frac{x-1+\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}} = \frac{(-1+\sqrt{x})(\sqrt{x}) - \frac{1}{x}}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$= \frac{-1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{1}{x}(1+\sqrt{x})}{1} = \frac{-1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}}{1} = \frac{-1 - \frac{1}{x}}{1} = -1 - \frac{1}{x}$$

$$f'(1) - 2g'(1) = -\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{x} = \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{x} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{x}} = \frac{2}{1} = 2$$

$$f'(1) - 2g'(1) = -\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{x} = \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{x} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{x}} = \frac{2}{1} = 2$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} bx+c & x < a \\ \frac{1}{x} & x \geq a \end{cases}$$

→ $ba+c = \frac{1}{a} \rightarrow b\sqrt{a} + ca = 1$
 $ca = 2$

$x \geq a$ برای صاف شدن $b = -\frac{1}{a^2} \Rightarrow b = -\frac{1}{a^2}$
 $ba^2 = -1$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} b & x < a \rightarrow f'(a) = 0 \\ b + (x-a)^m & x \geq a \rightarrow f'(a) = m(x-a)^{m-1} \Rightarrow m=1 \rightarrow f'(a) = 1 \end{cases}$$

اینجا پیوستگی را بررسی می کنیم

باید به صاف شدن نگاه کنیم

که فقط به ازای $m=1$ پیوستگی دارد اما مشتق ندارد

2 -

$$1 = (60 f) \leftarrow v_0 = \frac{\frac{v_0}{1} \cdot \frac{v_0}{1}}{1} = \frac{B \lambda \sqrt{v_0}}{1} = \frac{v_0}{f} (60 f)$$

$$((\lambda \sqrt{v_0} - 16), \frac{1}{f}) \quad (\lambda \sqrt{v_0} - 16), 16$$

$$y = -ax - b \rightarrow y = -r^2a - b \rightarrow f'(r) = -a$$

$$-a - (-r^2a - b) = -\frac{a}{r^2} + r^2a + b = r$$

$$ra = -r^2 \rightarrow a = -\frac{r}{r^2}$$

$$\rightarrow f(r) = -\frac{1}{r^2}$$

$$\hookrightarrow f'(r) = \frac{1}{r^2} = -\frac{1}{r^2}$$

$$(f \circ g)' \Rightarrow$$

$$f \circ g = (x [x^{\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{1}{x}])^{\frac{1}{2}} + 1 = 19x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 1$$

-v

$$g(\frac{x}{\sqrt{x}}) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{x}{\sqrt{x}} - 1}} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} - 1}$$

$$(f \circ g)'_{x=1} = 19 \times 1 = 19$$

$$(f \circ g)' = \underbrace{g'(x)}_{-\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}} \underbrace{f'(g(\frac{x}{\sqrt{x}}))}_{19} =$$

$$g(x) = (x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 1)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$g'(x) = -\frac{1}{2} (x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 1)^{-\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$g'(\frac{x}{\sqrt{x}}) = -\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} = -\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$\frac{19 \times (-\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}})}{-19\sqrt{x}} = \frac{19}{2\sqrt{x}} = \frac{19}{2\sqrt{1}} = \frac{19}{2}$$

$$\frac{19 \times (-\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}})}{-19\sqrt{x}} = \frac{19}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$f'(-1) = \frac{r}{1} \rightarrow f'(r) = \frac{r}{1}$$

$$g'(x) = f'(x+1) + r f'(rx+1)$$

$$g'(-1) = f'(-1) + r f'(r) \rightarrow g'(r) = r$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f'(d-h) + r f'(d-h) + r \frac{r}{d} (1+d) - f'(d-h) + r f'(d-h) + r f'(\frac{r}{d} (d-h))}{-h + dh}$$

$$\frac{-r}{dh}$$

$$f'(x) = 1 \times \sqrt{x} = r$$

$$f'(d) = \sqrt{d+r} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+r+q}} (d-r) = r + \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+r}} \times 1 = \frac{r}{1}$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{r}{d} + \frac{r}{d}}{\frac{r}{d}} = \frac{-\frac{r}{d}}{\frac{r}{d}} = -1$$

$$4y - 1^2x = 1$$

$$4y = 1^2x + 1$$

$$y = \frac{1^2}{4}x + \frac{1}{4} \rightarrow m = \frac{1}{4} \rightarrow \underline{m' = -\frac{1}{4}}$$

$$f(x) = x^2 - 1^2x + 2 \rightarrow f'(x) = 2x - 1^2 = -1$$

$$2x = 1 \rightarrow x = 1$$

$$\rightarrow (1, 2)$$

$$1 - 1^2(1) + 2 = 2$$