

Apakah

Lu p₁ p₂
-1 p₁ p₂

$$f(n) = \begin{cases} a + \sqrt[n]{n} & ; n < 1 \\ b \sqrt[n]{n} & ; n > 1 \end{cases}$$

→ IR → ∞

→ ∞ → ∞

n > 1 → ∞

$$n=1 \rightarrow a+1=b$$

$$f(n) = \begin{cases} a + \sqrt[n]{n} & ; n > 0 \\ b \sqrt[n]{n} & ; n < 0 \end{cases} \rightarrow a+1=b$$

$$b \sqrt[n]{n} \rightarrow (a+1) \sqrt[n]{n} \rightarrow f'(n) = \frac{r_n a}{r_n \sqrt[n]{n}} + \frac{r_n}{r_n \sqrt[n]{n}}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{r_n a}{r_n \sqrt[n]{n}} + \frac{r_n}{r_n \sqrt[n]{n}} = \frac{r_n a + r_n}{r_n \sqrt[n]{n}} = 1 \rightarrow r_n a + r_n = \sqrt[n]{n} \xrightarrow{n=1}$$

$$\rightarrow r_n a + r_n = \sqrt[n]{n} \rightarrow r_n = 1 \rightarrow a = \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow a+b = \left(\frac{a}{r} \right)$$

$$b = \frac{1}{r} + 1 = \frac{r}{r}$$

$$f(n) = \frac{|r_n - \epsilon|}{r_n \sqrt[n]{n}}$$

$$g(n) = \frac{\sqrt[n]{n^r - \epsilon n + \epsilon} + \sqrt[n]{r_n}}{r_n \sqrt[n]{n}}$$

f, g

$$f'(1) - g'(1) = ?$$

$$f(n) = \frac{-r_n + \epsilon}{r_n \sqrt[n]{n}} \rightarrow f'(n) = -r \left(\frac{r_n}{r_n \sqrt[n]{n}} \right) - \frac{r_n}{r_n \sqrt[n]{n}} \left(\frac{-r_n + \epsilon}{(r_n \sqrt[n]{n})^2} \right)$$

$$f'(1) = -r - \frac{r}{r} (r) = -r - \frac{\epsilon}{r} = -\frac{b}{r}$$

$$g(n) = \frac{r_n - \epsilon + \sqrt[n]{r_n}}{r_n \sqrt[n]{n}} = \left(-1 + \frac{r_n}{r_n \sqrt[n]{n}} \right) \left(\frac{r_n}{r_n \sqrt[n]{n}} \right) - \frac{r_n}{r_n \sqrt[n]{n}} \left(\frac{r_n - \epsilon + \sqrt[n]{r_n}}{(r_n \sqrt[n]{n})^2} \right)$$

$$\left(-1 + \frac{r_n}{r_n \sqrt[n]{n}} \right) = \frac{-r_n \sqrt[n]{n} + r_n}{r_n \sqrt[n]{n}} = \frac{r}{r} (1 + \sqrt[n]{n}) \rightarrow \frac{-4r_n + \epsilon - \epsilon \sqrt[n]{n} - r}{4 \sqrt[n]{n}}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{-4r_n + \epsilon - \epsilon \sqrt[n]{n} - r}{4 \sqrt[n]{n}}$$

$$\frac{r}{r} + \frac{r \sqrt[n]{n}}{r} = \frac{r + r \sqrt[n]{n}}{r}$$

$$f'(x) = f'(0) = -\frac{10}{\mu} - \frac{x}{\mu\sqrt{\mu}} = -\frac{10\sqrt{\mu} + \sqrt{\mu}x}{\mu\sqrt{\mu}} = -\frac{\sqrt{\mu}}{\mu\sqrt{\mu}} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{\mu}}$$

سوال ۳

$f(n) = \begin{cases} bn + c & n < a \\ \frac{1}{n} & n \geq a \end{cases}$

اگر $a < 1$ و $b > 0$ و $c > 0$ و $n \geq 0$ باشد، $f(n)$ را Θ کنید.

$$\underline{u=a}, ab+c = \frac{1}{a} \rightarrow b = -\frac{1}{a^2} \rightarrow -\frac{1}{a} + c = \frac{1}{a} \rightarrow$$
$$\rightarrow c = \frac{2}{a} \rightarrow \boxed{ac=2}$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} b & ; x < a \\ b + (x - a)^m & ; x \geq a \end{cases}$$

$f'_-(a) = 0 \xrightarrow{m=0} f'_+(a) = 0 \rightarrow \text{good}$
 $f'_-(a) \neq 0 \xrightarrow{m=0} f'_+(a) = 1 \rightarrow \text{good} \rightarrow \text{فقط } m=1 \text{ نیاز داریم}$

$$f(n) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{n-1}} \quad g(n) = \frac{1}{n^3 - (n^2)} \quad - \text{O} \frac{1}{n^2}$$

$$g'(-\sqrt[n]{r}) \cdot g'(\sqrt[n]{r}) = (\log(r))' \Rightarrow \log(r) = \frac{1}{\sqrt[n]{r^{2n}} - |\frac{1}{r^n}|} = \frac{1}{\sqrt[n]{r^{2n}}}$$

$$y = -am - \omega \quad f'(r) - f(r) = r \quad -4/200$$

$$\frac{f(r)}{f'(r)} \rightarrow$$

$$-a + ra + \omega = ra + \omega = r \quad \left[\begin{array}{l} f'(r) = a \\ f(r) = -ra - \omega \end{array} \right. \rightarrow r = -r$$

$$\rightarrow a = -\frac{r}{r} \rightarrow \frac{f(r)}{f'(r)} = \frac{-r - \omega}{\frac{r}{r}} = \left(-\frac{1}{r} \right)$$

$$f(r) = \left(r \left(r^r + \frac{1}{r} \right) \right)^r + 1 \quad g(r) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{r^r - 1}} \quad -V/200$$

$$(f \circ g)' \left(\frac{r}{r} \right) \rightarrow g' \left(\frac{r}{r} \right) f' \left(g \left(\frac{r}{r} \right) \right) \rightarrow g' \left(\frac{r}{r} \right) \times f'(r)$$

$$\left[r^r + \frac{1}{r} \right] = \varepsilon \rightarrow f'(r) = \frac{r}{r} \rightarrow 4\varepsilon$$

$$g'(r) = -\frac{r}{r \sqrt{r^r - 1}} = \frac{-\frac{r}{\sqrt{r}}}{\frac{r}{\sqrt{r}}} = \frac{-\varepsilon}{\sqrt{r}} = \frac{-\varepsilon \sqrt{r}}{r}$$

$$\frac{-\varepsilon \sqrt{r} \times 4\varepsilon}{-1 \times \sqrt{r}} \quad \text{①}$$

$$g'(r) = f'(r+1) = r f'(r+1)$$

$$g'(-1) = f'(-1) + r f'(\varepsilon)$$

$$f'(-1) = f'(\varepsilon) = \frac{r}{r} \quad -1/200$$

$$g'(-1) = \frac{r}{r} + \frac{r}{r} = \text{②}$$

Scb6

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f'(a-h) - \overbrace{f'(a-h)}^t + r}{h(a-h)}$$

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$$f(h) = (a-h)^{\frac{1}{r}}$$

$$\frac{f' - r + r}{h(a-h)} = \frac{(t-1)(a-h)}{h(a-h)}$$

$$\frac{f(a-h) - f(a)}{a-h} = \frac{f(a-h) - r}{h} = \frac{f'(a)}{a} \quad \left(= -\frac{a}{1/r} \right)$$

$$uy = \frac{1}{m+1} \rightarrow y = \frac{1}{r} m + \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow m = \frac{1}{r} \quad -10$$

$$r_m - \varepsilon = f$$

$$n = \# \rightarrow (1, r)$$

$$-r \leftarrow \text{selection}$$

Schö