

$$f(x) = a$$

$$m = \frac{a-1}{x-0} = \frac{x}{x} \rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{x}{x}$$

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$$y = \frac{x-1}{x+1} = \frac{1}{x} \rightarrow y = \frac{1}{x} + b \quad (x, y) \rightarrow b = \frac{x}{x} \rightarrow y = \frac{x+x}{x}$$

$$\frac{x+x}{x} = \sqrt{ax-1} \rightarrow \frac{x^2 + 2x + 1}{x} = ax-1 \rightarrow x^2 + 2x + 1 = ax^2 - ax \rightarrow x^2 + (2+a)x + 1 = 0$$

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$$(1-a)^2 - 4 = 0 \rightarrow 1-a = \pm 2 \rightarrow a = 2 \text{ یا } a = -1 \rightarrow \text{مطلوبه}$$

$$a = 2 \rightarrow f(x) = \sqrt{x+1} \rightarrow f(0) = \sqrt{1} = 1$$

$$x=1 \rightarrow y = \frac{x}{x}$$

$$\frac{(x+m)(x^2) - (x^2+mx+1)}{(x^2)^2} = \frac{x^3 + 4x + m-1}{(x^2)^2} \xrightarrow{x=1} \frac{4+m}{14} = \frac{x}{x} \rightarrow m = 2$$

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$$y = \frac{1+x+1}{x} = 1 \rightarrow f(x) = x \rightarrow x=1 \rightarrow m=2$$

$$g'\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}}{2}\right) - f'\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}}{2}\right) = (g-f)'\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}}{2}\right) \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{a}{a+\sin x} - \frac{x - \sin^2 x}{a - \sin^2 x} = \frac{x - 2\sin x + \sin^2 x}{a - \sin^2 x} = \frac{-\sin x (2 - \sin x)}{a - \sin^2 x} = -\sin x \rightarrow$$

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$$-\sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}}{2}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2}$$

$$(f \circ g)'(g^x) = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{x^2+1} + \frac{1}{x^2+1}}} = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{\frac{2}{x^2+1}}} = \frac{-1}{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{x}} = -\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}}$$

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$$f \circ g = x \rightarrow (f \circ g)' = -1$$

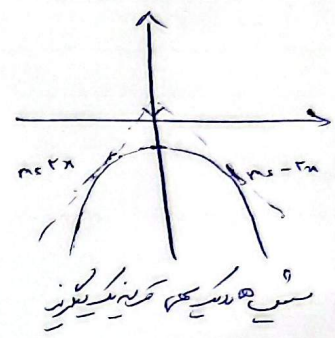
$$g(x) = \frac{f(x)-1}{x} \rightarrow \left(\frac{\sin x - 1}{\sin x + 1} \right)^r - 1 \xrightarrow[\sin x \sim x]{\text{L'Hopital}} \frac{x^r - (x+1) - x^r - x - 1}{x^r + x + 1} \rightarrow -1$$

$$\frac{-rx}{x^r + x + 1} \rightarrow \frac{-rx}{x^r + x + 1} \xrightarrow{x \rightarrow 0} -r$$

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$$r(x+1) - rx = 1 \rightarrow x^r = \frac{1}{r}$$

$y = -x^r - 1 \rightarrow y = \frac{-1}{r}$
 دایره
 در $x=1$ و $x=0$ (در $x=0$ و $x=1$)



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$$f(x) = r x^{\frac{1}{r}} \left(r x^{\frac{1}{r}-1} + \frac{1}{r} x^{-\frac{1}{r}} \right) \rightarrow f'(x) = r x^{\frac{1}{r}} + \frac{1}{r} x^{-\frac{1}{r}}$$

$$\frac{f(a)-f(0)}{a-0} = f'(a) \rightarrow f(a) = a f'(a) \rightarrow$$

$$r a^{\frac{1}{r}} + \frac{1}{r} a^{-\frac{1}{r}} = a \left(r a^{\frac{1}{r}-1} + \frac{1}{r} a^{-\frac{1}{r}} \right) \rightarrow r a^{\frac{1}{r}} + \frac{1}{r} a^{-\frac{1}{r}} = r a^{\frac{1}{r}} + \frac{1}{r} a^{-\frac{1}{r}}$$

$$r a^{\frac{1}{r}} = r a^{\frac{1}{r}} \rightarrow f a^r = 1 \rightarrow a^r = \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow a = \frac{1}{r^r} \rightarrow a = \frac{1}{r^r}$$

$\frac{1}{r} = \text{دایره}$

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$$A(a, f(a)) \rightarrow m = \frac{f(a)-f(0)}{a-0} = f'(a) \rightarrow f(a) = a f'(a) \rightarrow$$

$$x \times \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} (-2x^2 + x + 1) - (-2x + 1)(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}})}{(-2x^2 + x + 1)^2} = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{-2x^2 + x + 1} \rightarrow$$

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$$\frac{4a^r - a + 1}{r a (-2a^2 + a + 1)^2} = \frac{\sqrt{a}}{-2a^2 + a + 1} \rightarrow a(4a^r - a + 1) = r a (-2a^2 + a + 1) \rightarrow 4a^{r+1} - a^2 + a = -2ra^3 + ra^2 + ra \rightarrow a^2 = \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow a = \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}}$$

$$g(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2-1}} \rightarrow g\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}}{r}\right) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}}{r}\right)^2 - 1}} = r^{\frac{1}{2}} \rightarrow [x] = r$$

$$f \circ g(x) = \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2-1}} \right)^r = \frac{1}{(x^2-1)^{\frac{r}{2}}} \xrightarrow{\text{L'Hopital}}$$

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$$f \circ g\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}}{r}\right) = r^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2-1}} \right)^r \times \frac{-1}{(x^2-1)} \times rx = \frac{-rx}{(x^2-1)^{\frac{r}{2}}} = \frac{-rx}{\frac{1}{r}} = -rx^2$$

$\frac{-1}{(x^2-1)^{\frac{r}{2}}}$