

①  $f(x) = \Delta$  اورینت سیرینا  
 $f(0) = 1 \left\{ m = \frac{\Delta - 1}{\mu - 0} = \frac{\mu}{\mu} \rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{\mu}{\mu}$

②  $A \mid Ax_0$   
 $\sqrt{ax_0 - 1}$   $m = \frac{1 - \mu}{-1 - \mu} = \frac{-1}{-\mu} = \frac{1}{\mu}$   
 $\rightarrow y = \frac{x}{\mu} + \frac{\mu}{\mu}$

$\frac{x}{\mu} + \frac{\mu}{\mu} = \sqrt{ax - 1} \quad (x + \mu) = \mu \sqrt{ax - 1}$

$x^2 + \mu x + \mu^2 = 9ax - 9 \quad x^2 + (\mu - 9a)x + \mu^2 + 9 = 0$

$\Delta = 9a^2 - 4(\mu^2 + 9) = 0 \quad -9a = -1 \Rightarrow a = \frac{1}{9}$   
 $+9a = \mu \Rightarrow a = \frac{\mu}{9}$

$a = \frac{\mu}{9} \rightarrow x^2 - 10x + 40 = 0 \rightarrow \boxed{x = 4}$

نقطه سیرینا  $f(x) = \sqrt{x(x) - 1} = \mu \rightarrow f(x) = \mu$

③  $y = \frac{\mu x + n}{\mu} \quad \mid \frac{\mu}{\mu} \quad \mid \frac{\mu}{\mu + \mu m + 1}$

$\frac{\mu + n}{\mu \mu} = \frac{\mu m + \mu}{\mu \mu} \quad \mu \mu + \mu \mu = 9 + \mu n \rightarrow \mu n = 1$   
 $9m + \mu = 9 + \mu n \rightarrow 9m - \mu n = 1$   
 $y' = \frac{\mu}{\mu}$   
 $y' = \frac{(\mu x + n)(\mu) - (\mu^2 + m\mu + 1)}{(\mu + \mu)^2}$

$\frac{(\mu + m)(\mu) - (\mu + n)}{(\mu + \mu)^2} = \frac{\mu}{\mu^2}$

$\cancel{\mu} + \mu m - \mu = \mu \Rightarrow \boxed{m = \frac{\mu}{\mu}} \rightarrow \mu \frac{9}{\mu} - \mu n = 1$

$n = \frac{\mu}{9} \Rightarrow \frac{\mu}{\mu} + \frac{\mu}{9} = \frac{9 + \mu}{\mu} = \frac{\mu \mu}{\mu^2}$

Arman

$$\textcircled{1} f(n) = \frac{(p - \sin n)(q + p \sin n + \sin^2 n)}{(p - \sin n)(p + \sin n)}$$

$$(p g(n) - f(n))' = \left( \frac{q - (q + p \sin n + \sin^2 n)}{p + \sin n} \right)$$

$$= \frac{-\sin n (p + \sin n)}{p + \sin n} = (-\sin n)' = -\cos n \rightarrow n = \frac{d}{dx}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{p}$$

$$\textcircled{2} (f \circ g)' = \frac{f'(g(x)) \cdot g'(x)}{1} = \frac{f'\left(\frac{1}{x^2 + |x^4|}\right) \cdot \left| \frac{-2x}{x^2 + |x^4|} \right|}{1} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$\textcircled{3} g(n) = \frac{f(n) - 1}{n} \xrightarrow{\text{L'Hop}} \frac{f'(n)}{1} = g'(n) \quad n \rightarrow 0$$

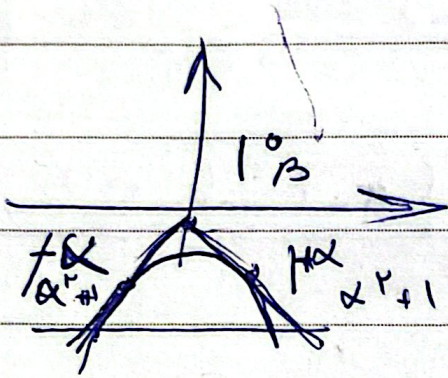
$$f(n) = \left(1 - \frac{p}{1 + \sin n}\right)^p \rightarrow f'(n) =$$

$$p \left(1 - \frac{p}{1 + \sin n}\right)^{p-1} \left(+ \frac{p}{1 + \sin n^2}\right) \times (\cos n)$$

$$p \left(1 - \frac{p}{-1}\right) \times p \times (1) = -p$$

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(v)



$$\frac{\alpha^{r+1} - B}{\alpha - 0} \times \frac{\alpha^{r+1} - B}{-\alpha - 0} = -1$$

~~$(\alpha^{r+1} - B) = \alpha^r$~~

$$(\alpha^{r+1} - B)^r = \alpha^r$$

~~$\alpha + B$~~   
 ~~$\alpha + C$~~