

$g(\sqrt{x}) : |x| = x \Rightarrow \sqrt{x} > 0 \Rightarrow g(x) = \frac{1}{x^2} \Rightarrow g(\sqrt{x}) = \frac{1}{x^2} = \frac{1}{4} / g'(\sqrt{x}) = -\frac{\Delta}{(\sqrt{x})^3} \quad (15)$   
 $= -\frac{\Delta}{x^2 \cdot 3/2}$   
 $\Rightarrow f(x) = -(x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}} \Rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{1}{2}(x^2)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \Rightarrow x = 1/4 \Rightarrow f'(1/4) = \frac{1}{2} (\frac{1}{4})^{-\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{1} = \frac{1}{1}$   
 $\Rightarrow g'(\sqrt{x}) f'(g(\sqrt{x})) = -1 \quad \checkmark$

$f(x) = 1 + \sin g(x)$   
 $g(x) = \frac{f(x)-1}{x} \Rightarrow u(x) = \frac{\sin x - 1}{1 + \sin x} \Rightarrow f'(x) = u(x)^2 \Rightarrow f'(x) = 2u(x) \cdot u'(x)$   
 $x=0 \Rightarrow \sin 0 = 0 \Rightarrow u'(x) = \frac{\cos x (1 + \sin x) - (\sin x - 1) \cos x}{(1 + \sin x)^2} \xrightarrow{x=0} u'(0) = \frac{1 \cdot 1 - (-1) \cdot 1}{1^2} = 2$   
 $f'(0) = 2(-1)(2) = -4 \Rightarrow \text{leri } g(x) = -4 \quad \checkmark$

$x^2 + 1 = c \Rightarrow x = \pm \sqrt{c-1} \Rightarrow A(\sqrt{c-1}, c), B(-\sqrt{c-1}, c)$   
 $y = x^2 + 1 \Rightarrow y' = 2x \Rightarrow m_1 = 2\sqrt{c-1}$   
 $m_2 = -2\sqrt{c-1}$   
 $m_1 m_2 = -1 \Rightarrow (2\sqrt{c-1})(-2\sqrt{c-1}) = -1 \Rightarrow c = \frac{5}{4}$   
 $y = c \Rightarrow |c| = \frac{5}{4} \quad \checkmark$

$f'(a) = \frac{f(a)}{a} / f'(x) = 2(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}})(x^2 + 1) + \sqrt{x}(2x) = \frac{2x^2 + 2}{\sqrt{x}} + 2x\sqrt{x}$   
 $f(a) = \frac{f(a)}{a} \Rightarrow \frac{f(a^2 + 1)}{\sqrt{a}} \Rightarrow \frac{f(a^2 + 1)}{\sqrt{a}} + 2a\sqrt{a} = 2 \frac{f(a^2 + 1)}{\sqrt{a}} \Rightarrow 2a^2 = 2 \Rightarrow a = 1$   
 $m = f'(a) \Rightarrow m = \frac{2(\frac{1}{1})^2 + 2}{\sqrt{1}} + 2(1)\sqrt{1} = 4 + 2 = 6$

$f'(a) = \frac{f(a)}{a} \Rightarrow f(x) = \sqrt{x}(-2x^2 + x + 1) \Rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \frac{1}{-2x^2 + x + 1} - \sqrt{x} \frac{-4x + 1}{(-2x^2 + x + 1)^2}$   
 $-2ax^2 + xa + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow a = \frac{1}{2}$   
 $\Rightarrow \theta_A = f'(1/2) = \frac{\sqrt{1/2}}{-2(\frac{1}{4}) + \frac{1}{2} + 1} = \frac{1/\sqrt{2}}{1} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \Rightarrow \theta_A = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

$\theta(x) \rightarrow \theta(\frac{\sqrt{x}}{2}) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{x}{4}-1}} = \theta \quad x \rightarrow x^2 \Rightarrow [x] = 1$   
 $f(x) = x^2 / g(x) = (x^2 - 1)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \rightarrow x = \frac{\sqrt{0}}{1} \rightarrow g' = -\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{x}$   
 $\Rightarrow g(a) \xrightarrow{a=1/4} g(a) = 2 \rightarrow g'(a) = \frac{-x}{(x^2-1)^{3/2}}$   
 $\rightarrow g'(a) = x^2 - 1 = \frac{1}{4} \rightarrow \frac{1}{4} \rightarrow \frac{1}{4} \rightarrow \frac{1}{4} \rightarrow \frac{1}{4} \rightarrow \frac{1}{4}$

$$\text{شیب خط مماس} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{5-1}{3-0} = \frac{4}{3}$$

سوال ۱

$$m = \frac{r-1}{r-(-1)} = \frac{1}{r}$$

سوال ۲

$$f(x) = \sqrt{ax-1} \xrightarrow{\text{شیب خط مماس}} f'(x) = \frac{a}{r\sqrt{ax-1}} \rightarrow \frac{a}{r\sqrt{ax-1}} = \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow ra = r\sqrt{ax-1} \quad (I)$$

$$\text{معادله خط مماس از این نقطه} \rightarrow y = \frac{1}{r}x + \frac{r}{r} \rightarrow ry = x + r \rightarrow x + r = r\sqrt{ax-1} \quad (II)$$

$$I \text{ و } II \rightarrow x + r = \left(\frac{ra}{r}\right)^2 = \frac{ra}{r} \rightarrow x = ra - r$$

$$f(2) = \sqrt{r(2)-1} = \sqrt{4} = 2$$

$$II \rightarrow ra - r + r = r\sqrt{a(ra-r)-1} \rightarrow ra^2 - 1ra - r = 0 \rightarrow \begin{cases} a = r \\ a = -\frac{r}{4} \end{cases}$$

$$(1, \frac{r+m}{r}) \rightarrow y' = \frac{(r+m)r - (r+m)}{r^2} = \frac{r(r+m)}{r^2} = \frac{r}{r} \rightarrow m = r$$

$$m+n = r+1 = r$$

سوال ۳

$$y = \frac{r}{r}x + \frac{r}{r} \rightarrow \frac{r}{r} + \frac{r}{r} = \frac{r+m}{r} \rightarrow m-n = 1 \rightarrow n = 1$$

سوال ۴

$$r g'(\frac{5\pi}{r}) - f'(\frac{5\pi}{r}) = (rg(x) - f(x))'(\frac{5\pi}{r})$$

$$\rightarrow (rg - f)(x) = \left( \frac{r}{r+\sin x} - \frac{r-\sin^2 x}{4-\sin^2 x} \right) = \frac{r}{r+\sin x} - \frac{(r-\sin x)(r+\sin x + r\sin x)}{(r-\sin x)(r+\sin x)} = -\sin x$$

$$\rightarrow (rg - f)'(x) = -\cos x \rightarrow (rg - f)'(\frac{5\pi}{r}) = -\cos(\frac{5\pi}{r}) = \frac{-1}{r}$$