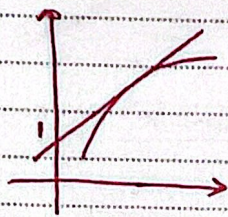


فاصله جانی

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بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم

۱) $(x, y) \rightarrow f(x) = ?$



نسبت شیب در نقطه (x, y) $\rightarrow a + by = 1$

$f(x) = a \rightarrow ka + b = 1 \rightarrow ka = 1 - b$

$a = \frac{1-b}{k} = f'(x)$ ✓

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۲) $f(x) = \sqrt{ax-1} \rightarrow$ شیب $(-1, 1)$ و $(x, y) \rightarrow f(x) = ?$

نسبت شیب در نقطه (x, y) : $ax + by = 1$

$$\begin{cases} -a + b = 1 \\ ka + b = 1 \end{cases} \rightarrow ka = 1 - b \rightarrow a = \frac{1-b}{k} \quad b = \frac{1-ka}{k}$$

\rightarrow شیب $\rightarrow \frac{1}{k}x + \frac{1-ka}{k} = y \rightarrow$ (x, y) نقطه برخورد خط مماس و منحنی $(\Delta = 0)$

$\frac{x+y}{k} = \sqrt{ax-1} \rightarrow (\frac{x+y}{k})^2 = ax-1 \rightarrow \frac{x^2+2xy+y^2}{k^2} = ax-1$

$\rightarrow 9ax - 9 = x^2 + 2xy + y^2 \rightarrow x^2 + (1-9a)x + 2y^2 = 0$

$(1-9a)^2 - 4(1)(2y^2) = 0 \rightarrow (1-9a)^2 = 8y^2$

$1-9a = 0 \rightarrow a = \frac{1}{9} \rightarrow y = \frac{1}{3} \rightarrow x = f(x) = \sqrt{ax-1} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{9}x-1} = \frac{x-3}{3}$

$\rightarrow a = \frac{1}{9} \rightarrow \sqrt{ax-1} \rightarrow f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{1}{9}x-1} = \frac{x-3}{3}$ ✓

۳) $\frac{x^2+mx+1}{x+k}, m, k \in \mathbb{N} \rightarrow m+n = ?$

$\frac{x^2+n}{x} = y \leftarrow$ جمع دو صورت است یعنی بقدر یکدیگر در آورده

$\frac{1+m+1}{k} = \frac{x^2+n}{x} \rightarrow k+m = x+n \rightarrow m-n = 1$

$f'(x) = \frac{2x}{x} \leftarrow$ نسبت ریشه‌ها نسبت به کسرها

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$$f'(1) = \frac{(r+m)(n+r) - (1)(n+m+1)}{(n+r)r} = \frac{r}{r}$$

$$\frac{r(r+m)}{r} = r+m \rightarrow r+m < r \rightarrow \boxed{m < 0}$$

$$m - n < 1 \rightarrow \boxed{n < 1} \rightarrow m+n < \boxed{2}$$

3) $rg'(\frac{dr}{r}) - f'(\frac{dr}{r}) = ?$ $g(n) = \frac{r}{r+\sin x}$ $f(n) = \frac{r - \sin x}{r - \sin x}$

$(rg - f)'(\frac{dr}{r}) = ?$

$rg - f = \frac{r}{r+\sin x} - \frac{r - \sin x}{r - \sin x} = \frac{r + r \sin x + \sin^2 x - (r - \sin x)}{r + \sin x}$

$= \frac{r + r \sin x + \sin^2 x - r + \sin x}{r + \sin x} = \frac{\sin x + \sin^2 x}{r + \sin x}$

$= \sin x \rightarrow \cos x \rightarrow \cos(\frac{dr}{r}) = \boxed{-\frac{1}{r}}$

4) $f(n) = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{n+|n|}}$ $g(n) = \frac{1}{n^a + |n^a|}$ $\rightarrow g'(\frac{dr}{r}) f'(g(\frac{dr}{r})) = ?$

$g'(\frac{dr}{r}) f'(g(\frac{dr}{r})) = (f'(g(\frac{dr}{r})))'$

$fog = \frac{1}{\sqrt{n+|n| + |n+|n||}}$ $= \frac{1}{\sqrt{r \times a}}$ $= \frac{1}{a \sqrt{r}}$

$\frac{1}{(a \sqrt{r})^a} = \frac{1}{n^a \times a \sqrt{r} \times \sqrt{r}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{r} \times \sqrt{r}} = \boxed{\frac{1}{\sqrt{r}}}$

$g(n) \times f'(g(n)) = (fog)'(n)$

1404/12/16 2) $\rightarrow g(n) = \frac{1}{n^a}$, $a) \rightarrow f(n) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \rightarrow fog(n) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}(\frac{1}{n^a})}$

$\rightarrow fog(n) = -n \rightarrow (fog)'(n) = -1 \rightarrow (fog)'(\frac{dr}{r}) = -1$

۴) $f(x) = \left(\frac{-1 + \sin x}{1 + \sin x}\right)^2$, $f(x) = n \cdot g(n) + 1 \rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} g(n) = ?$

$\rightarrow g(n) = \frac{f(n) - 1}{n} \rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} g(n) = \frac{f(n) - 1}{n} \rightarrow$

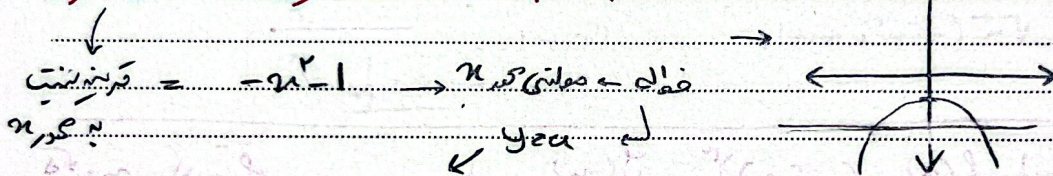
$\lim_{n \rightarrow 0} g(n) = \frac{f(n) - f(0)}{n - 0} = f'(0) = ?$

$f\left(\frac{-1 + \sin x}{1 + \sin x}\right) \left(\frac{\cos x (1 + \sin x) - ((\cos x) (\sin x - 1))}{(1 + \sin x)^2} \right) = \frac{1}{1 + \sin x}$

$f' \times -1 \times f' = -f'$ ✓

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۵) $y = x^2 + 1 \rightarrow$ دایره و ... ؟



$-x^2 - 1 = a \rightarrow x^2 = -1 - a$ → $x = \pm \sqrt{-1-a}$

$(\pm \sqrt{-1-a}, a)$: دو نقطه

$-x^2 - 1 = a \rightarrow x^2 = -1 - a$ → $x = \pm \sqrt{-1-a}$

$\rightarrow -x^2 - 1 = a \rightarrow x^2 = -1 - a \rightarrow x = \pm \sqrt{-1-a}$

$-1 - a = \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow -a = \frac{1}{r} + 1 \rightarrow a = -\frac{1}{r} - 1$ → $\frac{a}{r} = ?$

۶) $f(x) = r \sqrt{x} (x^r + r)$ → d ... $m, d = ?$

$m = \frac{f(a)}{a} = f'(a)$

$f(x) = r(x^r + r) x^{\frac{1}{2}} \rightarrow f(x) = r \left(x^{\frac{3r}{2}} + \frac{1}{2} x^{\frac{1}{2}} (x^r + r) \right)$

$f(x) = r \sqrt{x} (x^r + r) = r x^{\frac{3r}{2}} + r^2 x^{\frac{1}{2}} \rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{3}{2} r x^{\frac{3r}{2}-1} + \frac{1}{2} r^2 x^{\frac{1}{2}-1} = \frac{3}{2} r x^{\frac{3r}{2}-1} + \frac{r^2}{2x^{\frac{1}{2}}}$

$y = r \sqrt{x} (x^r + r) = \frac{r x^{\frac{3r}{2}} + r^2}{\sqrt{x}} (x - a) \rightarrow -r \sqrt{x} (x^r + r) = \frac{r x^{\frac{3r}{2}} + r^2}{\sqrt{x}} (-a)$

$\rightarrow r(x^r + r) = r x^r + r \rightarrow 1 x^r = r \rightarrow x^r = \frac{1}{r}$

$m = \frac{r \left(\frac{1}{r}\right) + r}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{r}}} = \sqrt{r}$

$$f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{-x^{\frac{1}{p}} + x + 1} \cdot ax \rightarrow a\sqrt{x}(-x^{\frac{1}{p}} + x + 1) = 1 \rightarrow -ax^{\frac{1}{p}+1} + ax^{\frac{1}{p}} + ax^{\frac{1}{p}} = 1$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{مقسوم}} -ax^{\frac{1}{p}+1} + \frac{1}{p}ax^{\frac{1}{p}} + \frac{1}{p}ax^{\frac{1}{p}} = 0 \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{x\sqrt{x}}} -bx^{\frac{1}{p}+1} + \frac{1}{p}x + 1 = 0 \rightarrow \begin{cases} \alpha = \frac{1}{p} \\ \alpha = \frac{1}{p} \end{cases}$$

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$$f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{-x(\frac{1}{p})^{\frac{1}{p}} + \frac{1}{p} + 1} = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{p}$$

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$$\frac{r(r+1)\sqrt{a}}{a}$$

$$\rightarrow a \frac{1}{p} \rightarrow m \frac{f(m)}{a} = \frac{r}{\frac{1}{p}} = \boxed{r}$$

۱) $f(m) = \frac{\sqrt{am}}{-m^{\frac{1}{p}} + m + 1} \rightarrow A(m, y) = ?$
 $\text{دیا } y = am$ (۱۲)

$$f'(a) = \frac{f(a)}{a}$$

$$\text{مثلاً } \frac{\sqrt{m}}{-(m+1)(m-1)} \xrightarrow{\text{مقسوم}} \frac{(\frac{1}{\sqrt{am}}) \cdot (-m^{\frac{1}{p}}(m-1) - \sqrt{m}(-m+1))}{(-(m+1)(m-1))^{\frac{1}{p}}}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{m}(-m^{\frac{1}{p}} + m + 1)} \rightarrow \text{مقسوم علیه } -ca = \frac{1}{p}$$

$ca = 1 \rightarrow ca = \frac{1}{p}$

۱.۰) $f(m) = (a[m])^{\frac{1}{p}} \quad g(m) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{m^{\frac{1}{p}} - 1}} \rightarrow (f \circ g)' = m \frac{\sqrt{a}}{p} = ?$

$$\text{Lay } z = \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{m^{\frac{1}{p}} - 1}} \times 1 \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} = \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{m^{\frac{1}{p}} - 1}} \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \rightarrow (m^{\frac{1}{p}} - 1)^{\frac{1}{p}}$$

(۱۳)

$$\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{p}}} \right]^{\frac{1}{p}} \rightarrow f' = -\frac{1}{p} (m^{\frac{1}{p}} - 1)^{-\frac{1}{p}} (m) =$$

$$-\frac{1}{p} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{p}}} \times \frac{\sqrt{a}}{p} = \frac{\sqrt{a} \times m}{p \times p} = \frac{\sqrt{a} \times m}{p^2}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{a}}}{\frac{1}{p}} = \boxed{\frac{1}{\sqrt{a} \times p}}$$

$$(f \circ g)'(\sqrt{\frac{1}{p}}) = g'(\sqrt{\frac{1}{p}}) \times f'(g(\sqrt{\frac{1}{p}}))$$

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$$g(m) = (m^{\frac{1}{p}} - 1)^{\frac{1}{p}} \rightarrow g'(m) = \frac{1}{p} (m^{\frac{1}{p}} - 1)^{-\frac{1}{p}} \times \frac{1}{p} \rightarrow g'(\sqrt{\frac{1}{p}}) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{p}} - 1} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{p}}} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{p}} = p$$

$$f'(r^{\frac{1}{p}}) = ((m^{\frac{1}{p}})^{\frac{1}{p}})' = (m^{\frac{1}{p^2}})' = \frac{1}{p^2} m^{\frac{1}{p^2} - 1} = \frac{1}{p^2} \times \frac{1}{m^{\frac{1}{p^2} - 1}}$$

$$\rightarrow g'(\sqrt{\frac{1}{p}}) \times f'(g(\sqrt{\frac{1}{p}})) = -\frac{1}{p} \times \frac{1}{p} \rightarrow \frac{1 \times 1 \times (-\frac{1}{p})}{-1 \times \sqrt{a}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}}$$