

$$\frac{f(2) - f(1)}{2 - 1} = f'(s) \rightarrow \frac{(1 - \frac{a}{2}) - (1 - a)}{2} = \frac{a}{2^2} \quad (1)$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}a}{2} = \frac{a}{2^2} \rightarrow \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{2^2} \rightarrow \boxed{m = +\sqrt{3}} \quad \checkmark$$

$$2am^2 - 2m + 11a = m \rightarrow 2am^2 - 2m + 11a = 0 \quad (2)$$

$\Delta = 0 \rightarrow 9 - 12a^2 = 0 \rightarrow a = \pm \frac{1}{2}$ (2) چون نقطه A در ناحیه سوم است $a = \frac{1}{2}$ غیر قابل قبول است
قبل است چون جواب آخر $m = 3$ به دست می آید در ناحیه اول است $\boxed{a = -\frac{1}{2}}$ ✓

$$y' = 3m^2 - 12 \quad y' = 0 \rightarrow 3m^2 - 12 = 0 \rightarrow m = \pm 2 \quad (3)$$

$f(x) = -12$ Min (2)

	$-\infty$	-2	$+2$	$+\infty$
y'	+	-	+	
y	\nearrow	\searrow	\nearrow	
		Max	min	

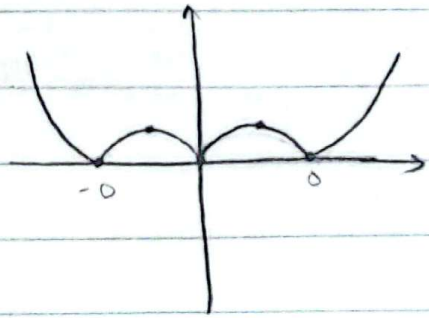
$$y' = 3m^2 + 2am - 2b = 0 \rightarrow \begin{cases} m = 0 \rightarrow b = 0 \\ m = -2 \rightarrow 12 - 2a = 0 \rightarrow a = 3 \end{cases} \quad (4)$$

$$y = m^3 + 3m^2 - 4$$

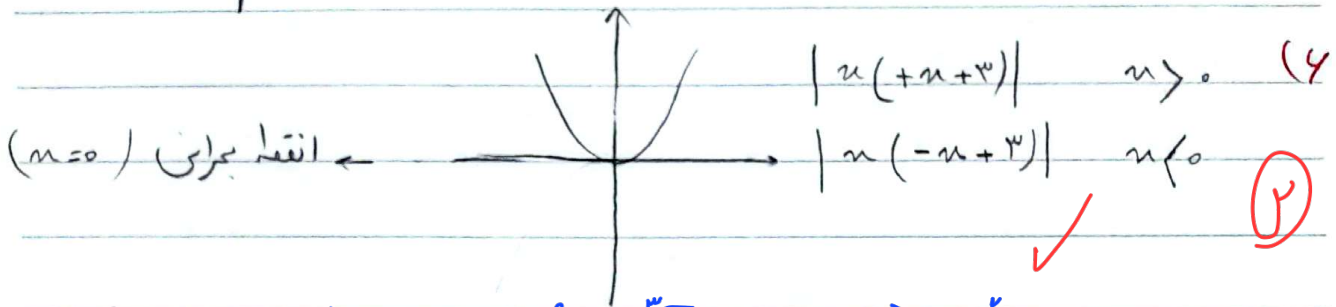
نقاط استرس: $(0, -4)$ و $(-2, 0)$ (2)

$$\sqrt{(-2)^2 + (4)^2} = \sqrt{20} = \boxed{2\sqrt{5}} \quad \checkmark$$

$$f(m) = |m|^r - 0|m| \rightarrow y = |x|^r - 0|x| \quad (1)$$



$r \leftarrow \text{Min}$
 $r \leftarrow \text{Max}$
 $\frac{A}{m} = \frac{r}{r}$



$x \in [0, a] \rightarrow |x-a| = -(x-a) \rightarrow f(x) = -\sqrt[r]{a^r(x-a)} = -a^{\frac{a}{r}} + ax^{\frac{r}{r}}$
 در این بازه [0, a] در مطلق منفی است

$f'(x) = -\frac{a}{r} x^{\frac{r}{r}-1} + \frac{r}{r} ax^{\frac{r}{r}-1} = 0 \rightarrow \frac{1}{r} x^{\frac{r}{r}-1} (-a + r a) = 0 \rightarrow \begin{cases} x=0 \\ x = \frac{r}{a} a \rightarrow \text{max} \end{cases}$

$f(x) = \sqrt[r]{a^r(x-a)} \rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{r}{r} a^{\frac{r}{r}-1} x^{\frac{r}{r}-1} (a-x) - \sqrt[r]{a^r} = 0$

$f(x_{\text{max}}) = 1/a \rightarrow f(\frac{r}{a}a) = \frac{r}{r} \rightarrow -\sqrt[r]{\frac{r}{a} a^r} (\frac{r}{a}a - a) = \frac{r}{r} \rightarrow a \times \sqrt[r]{\frac{r}{a} a^r} = \frac{a}{r}$

$x = 1/0 \rightarrow \frac{r}{r} (a - 1/0) - \sqrt[r]{(1/0)^r} = 0 \quad x \sqrt[r]{1/0}$

$\frac{r}{r} \sqrt[r]{1/0} a^{\frac{r}{r}-1} = \frac{r}{r} a^{\frac{r}{r}-1} = \frac{r}{r} \rightarrow a^{\frac{r}{r}-1} = \frac{r}{r} \rightarrow a = \frac{a}{r} = \frac{r}{r}$

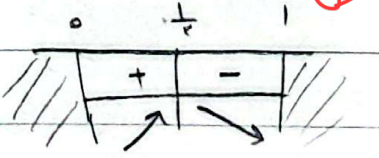
$(a - 1/0) - (1/0) = 0 \rightarrow a - r/0 = 0 \rightarrow a = r/0$

$f(m) = \sqrt{a|m|} - m \rightarrow m(1 - |m|) \geq 0$

$f(m) \rightarrow \begin{cases} \sqrt{-m^2+m} & [0, 1] \\ \sqrt{m^2+m} & (-\infty, -1] \end{cases} \rightarrow f'(m) = \frac{-2m+1}{2\sqrt{-m^2+m}} \quad 0 < m < 1$

$\frac{2m+1}{2\sqrt{-m^2+m}} \quad m > -1$

$\frac{2m+1}{2\sqrt{-m^2+m}} = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \text{Max} = \frac{1}{2}$



$y' < 0 \rightarrow \frac{m^2 - m - 2}{(n-1+m)^2} < 0 \rightarrow \frac{m^2 - m - 2}{r} < 0$ (9)

نقطه بحرانی $\left. \begin{matrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{matrix} \right\}$ در بازه $(0, \infty)$ نزدیکی

-1	2
+	-
↗	↘

نقطه بحرانی $n=1$ $\leftarrow \frac{n^2 + 1}{(1-n^2)^2} \neq 0 \leftarrow \frac{1-n^2 + 2n^2}{(1-n^2)^2} = 0 \leftarrow \frac{n}{1-n^2} \leftarrow n > 0$ (10)

$n=1$ $\leftarrow \frac{1-n^2}{(1+n^2)^2} = 0 \leftarrow \frac{1+n^2 - 2n^2}{(1+n^2)^2} = 0 \leftarrow \frac{n}{1+n^2} \leftarrow n < 0$ (11)

نقطه بحرانی $n=1$ است