

$$f(x) = 1 - \frac{a}{x} \quad f(1) = 1 - a \quad f(2) = 1 - \frac{a}{2} \quad \frac{1 - a - (1 - a)}{2 - 1} = \frac{-a}{1} = -a$$

$$f(x) = \frac{a}{x^2} \quad \frac{a}{x^2} = \frac{a}{4} \rightarrow x = \pm \sqrt{4} \rightarrow \begin{cases} x = -\sqrt{4} \times \\ x = \sqrt{4} \checkmark \end{cases}$$

$$kx^2 - 2mx + 1a = 0 \rightarrow kx^2 - 4mx + 1a = 0 \rightarrow km^2 - 4m + 9a = 0$$

$$m = \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{16 - 36ka}}{2k} \quad \text{with } a \in \mathbb{R} \rightarrow a = \frac{1}{k} \rightarrow a = \pm \frac{1}{k} \rightarrow a = -\frac{1}{k}$$

$$y' = kx - 2 = 1 \rightarrow kx = 3 \quad m = \frac{3}{k} \rightarrow a = 0$$

$$y = x^2 - 1kx + k \quad y' = 2x - 1k \quad 2x - 1k = 0 \rightarrow x = \frac{k}{2} \rightarrow x = \pm k$$

x	$-\infty$	$-k$	$k$	$+\infty$
y'		+	-	+
y		↗	↘	↗

$$G^{\min} \quad |x - k + k = -1k \quad |x - k = -1k$$

$$y' = kx^2 + 2ax - kb \rightarrow y' = 2x - kb = 0 \rightarrow b = 0$$

$$y' = 1x - ka = 0 \rightarrow a = k$$

$$y = kx^2 + 4x \quad y = x^2 + kx - k$$

$$\sqrt{(-k-0)^2 + (0+k)^2} = \sqrt{k^2 + 14} = k\sqrt{2}$$

x	$-k$	$0$	
y'	+	-	+
y	↗	↘	↗
	$0$	$-k$	$0$

$$y = x^2 - 2x$$

$$y = x^2 - 2|x|$$

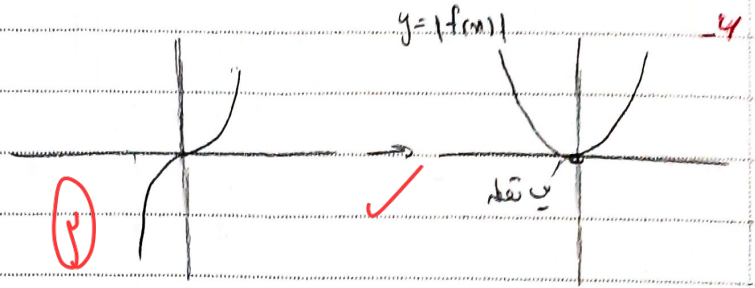
$$y = |x^2 - 2x|$$

$$m \in \mathbb{R} \quad n = k \quad \frac{n}{m} = \frac{k}{k}$$

$f(m) = m(m+1)^p$

$n > 0 \Rightarrow f(m) = m^p + pm$

$n < 0 \Rightarrow f(m) = -m^p + pm$



$0 < x < a \Rightarrow |x-a| = a-x$

$f(x) = \sqrt[n]{a-x} = a^{1/n} - x^{1/n}$

$f'(x) = \frac{1}{n} a^{1/n-1} - \frac{1}{n} x^{1/n-1} = \frac{1}{n} x^{-1/n} (a - x) = \frac{1}{n} \sqrt[n]{a-x}$

$f'(a - \frac{a}{p}) = 0 \Rightarrow x \in [0, a] \rightarrow |x-a| = -(x-a) \rightarrow f(x) = -\sqrt[n]{a^p(x-a)} = -a^{1/n} + ax^{1/n}$

$f'(x) = -\frac{a}{n} x^{1/n-1} + \frac{1}{n} ax^{1/n-1} = 0 \rightarrow \frac{1}{n} x^{1/n-1} (-a + a) = 0 \rightarrow \begin{cases} x=0 \\ a = \frac{a}{p} \rightarrow \max \end{cases}$

$f(\max) = \frac{1}{n} a \rightarrow f(\frac{a}{p}) = \frac{1}{n} a \rightarrow -\sqrt[n]{\frac{a^p}{p^p} (\frac{a}{p} - a)} = \frac{1}{n} a \rightarrow ax \sqrt[n]{\frac{a^p}{p^p}} = \frac{a}{n}$

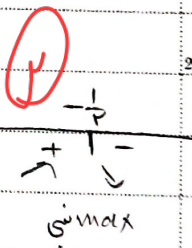
$\frac{1}{n} a \rightarrow a^p \times \frac{a^p}{p^p} = \frac{1}{n} a \rightarrow a^{\frac{p+1}{p}} = \frac{1}{n} a \rightarrow a = \frac{a}{p} = \frac{a}{p}$

$f(m) = \sqrt{m|m-1|} = \sqrt{m(m-1)} \rightarrow m(m-1) \geq 0$

$\frac{-1}{-4} < \frac{0}{-4} < \frac{1}{-4}$

$m \geq 1 \rightarrow f(m) = \sqrt{m^2 - m} \rightarrow f'(m) = \frac{2m-1}{2\sqrt{m^2-m}} = 0 \rightarrow m = \frac{1}{2}$

$-1 < m < 0 \rightarrow f(m) = \sqrt{-m^2 - m} \rightarrow f'(m) = \frac{-2m-1}{2\sqrt{-m^2-m}} = 0 \rightarrow m = -\frac{1}{2}$



$\frac{1}{2} \leq m = 0 < -1 < -\frac{1}{2} < 1$

$\frac{km+n}{k-n} = \frac{k \times 1 + 0}{k-0} = 1$

$y' = \frac{m(m-1+n)}{(m-1+n)^p} = \frac{m^p - m - p}{(m-1+n)^p}$

$\Rightarrow m^p - m - p < 0 \Rightarrow (m-p)(m+1) < 0$

$\frac{-1}{-1} < \frac{p}{-1} < \frac{1}{-1} \rightarrow m = 0 < 1$

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$$f(x) = \frac{x}{1-x|x|}$$

$x > 0$

$$f'(x) = \frac{x}{1-x^2} \rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{1(1-x^2) - (-2x)(x)}{(1-x^2)^2}$$

1,0 - 1,0

$$= \frac{1-x^2+2x^2}{(1-x^2)^2} = \frac{1+x^2}{(1-x^2)^2} \rightarrow x = \pm 1$$

$x < 0$

$$f'(x) = \frac{x}{1+x^2} \rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{1(1+x^2) - 2x(x)}{(1+x^2)^2} = \frac{1+x^2-2x^2}{(1+x^2)^2}$$

$$D_{f(x)} = 1-x|x| = 0 \rightarrow |x|=1 \rightarrow \begin{cases} x_1: & x^2=1 \rightarrow x=1 \checkmark \\ x_2: & -x^2=1 \rightarrow x^2=-1 \times \end{cases} \rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{1\}$$

$$\frac{1-x^2}{(1+x^2)^2} = 0 \rightarrow x = \pm 1 \text{ تعريف نقطة}$$

$$\begin{cases} x_1 \rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{1-x^2+2x^2}{(1-x^2)^2} = \frac{x^2+1}{(1-x^2)^2} \rightarrow x^2 = -1 \times \\ x_2 \rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{1+x^2-2x^2}{(1+x^2)^2} = \frac{1-x^2}{(1+x^2)^2} \rightarrow x^2 = 1 \rightarrow x = -1 \checkmark \end{cases}$$

نقطة حرجية

نقطة