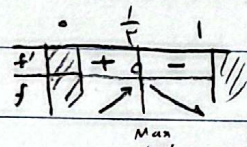


مسئله ۱۰۱

$$f(m) \begin{cases} \sqrt{m-m^2} & m \geq 0 \\ \sqrt{m+m^2} & m < 0 \end{cases} \rightarrow f'(m) \begin{cases} \sqrt{1-2m} & m > 0 \rightarrow \sqrt{1-2m} = 0 \rightarrow m = \frac{1}{2} \checkmark \\ \sqrt{1+2m} & m < 0 \rightarrow \sqrt{1+2m} = 0 \rightarrow m = -\frac{1}{2} \times \end{cases} \quad (1)$$

$D_f = (-\infty, -\frac{1}{2}] \cup [0, 1]$



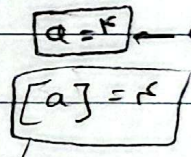
فقط در این جا  $f = \pm 1$  و  $f = 0$

$m+n+k=0 \quad r=k \quad 0=n \quad l=m$

$$f'(m) = \frac{1}{r\sqrt{m}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-m}} = \frac{\sqrt{a-m} - r\sqrt{m}}{r\sqrt{m}\sqrt{a-m}} = 0 \rightarrow a-m = r^2 m \rightarrow a = m(1+r^2) \rightarrow m = \frac{a}{1+r^2} \quad (2)$$

$f(\frac{a}{1+r^2}) = \sqrt{\frac{a}{1+r^2}}$  (Min),  $f(\frac{a}{1+r^2}) = r\sqrt{\frac{a}{1+r^2}}$  (Max),  $f(0) = \sqrt{a}$

$\sqrt{\frac{4a}{r}} \times \sqrt{\frac{a}{r}} = \sqrt{4a} \rightarrow a = \pm r$



Number line:  $-r \quad r$

Signs:  $+$  (left of  $-r$ ),  $-$  (between  $-r$  and  $r$ ),  $+$  (right of  $r$ )

$f'(m) = \frac{r^2 - fm^r}{m^r - 1}$

$f'(m) = \frac{(r^2 - fm^r)(m^r - 1) - r^2 m^r}{(m^r - 1)^2}$

$$\frac{r^2 m^0 - fm^r + r^2 m^r}{(m^r - 1)^2} = \frac{r^2 m^r - fm^r + r^2 m^r}{(m^r - 1)^2} = 0 \rightarrow r^2 m^r - fm^r + r^2 m^r = 0$$

محلها  $\{ -r, 0, r \}$

$y' = 3am^2 + 2bm + c = 0$

$m=0 \rightarrow c=0$

$m=1 \rightarrow 3a+2b=0$

$y = am^2 + bm + cm + d$

$(0,0) \rightarrow d=0$

$(1,1) \rightarrow a+b+c=1 \rightarrow a+b=1$

$\begin{cases} 3a+2b=0 \\ a+b=1 \end{cases} \rightarrow a=-2, b=3$

$ab = -4$

(5) درجه دوم در مطلق مثبت است.

$$f(m) = -m^3 + 3m \rightarrow f'(m) = -3m^2 + 3 = 0 \rightarrow m = \pm 1$$

$f(-1) = -1 \rightarrow \text{Min}$   
 $f(\sqrt{c}) = 0$

$f'$	+	-	+	-
$f$				

Min

$$f = |m|^3 + 3a|m|^2 + b \rightarrow f'(m) = 3|m| + 4a|m| \rightarrow m = -1, 3 + 4a = 0 \rightarrow a = -\frac{3}{4}$$

$$f(m) = |m|^3 - \frac{3}{4}|m|^2 + b \xrightarrow{(-1,1)} 1 = \frac{3}{4} + b = 1 \rightarrow \boxed{b = \frac{1}{4}} \quad \boxed{\frac{b}{a} = -\frac{3}{4}}$$

$$y = \frac{3}{4}m^2 + m + \frac{1}{4} \xrightarrow{\text{min}} \frac{b}{2a} = -\frac{1}{3} \rightarrow \left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}\right)$$

پس:  $\frac{a}{a+1} = \frac{1}{3} \rightarrow 3a = a+1 \rightarrow \boxed{a=2}$

$$\frac{3m+3}{3m+1} = 0 \rightarrow \boxed{m = -\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$y = \frac{bm^2 + v}{m^2 + am + 1} \xrightarrow{\text{میانگین}} \frac{b}{c} = 3 \rightarrow \boxed{b=12} \quad \boxed{a=c}$$

$$y = \frac{12m^2 + v}{m^2 + am + 1} \xrightarrow{\text{میانگین}} -\frac{1}{2} = (am+1)^2 = am^2 + 2am + 1$$

$$\frac{b}{a} = \frac{12}{c} = \boxed{3}$$

Date: / /

Sat. Sun. Mon. Tue. Thu. Wed. Fri.

Subject: -----

$$f' = \frac{r n^r (n^r - 1) - r n^r}{(n^r - 1)^2} = \frac{r n^r - r n^r - r n^r}{(n^r - 1)^2} = \frac{-r n^r}{(n^r - 1)^2} \quad (9)$$

$$\frac{n^r (n^r - r)}{(n^r - 1)^2} \rightarrow 0, \sqrt{r}$$

	0	r	r	r
y'	+	-	-	+
g	↗	↘	↘	↗

ایک طرف سے زیادہ  $\rightarrow \boxed{r\sqrt{r} - r}$

(10)

$$f'(n) = \frac{r n^r (n^r - r) - r n (n^r - r)}{(n^r - r)^2} = \frac{r n^0 - r n^r - r n^0 + r n}{(n^r - r)^2} = 0$$

$-r \quad -\sqrt{r} \quad -\sqrt{r-\sqrt{r}} \quad 0 \quad \sqrt{r-\sqrt{r}} \quad \sqrt{r} \quad r$

	-	-	+	-	+	+	
	↘	↘	↗	↘	↗	↗	

→ ایک طرف سے زیادہ