

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x)}{x} = r \rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-4 \sin(x) \cos^2(x) + 4ax}{x} = r \xrightarrow{\text{سینوس}} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-4x^2 \cos^2(x) + 4ax}{x} = r$$

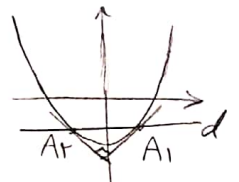
$$\rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(4a-4)x}{x} = r \rightarrow 4a-4=r \rightarrow a=\frac{r+4}{4}$$

نام و نام خانوادگی 19 پاسخنامه تشریحی تکلیف شماره ... کلاس ...

$f(x) = Ca^x(x) + ax^2 + b$ $\xrightarrow{\text{موردیابی}} f(x) = (1-x^2)^r + ax^2 + b$ $\rightarrow a+b = 4$ ✓

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{f(x)}{x} = 0$ \rightarrow $f(0) = 0 \Rightarrow b+1=0 \Rightarrow b=-1$ ✓ $f(x) = -1x^2 + 12x^2 + (a-9)x^2 + (b+1)$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x)}{x} = r \Rightarrow \frac{f(x)-f(0)}{x-0} = \frac{f(x)-f(0)}{x^2} = \frac{-1x^2 + 12x^2 + (a-9)x^2}{x^2} = -1 + 12 + (a-9) = r$ $\rightarrow a-9=r \Rightarrow a=1$ ✓

$y = x^k - 1$ \rightarrow  \rightarrow $A_1(x, y)$ $A_r(-x, y)$

$f(x) = 2x \rightarrow A_1 \Rightarrow y' = 2x$ $\rightarrow -kx^{k-1} = 2x \Rightarrow x^k = \frac{1}{k}$ $\rightarrow x = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{k}}$

$A_1 \rightarrow x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{k}}, y = \frac{1}{k} - 1 = -\frac{k-1}{k}$ $\rightarrow \frac{-k}{k} + \frac{k}{k} = \frac{0}{k} = 0$ ✓ $\rightarrow \frac{1}{k} - 1 = -\frac{k-1}{k}$

$A_r \rightarrow x = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{k}}, y = \frac{1}{k} - 1 = -\frac{k-1}{k}$

$(x_1, y_1) = (1, 9)$ $(x_2, y_2) = (-1, 1)$ $\rightarrow m = \frac{9-1}{1-(-1)} = \frac{8}{2} = 4$ $\rightarrow y+1 = 4(x+0,1) \Rightarrow y = 4x-9$ ✓

$y = 4x-9$ $\rightarrow 4x-9 = \frac{a}{2x-1} \Rightarrow a = (4x-9)(2x-1)$ $\rightarrow (4x-9)(2x-1) = -2(2x-1)^2$

$y = \frac{a}{2x-1} \rightarrow a = -2(2x-1)^2$ $x = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow 4x-9 = -4x+2$ $\rightarrow a = (4-9)(2-1) = -5 \Rightarrow f(x) = \frac{-5}{2x-1} \Rightarrow f(\frac{1}{2}) = \frac{-5}{0} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$ ✓ $12x = 12, x = 1$

$y = kx + b$ $\rightarrow x=1 \rightarrow k+b = \frac{a+1}{a+1} \xrightarrow{a \neq -1} k+b=1 \Rightarrow b=-1$

$y = \frac{a}{ax+1}$ $\rightarrow y = \frac{1-a^r}{(ax+1)^r} \Rightarrow y = \frac{1-a^r}{a^r + ka + 1} \Rightarrow ka^r + ka + 1 = 1 - a^r$ $\rightarrow ka^r + ka + 1 = 0$ $\rightarrow a = -1, \frac{1}{\sqrt{k}}$ ✓

$\Rightarrow a-b = \frac{1}{\sqrt{k}} - (-1) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{k}} + 1$ ✓

$f(x) = \sin x + \frac{1}{\sqrt{k}} \cos x$ $\Rightarrow \sin x + \frac{1}{\sqrt{k}} \cos x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{k}} \sin x$

$g(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{k}} \sin x$ $\frac{1}{\sqrt{k}} \cos x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{k}} \sin x \Rightarrow \cos x = \sin x \Rightarrow x = \frac{\pi}{4}$

$x \in [0, \pi]$ $x \in [0, \pi]$

$f(\frac{\pi}{4}) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{2} = \sqrt{2}$

$f(x) = \cos x - \frac{1}{\sqrt{k}} \sin x \Rightarrow f(\frac{\pi}{4}) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \frac{0}{2} = 0$ $\rightarrow y=0 \Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}(x-\frac{\pi}{4}) = y - \frac{1}{\sqrt{k}}$ $\rightarrow x = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{k}} + \frac{\pi}{4}$ ✓

