

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = 0 \rightarrow f(0) = 0 \rightarrow 1 + a + b = 0 \rightarrow b = -1$ a+b=4
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f'(x)}{g'(x)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-9 \cos(x) \cdot \sin(x) + 2ax}{x} = -9 \cos(x) + 2a = 1$
(15/15) (a=5)

$y = x^2 - 1$ تابع زوج \rightarrow دو حالت دارد
 سبب در تقاطع منقطع \rightarrow المانی $\rightarrow m_1 = 1$
 مرتبه بودن \rightarrow مرتبه و جملات $m_2 = -1$ (2)
 $y' = 2x - 1 \rightarrow x = \frac{1}{2}$ $y' = 2x - 1 \rightarrow x = -\frac{1}{2}$ $A \left| \begin{matrix} 1 \\ -1/2 \end{matrix} \right|$ $B \left| \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 1/2 \end{matrix} \right|$ (3)

$m = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{1}{3} = 4 = f'(a) = \frac{-2a}{(2a-1)^2} = 4 \rightarrow a = -10 \text{ (ممنوع)}$ (15)
 $f(x) = -10 \frac{(2x-1)^2}{2x-1} = -10(2x-1) = -20$ (جواب منصفه)

$y = 2x + b \xrightarrow{x=1} 2 + b$ $y = \frac{x+a}{ax+1} \xrightarrow{x=1} \frac{a+1}{a+1} = 1$ $\rightarrow b = 1$
 $y' = 2$ $y' = \frac{1-a^2}{(ax+1)^2}$ $\rightarrow 2 = \frac{1-a^2}{(a+1)^2}$ $\rightarrow 2(a+1)^2 = 1-a^2$
 $a-b = -\frac{1}{3} - (-1) = \frac{2}{3}$ (2)

$f(x) = g(x) \rightarrow \sin x = \cos x$ $\rightarrow x = \frac{\pi}{4}$
 $f'(x) = \cos x - \frac{1}{x} \sin x$ $\xrightarrow{x = \frac{\pi}{4}}$ $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\frac{\pi}{4}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - \frac{4\sqrt{2}}{\pi}$ (2)
 $y = 0 \rightarrow -\frac{4\sqrt{2}}{\pi} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\frac{\pi}{4}} (x - \frac{\pi}{4}) \rightarrow x = -\frac{17\pi}{4}$

$f'(x) = 9x^2 - 9x - 14$ $\rightarrow x=1$
 $\left. \begin{matrix} \text{نقطة} \\ \text{التي} \\ \text{تحتوي} \end{matrix} \right\} \text{نقطة} \rightarrow \text{نقطة} \rightarrow \text{نقطة}$
 $\frac{m}{AB} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{1 - (-14)}{-1 - 1}$
 $f(x) = -9 \rightarrow 9x^2 - 9x - 14 = 0 \rightarrow \Delta > 0 \rightarrow \text{نقطة}$
 $\frac{m_{AB}}{m} = -9$

$y = kx^2 + (k+1)x$ $y'' = 9kx + (k+1) = 0 \rightarrow x = -\frac{(k+1)}{9k}$
 $-\frac{k+1}{9k} < 0 \rightarrow -\frac{k+1}{9} < 0 \rightarrow k > -1$
 $\frac{9k+1}{9} < 0 \rightarrow k+1 < 0 \rightarrow k < -1$
 $(I) \wedge (II) \rightarrow k > -1$
 $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{9}{11}$

$y' = kx^2 + 2kx + b$ $x=1 \rightarrow k - 2k + b = -k \rightarrow +k - b = -k$
 $y(1) = -1 + k - b - 1 = -2 \rightarrow b - a = 4$
 $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{9}{11}$
 $-k = -1 + k - b - 1 \rightarrow b = 2$

$f(x) = kx^2 + 2kx + b$ $x=0 \rightarrow b=0$
 $f(x) = kx^2 - 4x$ $x=0 \rightarrow \text{نقطة}$
 $f(x) = 0 \rightarrow C = k$
 $f\left(\frac{-a}{m}\right) = -\frac{a^2}{m^2} + \frac{a^2}{m} + f = \frac{0 + f}{m}$
 $= \frac{9a^2}{9} = -9 \rightarrow a^2 = -9 - a^2 = -18$

$f(x) = kx^2 - 14x$
 $f(x) = kx^2 - 14x$
 $f'' = 14x - 14 \rightarrow x=1$
 $C \mid 1 \quad D \mid -1$
 $m_{AB} = 0$
 $m_{CD} = 0$

$$m = \frac{9 - (-12)}{2,5 - (-1,5)} = \frac{21}{4} = 4,5 \rightarrow y = 4,5x - 9$$

$$9 = 4(2,5) + b \rightarrow b = -9$$

$\Delta = 0$ ← خط بر صفحه مماس است

$$\frac{a}{2x-1} = (4x-9) \rightarrow 12x^2 - 18x - 4x + 9 - a = 0 \rightarrow 12x^2 - 22x + 9 - a = 0$$

$$\Delta = 0 \rightarrow (22)^2 - 4(12)(9-a) = 0 \rightarrow 484 - 432 + 48a = 0 \rightarrow 48a = -52 \rightarrow a = -\frac{13}{12}$$

$$f(a) = \frac{-1}{12}$$