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$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1}{x} = 0$$

$$\sqrt{f(x)}$$

$$R_{f(x)} = 12 - \left\{ \frac{1}{x} \right\}$$

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$$R_{f(x)} = 12 - \left\{ \frac{1}{x} \right\}$$

$$R_{\frac{1}{\sqrt{f(x)}}} = [0, +\infty) - \left\{ \frac{1}{x} \right\}$$

$$y = \frac{x^2 + \mu + 1}{\sqrt{x^2 + \mu}} = \sqrt{x^2 + \mu} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + \mu}}$$

نکته: $\sqrt{x^2 + \mu}$ همیشه مثبت است پس محدوده آن $[0, +\infty)$ است.

$$\min(\sqrt{x^2 + \mu}) \Rightarrow x^2 \geq 0 \rightarrow x^2 + \mu \geq \mu \Rightarrow \sqrt{x^2 + \mu} \geq \sqrt{\mu}$$

$$\Rightarrow \min(\sqrt{x^2 + \mu}) = \sqrt{\mu}$$

$$R_{f(x)} = \left[\sqrt{\mu} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{\mu}}, +\infty \right)$$

$$y = \left(x^2 + \varepsilon + \frac{1}{x^2 + \varepsilon} \right) - \varepsilon$$

$x^2 + \varepsilon$ همیشه غیر صفر است. لذا می‌توانیم بر آن ضرب کنیم. $x^2 + \varepsilon$ مقدار $x^2 + \varepsilon$ را به دست می‌آوریم. ε می‌شود ε (به ازای $x^2 = 0$)

$$R_f = \left[\varepsilon + \frac{1}{\varepsilon} - \varepsilon, +\infty \right) \rightarrow R_f = \left[\frac{1}{\varepsilon}, +\infty \right)$$

۳) $y \sin x + x^2 y = x^2 \sin x - 1$

$$\sin x (y - x^2) = -1 - x^2 y$$

$$\sin x = \frac{-1 - x^2 y}{y - x^2}$$

$$-1 \leq \frac{-1 - x^2 y}{y - x^2} \leq 1$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \textcircled{2}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \frac{-1 - x^2 y}{y - x^2} \geq -1 \rightarrow \frac{-1 - x^2 y + y - x^2}{y - x^2} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{-x^2 y - x^2 + y - 1}{y - x^2} \geq 0$$

$$\frac{-\frac{x^2}{x^2} - \frac{1}{x^2}}{-\frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{1}{x^2}} \rightarrow y \in \left[-\frac{1}{x^2}, x^2 \right)$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \frac{-1 - x^2 y}{y - x^2} \leq 1 \rightarrow \frac{-1 - x^2 y - y + x^2}{y - x^2} \leq 0 \rightarrow \frac{-x^2 y - y + x^2 - 1}{y - x^2} \leq 0$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{x^2} - x^2}{-\frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{1}{x^2}} \quad \left(-\infty, \frac{1}{x^2} \right] \cup (x^2 + \infty)$$

$$\textcircled{1} \cap \textcircled{2} \rightarrow R_f = \left[-\frac{1}{x^2}, \frac{1}{x^2} \right]$$

(دس دس)

$$y = \frac{2 \sin x - 1}{\sin x + 2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sin x, \text{ مقدار} &= -1 \rightarrow y = \frac{-1-1}{-1+2} = \frac{-2}{1} = -2 \\ \sin x, \text{ مقدار} &= 1 \rightarrow y = \frac{2-1}{1+2} = \frac{1}{3} \end{aligned} \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{منحني دس دس} \\ \text{صفر دس} \end{array} \right.$$

$$R_f = \left[-2, \frac{1}{3} \right]$$

$$y = \frac{3x^2 + 4}{2x - 1}$$

$$\text{دس اصلي} : 2xy - y = 3x^2 + 4 \rightarrow x^2(y - 3) + (-y - 4) = 0$$

$$\Delta \rightarrow (-4)(y - 3) - (-y - 4) = 0 \rightarrow (y - 3)(4y + 16) = 0$$

$$R_f = (-\infty, -4] \cup [3, +\infty)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(دس دس)} \quad x^2, \text{ مقدار} &= 0 \rightarrow y = -4 \\ x^2, \text{ مقدار} &= +\infty \rightarrow y = 3 \end{aligned} \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{منحني دس دس} \\ \text{صفر دس} \end{array} \right.$$

$$R_f = (-\infty, -4] \cup [3, +\infty)$$

$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 - x + 1}{x^2 - x + 1}$$

$$D_{f(x)} : x^2 - x + 1 \neq 0$$

$$\Delta \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} \text{صفر دس} \\ \text{صفر دس} \end{array}$$

$$\rightarrow D_{f(x)} = \mathbb{R}$$

$$R_{f(n)} : y = \frac{n^2 - n + \frac{1}{4}}{n^2 - n + 1} = \frac{\square + \frac{1}{4}}{\square + 1}$$

$$n^2 - n, \text{ ناقص } \rightarrow \begin{matrix} x_{\text{ent}} = \frac{1}{4} \\ y_{\text{ent}} = -\frac{1}{4} \end{matrix} \rightarrow \frac{\text{نسبة } 0 \text{ إلى } 1}{(x^2 - n)} = -\frac{1}{4} \rightarrow f(n) = 0$$

$$n^2 - n, \text{ ناقص } \rightarrow +\infty \rightarrow f(n) = 1$$

مخرج لنه مانه
صفر شود

$$[0, 1)$$

$$y = |x - 2| - |x - 3|$$

$$\begin{matrix} -n + 2 + n - 3 = & 2n - 2 + n - 3 = & 2n - 2 - n + 3 = \\ -n - 1 & 3n - 5 & n + 1 \end{matrix}$$

$$\downarrow \\ n \leq 1$$

$$\downarrow \\ 1 \leq n \leq 2$$

$$\downarrow \\ n \geq 2 \rightarrow n + 1 \geq 3$$

$$-n \geq -1$$

$$3n - 5 \leq 9$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$-n - 1 \geq -2$$

$$-2 \leq 3n - 5 \leq 9$$

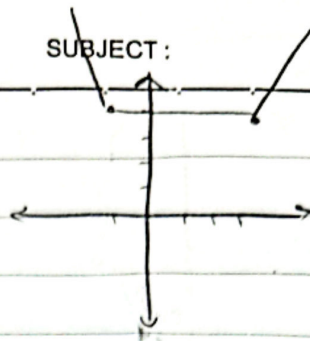
$$y \geq 3 \quad (III)$$

$$\downarrow \\ y \geq -2 \quad (I)$$

$$\downarrow \\ -2 \leq y \leq 3 \quad (II)$$

$$(I) \cup (II) \cup (III) : R = [-2, +\infty)$$

$$b) y = |x-2| + |x+1|$$



$$R_f : [1, +\infty) \quad \checkmark$$

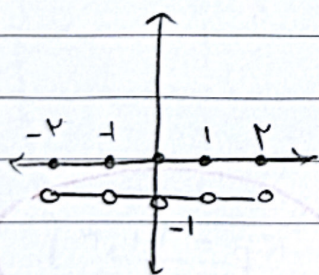
$$|x-2| + |x+1| \leq 1$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} -x+2+x+1 \leq 1 & -x+2-x-1 \leq 1 & x-2-x-1 \leq 1 \\ x+3 \leq 1 & -2x+1 \leq 1 & -x-3 \leq 1 \\ x \leq -2 & x \geq -1 & x \geq 4 \end{array}$$

$x \leq -2$ (I) $x \geq -1$ (II) $x \geq 4$ (III)

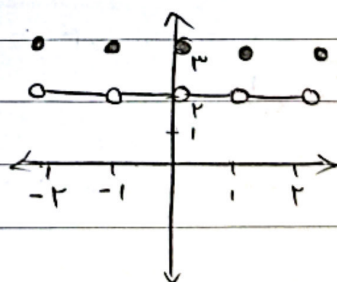
$$(I) \cup (II) \cup (III) : x \in (-\infty, -2] \cup [-1, +\infty)$$

$$الف) y = [x] + [3-x] = [x] + 3 + [-x]$$



$$3 \sqrt{3}$$

$$3 \sqrt{3}$$



$$R_{f(x)} = \{2, 3\}$$

$$ب) = 3x - [x]$$

$$y' = 3 \rightarrow 3 \text{ is constant}$$

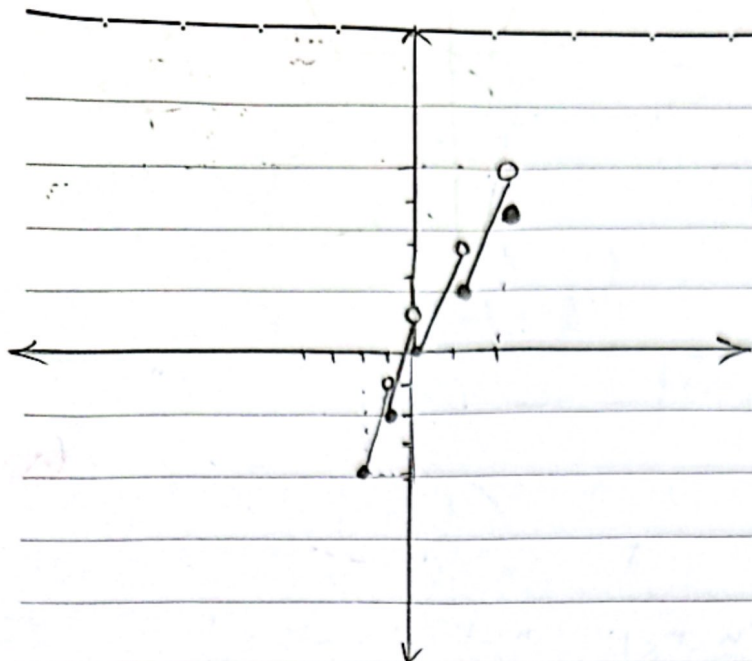
$$x = -2 \rightarrow y = -6$$

$$x = -1 \rightarrow y = -5$$

$$x = 0 \rightarrow y = 3$$

$$x = 1 \rightarrow y = 4$$

$$x = 2 \rightarrow y = 5$$



$$R_f = [f, a)$$

$$y = \sin^n x - \sin^n x + 1$$

(10)

$$\rightarrow \text{Min } \sin^n x = -1$$

$$\rightarrow y = 1$$



$$\rightarrow \text{Max } \sin^n x = +1$$

$$\rightarrow y = 1$$

$$R_f = \left[\frac{r}{f}, 1 \right]$$

$$\rightarrow \sin^n x = \frac{-b}{ra} = \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow y = \frac{r}{f}$$

$$y = \sin^n x + \sin^n x + 1$$

$$\rightarrow \text{Min } \sin^n x = 0 \rightarrow y = 1$$

$$\rightarrow \text{Max } \sin^n x = 1 \rightarrow y = 1$$

$$R_f = [1, 1]$$

$$\rightarrow \sin^n x = \frac{-b}{ra} = \frac{-1}{r} \rightarrow x \text{ is not defined}$$