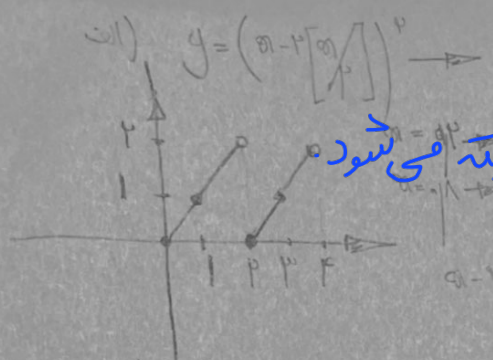


۱۶، ۱۷۵

به دلیل ننوشتن نام و نام خانوادگی شما صفر در نظر گرفته می شود



$$y = (x - \frac{1}{2})^2 \rightarrow x - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow x = 1 \rightarrow y = 0$$

$$x - \frac{1}{2} = -\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow x = 0 \rightarrow y = 0$$

$$x - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{2} \rightarrow x = 2 \rightarrow y = 1$$

$$x - \frac{1}{2} = -\frac{3}{2} \rightarrow x = -1 \rightarrow y = 1$$

$$x - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{5}{2} \rightarrow x = 3 \rightarrow y = 4$$

$$x - \frac{1}{2} = -\frac{5}{2} \rightarrow x = -2 \rightarrow y = 4$$

ب)  $-\sin x + \log y - 8 = 0$

$\log y = 8 + \sin x$

$y = e^{8 + \sin x}$

$-\sqrt{\sin x} < 1$

$1 + \sin x < 1.5 \rightarrow 1.5 > 1.5 > 1.5 \rightarrow R_f = [0, 1.5]$

$y = \sqrt{\frac{x^2 - 9}{x^2 + 9}} \rightarrow y > 0$

$y^2 = \frac{x^2 - 9}{x^2 + 9} \Rightarrow x^2 y^2 = x^2 - 9 \Rightarrow x^2 y^2 - x^2 = -9 \Rightarrow x^2(y^2 - 1) = -9$

$x^2 = \frac{-9}{y^2 - 1} = \frac{9}{1 - y^2}$

$x = \pm \frac{3}{\sqrt{1 - y^2}}$

$y > 0 \Rightarrow R_f = [0, 1]$

$x^2 \rightarrow \min = 0 \Rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{9}{1 - y^2}} = \frac{3}{\sqrt{1 - y^2}}$

$x^2 \rightarrow \max = +\infty \Rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{9}{1 - y^2}} = +\infty$

$f = [\frac{3}{\sqrt{1 - y^2}}] \cup (1, +\infty)$

الف)  $f(x) = x + \frac{1}{x} + p \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x}}$

$\frac{x+1}{x} > 0 \Rightarrow x > -1$

$\frac{x+1}{x} > 0 \Rightarrow x > -1$

$R_f = [2 + \sqrt{2}, +\infty)$

ب)  $(1 - \sin x)(1 + \sin x) = 1 - \sin^2 x = \cos^2 x = 1 + \sin x - \sin^2 x$

$\cos^2 x = 1 + \sin x - \sin^2 x$

$\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x = 1 + \sin x$

$1 = 1 + \sin x$

$\sin x = 0$

$x = 0$

$R_f = [0, 1]$

زبان حسابی

$f(x) = -\frac{1}{x} + 1 \rightarrow x = 1 \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{1} + 1 = 0$

$x = 2 \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{2} + 1 = \frac{1}{2}$

$x = 3 \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{3} + 1 = \frac{2}{3}$

$x = 4 \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{4} + 1 = \frac{3}{4}$

$x = 5 \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{5} + 1 = \frac{4}{5}$

$x = 6 \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{6} + 1 = \frac{5}{6}$

$x = 7 \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{7} + 1 = \frac{6}{7}$

$x = 8 \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{8} + 1 = \frac{7}{8}$

$x = 9 \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{9} + 1 = \frac{8}{9}$

$x = 10 \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{10} + 1 = \frac{9}{10}$

$R_f = \{\frac{1}{10}, \frac{9}{10}, \frac{2}{9}, \frac{8}{9}, \dots, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}\}$

$9 \times 10 + (-9 + -1 + \dots + -1) = -110 - 90 = -200 = -2 \times 100 = -2 \times 10^2$

$S = \frac{n}{p} (a_1 + a_n) \rightarrow S = \frac{9}{p} (\frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{2}) = \frac{9}{p} \times \frac{11}{10} = \frac{99}{10p}$

$f(x) = \sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c}$

$a = 0$

$b^2 + 4ac = 0$

$9a^2 + 3b^2 + c = 1$

$b = 1$

$c = -1$

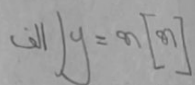
$g(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + 1}$

$R_g = (-\infty, -1] \cup [1, +\infty)$

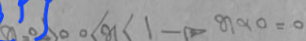
$R_f = [p, +\infty) \Rightarrow \frac{-b^2 + 4ac}{4a} = p$

$4a = -b^2 + 4ac$

(1)



$$R_f = [0, 1] - \{r\}$$



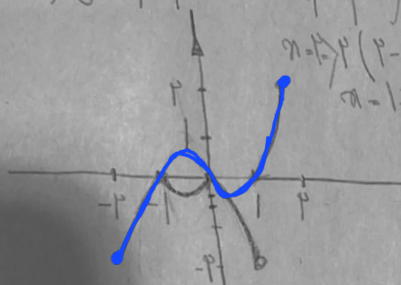
$$\eta = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \langle \eta | \eta \rangle = 1 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \eta^\dagger \eta = 1 \quad | \eta \rangle \langle \eta | = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\alpha = \beta = \gamma$$

$$x = -1 \Rightarrow 1 - \sqrt{m} < 0 \Rightarrow -1 \sqrt{m} = -m \Rightarrow 1 - 1 = 0$$

[illegible]

$$\vdash) y = |x| - 1 = |x| - 1$$



$$n = \frac{1}{p} (p-1) = p$$

$$m-1 \Rightarrow -1-1=-2$$

$$a = -1 \Rightarrow -1 + 1$$

$$Q = -\frac{1}{p} \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{p} \left( +\frac{1}{p} \right) + \frac{1}{p} = -\frac{1}{p}$$

$$a = -p \Rightarrow -f + p = -p$$

$$a = -\frac{10}{6} = -\frac{5}{3} \quad \left( -\frac{10}{6} + \frac{10}{6} \right) + \frac{10}{6} = -\frac{7}{3} + \frac{4}{3} = -\frac{10}{3}$$

$$\begin{array}{|l} -x^2 - x \\ x^2 - x \end{array}$$

$$R_f = [-r, r]$$

$$y = \frac{1}{n} + \frac{1}{n+1} + \frac{1}{n+2}$$

$$y = \frac{1(x+1)}{x(x+1)} = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$y = \frac{n+1 + n+1}{n^2 \cdot 2} = \frac{2n+2}{n^2 \cdot 2}$$

$$\Rightarrow y \sigma^p + (y-p)\sigma - p = 0$$

$$P(\frac{1}{2})$$

৯

$$y \neq \frac{1}{-1}$$

$$y^n + y^x = y^n + y$$

$$x^4 - 4x + 4 - 1 = 0 \quad - \Delta$$

$$y^2 + 8 + 14y - 8y > 0 \quad y^2 + 8y + 8 > 0$$

✓

$$9 + 6 = -1 + 0 = -1 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\sqrt{t} = t \quad y = \frac{t^p - 2t + 1}{t^p - t + 1}$$

$$= \frac{(t-1)(t-1)}{(t-1)(t-1)}$$

$$= \frac{t-1}{t+1} \rightarrow \frac{y-1}{y+1} \quad \checkmark$$

11.

$$y_t - y = t - t^2 \Rightarrow y_t - t = y - t^2$$

$$t(y-1) = y-1 \Rightarrow t = \frac{y-1}{y}$$

$y \neq 1$

$$\frac{y-1}{x-1} = \frac{y-1}{x-1}$$

$$R_f = (-\infty, +1) \cup [7, +\infty)$$

$$\Rightarrow R_f = (-\infty, 1) \cup [7, +\infty)$$



$$f(z) = \frac{z^p + pz^{p-1} - z - p}{z^p - 1} = \frac{z^p(z+p) - (z+p)}{z^p - 1} = \frac{(z^p - 1)(z+p)}{z^p - 1}$$

$\xrightarrow{z \neq \pm 1}$  ✓

$$\Rightarrow \begin{matrix} 1+p=p \\ -1+p=1 \end{matrix} \Rightarrow p+1=0$$

-1.0

(p)