

الف)  $y = (x - 2[\frac{x}{2}])^2$   
 $0 \leq x - [x] < 1$   
 $(2[\frac{x}{2}])^2 \rightarrow ([0, 2])^2 \rightarrow [0, 4]$   
 ب)  $-\sin x + \log y - 2 = 0$   
 $\log y = 2 + \sin x \rightarrow y > 0$   
 $\rightarrow -1 \leq \sin x \leq 1$   
 $1 \leq 2 + \sin x \leq 3$   
 $1 \leq \log y \leq 3$   
 $10 \leq y \leq 1000$

$f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{x^2-4}{x^2-9}} \rightarrow y = \sqrt{\frac{x^2-4}{x^2-9}} \rightarrow y^2 = \frac{x^2-4}{x^2-9} \rightarrow y^2 x^2 - 9y^2 = x^2 - 4$   
 $(1-y^2)x^2 = 4-9y^2$   
 $x^2 = \frac{4-9y^2}{1-y^2} \geq 0$   
 $\frac{4-9y^2}{1-y^2} \geq 0$   
 $\frac{-1}{+} \frac{-4}{-} \frac{+}{+} \frac{+}{-}$   
 $R_f = [0, \frac{2}{3}] \cup (1, +\infty)$   
 $a+b+c = \frac{1}{2} + 1 = \frac{3}{2}$

الف)  $f(x) = x + \frac{1}{x} + 2\sqrt{x + \frac{1}{x}}$   
 $y = (\sqrt{x + \frac{1}{x}} + 1)^2 - 1 \Rightarrow R_f = [2, +\infty)$   
 $\sqrt{x + \frac{1}{x}} \geq \sqrt{2} \Rightarrow x + \frac{1}{x} \geq 2$   
 $\sqrt{x + \frac{1}{x}} \geq \sqrt{2} \Rightarrow \sqrt{x + \frac{1}{x}} + 1 \geq \sqrt{2} + 1 = \sqrt{x + \frac{1}{x}} + 1 \geq (\sqrt{x + \frac{1}{x}} + 1)^2 - 1 \geq (2 + 1)^2 - 1 = 4$   
 $\frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-2}{2} = -1$

$f(x) = -\frac{1}{x}x + 10$   
 $D_x = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}$   
 $f(1) + f(2) + \dots + f(9) = (-\frac{1}{1} \cdot 1 + 10) + (-\frac{1}{2} \cdot 2 + 10) + \dots + (-\frac{1}{9} \cdot 9 + 10) = 9 \cdot 10 = 90$   
 $\Rightarrow -\frac{1}{x}(x_1 + x_2 + \dots + x_9) + 10 \cdot 9 = -\frac{1}{x} \cdot 45 + 90 = 45$

$f(x) = \sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c} \Rightarrow a = 0$   
 $D_f = [2, +\infty)$   
 $bx + c \geq 0 \Rightarrow x \geq \frac{-c}{b} \Rightarrow \frac{-c}{b} = 2$   
 $C = -2b, b > 0$   
 $f(2) = 1 \Rightarrow \sqrt{4b + c} = 1 \Rightarrow 4b + c = 1$   
 $c = -2b \Rightarrow 4b - 2b = 1 \Rightarrow 2b = 1 \Rightarrow b = \frac{1}{2}, c = -1$   
 $f(x) = \sqrt{x-2}$   
 $R_g = [2, +\infty)$

$$|x-2| - |x-1| = Kx$$

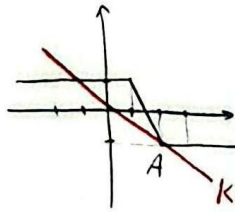
$$\hookrightarrow y = |x-2| - |x-1|$$

$$x=2 \rightarrow y = 1-2 = -1$$

$$x=1 \rightarrow y = 0-1 = -1$$

$$x=0 \rightarrow y = 1-0 = 1$$

$$x=3 \rightarrow y = 2-1 = 1$$



$$y = Kx$$

نقطه A

$$A = (1, -1)$$

$$\Rightarrow -1 = K(1) \Rightarrow K = -1$$

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$$a) y = x|x|$$

$$-1 \leq x < 0 \rightarrow y = -x|x|$$

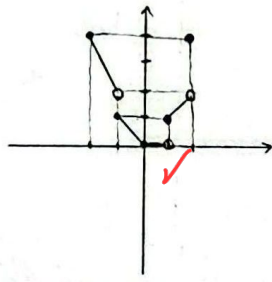
$$-1 \leq x < 0 \rightarrow y = -x|x|$$

$$0 \leq x < 1 \rightarrow y = 0$$

$$1 \leq x < 2 \rightarrow y = x|x|$$

$$x=2 \rightarrow y = 2 \cdot 2 = 4$$

$$R_f = [0, 2] - \{1\}$$



$$b) y = x|x| - x$$

$$-1 \leq x < 0 \rightarrow |x| = -x$$

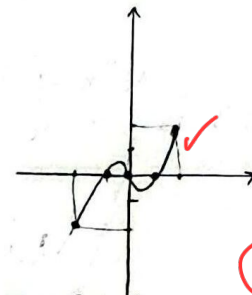
$$\hookrightarrow y = -x^2 - x$$

$$0 \leq x < 1 \rightarrow |x| = x$$

$$\hookrightarrow y = x^2 - x$$

$$1 \leq x < 2 \rightarrow |x| = x$$

$$\hookrightarrow y = x^2 - x$$



$$R_f = [-1, 2]$$

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$$y = \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x+1} + \frac{1}{x^2+x}$$

$$y = \frac{x+1+x+1}{x(x+1)} = \frac{x(x+1)}{x(x+1)} \Rightarrow y = \frac{x}{x} \Rightarrow x = \frac{x}{y} \Rightarrow y \neq 0$$

$$R_f = \mathbb{R} - \{0, -1\}$$

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$$f(x) = \frac{x - \sqrt{x} + 1}{x - \sqrt{x} + 1}$$

$$y = \frac{(\sqrt{x}-1)(\sqrt{x}-1)}{(\sqrt{x}-1)^2} = \frac{\sqrt{x}-1}{\sqrt{x}-1} \Rightarrow y = \frac{\sqrt{x}-1}{\sqrt{x}-1} \Rightarrow y\sqrt{x} - y = \sqrt{x} - 1$$

$$(1-y)\sqrt{x} = 1-y \Rightarrow \sqrt{x} = \frac{1-y}{1-y} \Rightarrow \sqrt{x} = 1 \Rightarrow x = 1$$

$$R_f = (-\infty, 1) \cup [1, +\infty) = \mathbb{R} - \{1\}$$

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$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 2x - x - 1}{x^2 - 1}$$

$$y = \frac{x^2(x+2) - (x+1)}{x^2-1} = \frac{(x^2-1)(x+2)}{x^2-1}$$

$$\Rightarrow f(x) = x+2 \Rightarrow y \neq -2 \Rightarrow R_f = \mathbb{R} - \{-2\} \Rightarrow 1+2 = 3$$

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