

الف) $(n - 1[\frac{n}{p}])' \Rightarrow 1(\frac{n}{p} - [\frac{n}{p}])' \Rightarrow [0] \xrightarrow{\text{توان}} [1] \xrightarrow{\text{تشر}} [1] = R_f$
 (از آن عبارت) (برای عبارت) (مساوی عبارت)

ب) $-\sin x + \log y - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow \log y - 1 = \sin x \Rightarrow -1 \leq \log y - 1 \leq 1$
 $\Rightarrow 1 \leq \log y \leq 2 \Rightarrow R_f = [1, 2]$ $\Rightarrow \log y \leq 2 \Rightarrow y \leq 10^2$

$y = \sqrt{\frac{n^2 - 1}{n^2 - 4}} \Rightarrow y^2 = \frac{n^2 - 1}{n^2 - 4} \Rightarrow y^2 n^2 - 4y^2 = n^2 - 1 \Rightarrow y^2 n^2 - n^2 = 4y^2 - 1$
 $n^2(y^2 - 1) = 4y^2 - 1 \Rightarrow n^2 = \frac{4y^2 - 1}{y^2 - 1} \Rightarrow n = \pm \sqrt{\frac{4y^2 - 1}{y^2 - 1}}$
 $\Rightarrow y = R_f = [\frac{1}{2}, 1] \cup (1, 2)$ $\Rightarrow a + b + c = 0 + \frac{1}{2} + 1 = \frac{3}{2}$

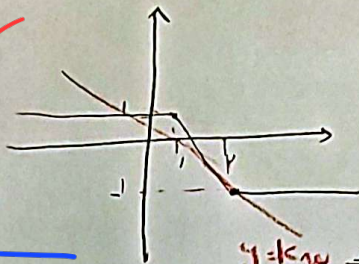
الف) $x + \frac{1}{x} + 1\sqrt{x + \frac{1}{x}}$ $\Rightarrow R_f = [1, 2]$
 ب) $(1 - \sin x)(1 + \sin x) \Rightarrow (1 - \sin^2 x) \Rightarrow \cos^2 x \Rightarrow (-1 \leq \cos x \leq 1) \Rightarrow R_f = [0, 1]$

$f(n) = -\frac{1}{n}n + 1 \Rightarrow D_f = \{1, 2, 3, \dots, 9\} \Rightarrow f(1) + f(2) + f(3) + \dots + f(9) \Rightarrow$
 $9 \times 1 - \frac{1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + 9}{1} = 9 - \frac{45}{1} \Rightarrow 9 - 45 = -36$

$f(n) = \sqrt{an^2 + bn + c} \Rightarrow D_f = [1, 2] \Rightarrow a = 0 \Rightarrow \sqrt{bn + c} \Rightarrow f(1) = 1 \Rightarrow b + c = 1$
 $f(2) = 2 \Rightarrow 4b + c = 4$
 $\Rightarrow b = 1, c = 0$
 $g(n) = \sqrt{n^2 + 1} \Rightarrow \min g = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow R_g = [1, 2]$

$$|m-1| - |n-1| = kn$$

تفاوت



$$y = kn \Rightarrow y = kn(b-1) \quad |k=1|$$

$$k = -\frac{1}{r}$$

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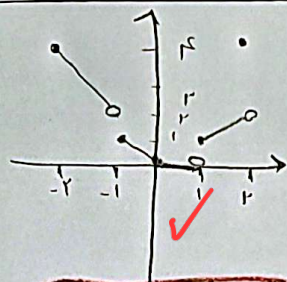
$$الف) y = n[n]$$

$$-r \leq n \leq -1 \xrightarrow{[n] = -r} y = -r$$

$$n \in [-1, 0) \xrightarrow{[n] = -1} y = -n$$

$$n \in [0, 1) \xrightarrow{[n] = 0} y = 0$$

$$n \in [1, 2) \xrightarrow{[n] = 1} y = n$$



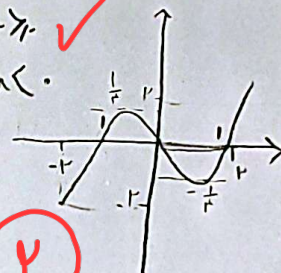
$$R = [0, 2] - \{1\}$$

$$ب) y = n|n| - n$$

$$y = \begin{cases} n^2 - n & n \geq 0 \\ -n^2 - n & n < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$R = [-1, 2]$$

محدوده دامنه و مقادیر



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$$y = \frac{1}{n} + \frac{1}{n+1} + \frac{1}{n^2+n} = \frac{r(n+1)}{n^2+n} \Rightarrow y = \frac{r}{n}$$

$$n \in [0, 1]$$

$$R = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ \frac{1}{2}, 1 \right\} \Rightarrow a = -1, b = 0$$

$$a+b = -1$$

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$$f(n) = \frac{n - 1\sqrt{n} + 1}{n - 1\sqrt{n} + 1} = \frac{(\sqrt{n}-1)(\sqrt{n}-1)}{(\sqrt{n}-1)(\sqrt{n}-1)} \xrightarrow{n \neq 1} f(n) = \frac{\sqrt{n}-1}{\sqrt{n}-1}$$

$$R_f = (-\infty, 1) \cup [1, +\infty)$$

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$$f(n) = \frac{n^2 + 1n^2 - n - 1}{n^2 - 1} = \frac{(n^2 + 1n + 1)(n-1)}{(n+1)(n-1)} = \frac{(n+1)(n+1)(n-1)}{(n+1)(n-1)} \Rightarrow y = n+1$$

$$n \neq \pm 1$$

$$\Rightarrow R_f = \mathbb{R} - \{f(1), f(-1)\} = \mathbb{R} - \{1, 1\} \Rightarrow 1, 1$$

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