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19, 15

برای پیدا کردن

$$y = -\frac{1}{\mu}m^2 + \frac{\nu}{\omega}m + 1$$

$$\frac{b}{a} = \frac{-\frac{\nu}{\omega}}{\frac{1}{\mu}} = -\frac{\nu}{\omega} \cdot \mu = -\frac{\nu\mu}{\omega} \rightarrow y_{\text{max}} = -\frac{1}{\mu} \left(\frac{\nu\mu}{\omega} \right)^2 + \frac{\nu}{\omega} \left(\frac{\nu\mu}{\omega} \right) + 1 = \frac{\nu\mu}{\omega}$$

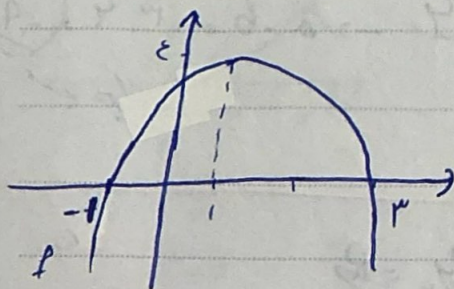
$$\text{نقطه} \rightarrow \left(\frac{\nu\mu}{\omega}, \frac{\nu\mu}{\omega} \right) \xrightarrow{\text{مقیاس بر } (x, y)} \left(\varepsilon - \frac{\nu}{\omega}, \mu - \frac{\nu\mu}{\omega} \right) \rightarrow (h, k) = \left(\frac{\nu}{\omega}, \frac{\varepsilon\mu}{\omega} \right)$$

$$y_{\text{جدید}} = -\frac{1}{\mu} \left(m - \frac{\nu}{\omega} \right)^2 + \frac{\nu}{\omega} \left(m - \frac{\nu}{\omega} \right) + 1 + \frac{\nu\mu}{\omega}$$

$$-\frac{1}{\mu}m^2 + \frac{\nu\varepsilon}{\omega}m - \frac{\nu\mu}{\omega} + \frac{\nu}{\omega}m - \frac{\nu^2}{\omega} + 1 + \frac{\varepsilon\mu}{\omega}$$

$$\rightarrow y = -\frac{1}{\mu}m^2 + \frac{\nu}{\omega}m - \frac{\nu}{\mu} \quad x = \frac{\nu}{\omega} \rightarrow m^2 - \mu m + \nu = 0$$

$$m = \frac{\mu \pm \sqrt{4\varepsilon - \mu^2}}{2} = \frac{\mu \pm \mu}{2} \rightarrow m = \mu, m = 0$$



$$\vec{P_{\text{جدید}}} = (1, \varepsilon)$$

$$y = 1 - \nu^2 (\mu_m + \nu)$$

$$\mu_m + \nu = 1 \rightarrow m = -\frac{1}{\mu}, y = 1 - \frac{\nu^2}{\mu} = 1 - 1 = -1$$

$$A \left(-\frac{1}{\mu}, -\nu \right) \rightarrow \alpha B = \frac{\nu}{\mu}$$

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$$y = \mu - \sqrt{\mu} \xrightarrow{-\mu, \omega, L} \mu - \sqrt{\mu(n+1)} \xrightarrow{\mu, \omega, L} y = -(\mu - \sqrt{\mu(n+1)}) \Rightarrow -\mu$$

$$\Rightarrow y = -\mu + \sqrt{\mu(n+1)} \xrightarrow{(+\omega), \mu, \omega, \omega} y = \sqrt{\mu(n+1)} + \mu$$

$$y = \sqrt{\mu(n+1)} + \mu = \frac{\mu}{\epsilon} \rightarrow \sqrt{\mu(n+1)} = \frac{\mu}{\epsilon} \rightarrow \mu + \mu = \frac{\mu}{\epsilon} \rightarrow \mu = \frac{\mu}{\epsilon} \rightarrow$$

$$n = \frac{1}{\epsilon} \quad \checkmark$$

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$$D_f = (a, \epsilon], D_g = [-1, b) \quad D_y = (-\tau, \omega) \quad a-b=?$$

$$y = f(n-1) + g(n+1)$$

$$n+1 \in D_f, n-1 \in D_g$$

$$\{n \mid n-1 \in (a, \epsilon]\}, \{n \mid n+1 \in [-1, b)\}$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$(a+1, \omega]$$

$$[-\tau, b-1) \rightarrow (a+1, \omega] \cap [-\tau, b-1) = (-\tau, \omega)$$

$$a+1 = -\tau, a = -\tau, b-1 = \omega, b = \omega+1 \rightarrow a-b = -\tau - (\omega+1) = -\tau - \omega - 1$$

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$$\psi(n) = \log_p n \xrightarrow{\text{عدد صحیح } 2} \log_p(n+2) \xrightarrow{\text{قریبی عدد } 2} -\log_p(n+2) \rightarrow -2$$

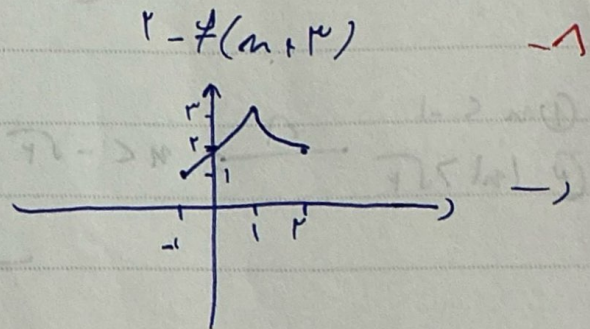
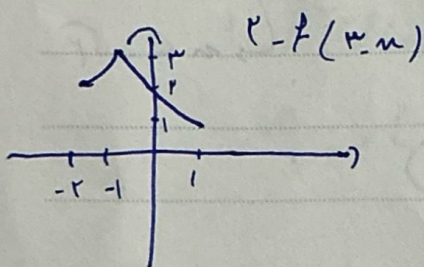
$$\xrightarrow{\text{عدد صحیح } 3} -\log_p(n+3) + 3 \xrightarrow{\text{قریبی عدد } 3} -\log_p((-n)+3)+3 = 3 - \log_p 3-n = g(n)$$

$$p-n > 0 \rightarrow n < p \rightarrow \text{هر دو عدد ۱۴ و ۶۲ در این بازه}$$

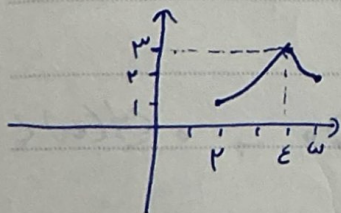
$$g(-14) = 3 - \log_p 14 = 3 - 4 = -1$$

$$g(-62) = 3 - \log_p 62 = 3 - 4 = -1$$

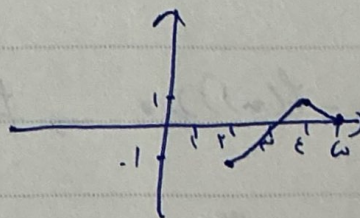
$$\rightarrow -1 + (-3) = -4$$



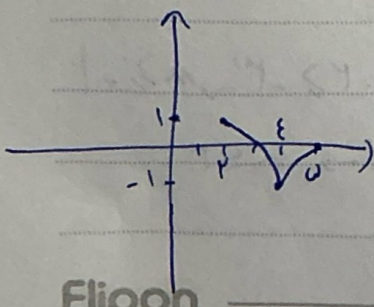
$p - f(n)$



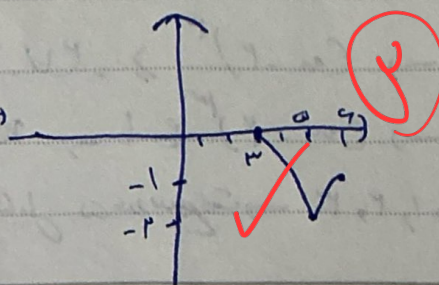
$-f(n)$



$f(n)$



$f(n-1) - 1$



$$f(n) = \left| \frac{n+1}{p_{n+1}} \right| \xrightarrow[\text{نقطة 1, 2}]{\text{نقطة 1, 2}} g(n) = \left| \frac{(n-1)+1}{p_{(n-1)+1}} \right| + 1 = \left| \frac{n-1}{p_{n-1}} \right| + 1$$

$n \neq \frac{p}{r}$

$$n + g(n) < 0 \rightarrow n + \left| \frac{n-1}{p_{n-1}} \right| + 1 < 0$$

$$n + 1 < 0 \rightarrow n < -1 \xrightarrow{\text{نقطة 1, 2}} n + 1 + \frac{n-1}{p_{n-1}} < 0 \rightarrow$$

$$\rightarrow (n+1)(p_{n-1}) + (n-1) > 0 \rightarrow (n+1)(p_{n-1}) = p_{n-1}^r - n - p$$

$$p_{n-1}^r - n - p + n - 1 = p_{n-1}^r - p - 1 > 0 \rightarrow p_{n-1}^r - p - 1 > 0 \rightarrow p_{n-1}^r > p + 1 \rightarrow n < -\sqrt{p}$$

$$\textcircled{1} n < -1$$

$$\textcircled{2} |n| > \sqrt{p}$$

$$\xrightarrow{\cap} n < -\sqrt{p} \rightarrow (-\infty, -\sqrt{p})$$

✓

$$g(n) = \sqrt{p_{n+1}} f(n) - f'(n) \rightarrow p_{n+1} f(n) - f'(n) > 0$$

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$$f(n)(p_{n+1} - f(n)) > 0 \rightarrow f(n) > 0, p_{n+1} - f(n) > 0 \rightarrow 0 < f(n) < p_{n+1}$$

$$f(n) = (n-1)^p + pV \rightarrow 0 \leq (n-1)^p + pV \leq p_{n+1}$$

$$(n-1)^p + pV > 0 \rightarrow (n-1)^p \geq -pV \rightarrow n-1 \geq -\sqrt[p]{pV} \rightarrow n > -1$$

$$(n-1)^p + pV \leq p_{n+1} \rightarrow (n-1)^p \leq p_{n+1} - pV \rightarrow n-1 \leq \sqrt[p]{p_{n+1} - pV} \rightarrow n \leq \sqrt[p]{p_{n+1}}$$

$$-1 \leq n \leq \sqrt[p]{p_{n+1}} \rightarrow -1, 0, 1, 2, 3 \rightarrow \text{نقطة 1, 2}$$

$$f(n) = \frac{pV}{p_{n+1}} (n-1)^p + pV \rightarrow \mathcal{D} = \left[-1, \sqrt[p]{p_{n+1}} \right]$$

Elipon