

$f(x) = \sqrt{\log_{\frac{1}{2}} x-1}, \quad g(x) = \sqrt{-x^2 + 4x - 4}$ $D_{f \circ g} = \{x \in D_f : f(x) \in D_g\}$ $\downarrow$ $\downarrow$ $x \in [2, +\infty) \cap \sqrt{\log_{\frac{1}{2}} x-1} = 2$ $\Rightarrow \log_{\frac{1}{2}} x-1 = 4 \Rightarrow x-1 = 2 \Rightarrow x = 3$	$D_f: \begin{cases} x-1 > 0 \Rightarrow x > 1 \\ \log_{\frac{1}{2}} x-1 \geq 0 \Rightarrow x-1 \geq 1 \Rightarrow x \geq 2 \end{cases} \Rightarrow x \geq 2$ $D_g: -x^2 + 4x - 4 \geq 0 \Rightarrow x = 2$ $\Rightarrow D_{f \circ g} = \{3\}$
$f(x) = 2x - 5, \quad g(x) = x^2 - 3x + 1$ $f \circ g(x) = 2(x^2 - 3x + 1) - 5 = 2x^2 - 4x - 3$ $g \circ f(x) = (2x - 5)^2 - 3(2x - 5) + 1 = 4x^2 - 4x + 25 - 6x + 15 + 1 = 4x^2 - 10x + 41$ $f \circ g(x) = g \circ f(x) \Rightarrow 2x^2 - 4x - 3 = 4x^2 - 10x + 41 \Rightarrow 2x^2 - 6x + 44 = 0$ $\Delta = \frac{b^2}{a} = \frac{36}{2} = 18, \quad p = \frac{36}{2}$ $\alpha^2 + \beta^2 = S^2 - 2P = 18 - 2 \cdot 18 = -18$ مجموع مربعات	۲
$g \circ f(x) = 5x^2 + 11, \quad f(x) = 2x$ $\Rightarrow g(f(x)) = 5x^2 + 11 \xrightarrow{f(x)=2x} g(2x) = 5x^2 + 11 \xrightarrow{x=\frac{x}{2}} g(x) = 5\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 11 = \frac{5}{4}x^2 + 11$ $g(x) = \frac{5}{4}x^2 + 11 \rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{g(x)}{x} \rightarrow \text{محدودیت مقدار}$ همان تابع $y = x^2$ که ناحیه شفافها تعیین کرده و $\frac{1}{4}$ واحد بالا رفته	۳ کمترین مقدار $g(x-v)$ همان y_5 در نقطهٔ مسنم تابع g باشد.
$f(x) = 3x - 4, \quad f \circ g(x) = 3x^2 - 4x - 1 \rightarrow f(g(x)) = 3x^2 - 4x - 1$ $\Rightarrow 3g(x) - 4 = 3x^2 - 4x - 1 \Rightarrow g(x) = x^2 - \frac{4}{3}x + \frac{1}{3} = (x-1)^2$ $g \circ f(x) = g(f(x)) = (3x - 4)^2 = (3x - 4)^2 = 9x^2 - 24x + 16$	۴
	$2g(x) = 3f(x) - 14 \Rightarrow g(x) = \frac{3}{2}f(x) - 7$ $f(x) - g(x) = f(x) - \frac{3}{2}f(x) + 7 = -\frac{1}{2}f(x) + 7$ بازوی به مقدار داده شده: $-x + 5 = -\frac{1}{2}f(x) + 7 \Rightarrow f(x) = 2x + 4, \quad g(x) = 3x - 1$ $f \circ g(x) = 2(3x - 1) + 4 = 6x + 2 \xrightarrow{x=a} 4a + 2 = 0$ $\Rightarrow a = -\frac{1}{2}$ ۵

$f(x) = 9^x, g(x) = \log_9^x \rightarrow f \circ g(x) \leq g \circ f(x)$ $f \circ g(x) = 9^{\log_9^x} = x^9$ $g \circ f(x) = \log_9^{9^x} = x \rightarrow 9^{\log_9^x} \leq \log_9^{9^x} \Rightarrow x^9 \leq 9^x \Rightarrow x^{9-x} \leq 9 \Rightarrow x(9-x) \leq 9$ $\Rightarrow x \in [0, 9] \rightarrow \log_9^x \text{ با } x=0 \text{ غیر قابل قبول!} \Rightarrow (0, 9] \xrightarrow{\text{حدود}} 1, 9 \rightarrow x \in \frac{9}{2}$	4
$f\left(\frac{x^9-x}{x}\right) = x^9 + x - \frac{x}{x} + \frac{x}{x^9} \Rightarrow f\left(x - \frac{1}{x}\right) = x^9 - \frac{x}{x} + \frac{x}{x^9} + x - \frac{1}{x} \Rightarrow f(x) = x^9 + x$	5
$f(x) = \log_9^x, g(x) = 11x - x^9, D_f = x > 0, D_g = \mathbb{R}$ $A = D_{f \circ g} = \{x \in D_g; g(x) \in D_f\} \Rightarrow x \in (\mathbb{R} \cap (0, 1)) \Rightarrow x \in (0, 1) = A$ $\frac{0}{11} \rightarrow -x^9 + 11x > 0 \Rightarrow x \in (0, 1)$ $B = D_{g \circ f} \rightarrow f \circ g(x) = \log_9^{11x - x^9} \rightarrow (-\infty, 1] \Rightarrow R_{f \circ g} = B = (-\infty, 1]$ $\log_9^{1/9} \rightarrow A \cap B = (0, 1]$ اعداد صحیح: 1, 9, 3, 4 x ∈ 4/9	6
$f(f(x)) = 1 - 3f(x) \Rightarrow f(x) = 1 - 3x^9$ $g(x) = x - 1$ $h(x) = x^9 + 9x + 1$ $h(g(x)) = (x-1)^9 + 9(x-1) + 1 = x^9 - 9x^8 + 36x^7 - 42x^6 + 27x^5 - 18x^4 + 9x^3 - 9x^2 + 9x - 8 + 9x - 9 + 1 = x^9 - 9x^8 + 36x^7 - 42x^6 + 27x^5 - 18x^4 + 9x^3 - 9x^2 + 18x - 6$ $h(g(x)) = f(x) \Rightarrow x^9 - 9x^8 + 36x^7 - 42x^6 + 27x^5 - 18x^4 + 9x^3 - 9x^2 + 18x - 6 = -3x^9 + 1 \Rightarrow x^9 + 9x^8 - 36x^7 + 42x^6 - 27x^5 + 18x^4 - 9x^3 + 9x^2 - 18x + 7 = 0$ با توجه به آنکه ضریب x^9 مثبت است، $x \rightarrow +\infty$ تابع $x^9 + 9x^8 - 36x^7 + 42x^6 - 27x^5 + 18x^4 - 9x^3 + 9x^2 - 18x + 7$ نیز $\rightarrow +\infty$ و در $x \rightarrow -\infty$ تابع $x^9 + 9x^8 - 36x^7 + 42x^6 - 27x^5 + 18x^4 - 9x^3 + 9x^2 - 18x + 7$ نیز $\rightarrow -\infty$ و با توجه به آنکه مشتق $(9x^8 + 72x^7 - 252x^6 + 252x^5 - 135x^4 + 36x^3 - 27x^2 - 18)$ همواره مثبت و فاصله مثبت است، معادله دارای یک ریشه یابی باشد.	7
$f(x) = x - \frac{x}{x}, g \circ f(x) = ax^9 + 9x, g(w) = 1$ $g(f(x)) = ax^9 + 9x \Rightarrow g\left(x - \frac{x}{x}\right) = ax^9 + 9x \xrightarrow{x=-1} g(w) = -a - 9 \xrightarrow{g(w)=1} -a - 9 = 1$ $\Rightarrow \boxed{a = -10}$	8