

۱۸۷۵

نام و نام خانوادگی دلا رام میرزا باقر پاسخنامه تشریحی تکلیف شماره ۱۸. کلاس درازم دختر B

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 2} \frac{2n+2}{n+1} \xrightarrow{n=2} 3$$

(ع)

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 2^+} \frac{2n+2}{n+1} \xrightarrow{n=2, \varepsilon+2=3}$$

(الف)

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{2n+1}{[n^2]} \xrightarrow{0^+} \frac{1}{1} = 1$$

(د)

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 2^-} \frac{2n+2}{n+1} \xrightarrow{n=2} 3$$

(ب)

(۱/۵)

حاصل به است صفر دقیق است چون [] تنها عدد صحیح است! $[x] = 0$

$$ج) \left[\lim_{n \rightarrow 3^-} \sum_{n=2} \right] = \left[\lim_{n \rightarrow 3^-} 1 \right] = 1$$

$$الف) \lim_{n \rightarrow 3^-} \left[\sum_{n=2} \right] - 2 = \lim_{n \rightarrow 3^-} \varepsilon \times 2 - 2 = 4$$

(۲)

$$د) \left[\lim_{n \rightarrow 3^+} \sum_{n=2} \right] = \left[\lim_{n \rightarrow 3^+} 1 \right] = 1$$

$$ب) \lim_{n \rightarrow 3^-} \left[\sum_{n=2} \right] = \lim_{n \rightarrow 3^-} [1] = 9$$

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$$ج) \left[\lim_{n \rightarrow 3^-} \frac{2n+1}{2} \right] = \left[\lim_{n \rightarrow 3^-} \frac{1}{2} \right] = 2$$

$$الف) \lim_{n \rightarrow 3^-} \frac{2[n]+1}{2} = \lim_{n \rightarrow 3^-} \frac{2 \times 2 + 1}{2} = \frac{5}{2}$$

$$د) \left[\lim_{n \rightarrow 3^+} \frac{2n+1}{2} \right] = \left[\lim_{n \rightarrow 3^+} \frac{1}{2} \right] = 2$$

$$ب) \lim_{n \rightarrow 3^-} \left[\frac{2n+1}{2} \right] = \lim_{n \rightarrow 3^-} \left[\frac{1}{2} \right] = \frac{4}{2}$$

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$$ب) \lim_{n \rightarrow 3} \frac{n-2}{n^2-9n+9} \xrightarrow{n=3} \frac{1}{0^+} = +\infty$$

$$الف) \lim_{n \rightarrow 1} \frac{n-2}{n^2-4n+2} \xrightarrow{n=1} \frac{1}{0^+} = +\infty$$

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$$\xrightarrow{3^+} \frac{-1}{0^+} = -\infty$$

$$\xrightarrow{1^+} \frac{-2}{0^-} = +\infty$$

$$\xrightarrow{1^-} \frac{-2}{0^+} = -\infty$$

همینطور

(۴)

$$ب) \lim_{n \rightarrow (-\frac{1}{2})^-} \left[\frac{-1}{n^2} \right]$$

$$الف) \lim_{n \rightarrow -3} [-2n] - [2n]$$

$$\xrightarrow{n=-1/2} \left[\frac{-1}{(-0.5)^2} \right] \rightarrow \left[\frac{-1}{1/4} \right] = -4$$

$$\xrightarrow{-3^+} [9] - [-12] = 18 - (-12) = 30$$

$$\xrightarrow{-3^-} [9] - [-12] = 9 - (-12) = 21$$

مربوط

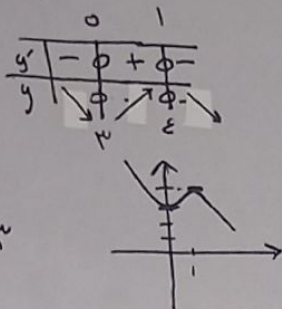
۵

$$ب) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} [\varepsilon x^3 - 2x^2 + 3]$$

$$y' = 3\varepsilon x^2 - 4x$$

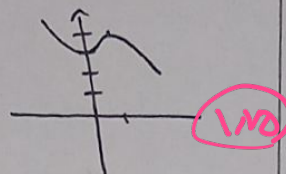
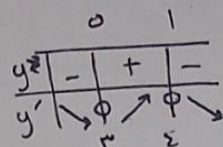
$$x \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow y = 3$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} [\varepsilon x^3 - 2x^2 + 3] = 3$$



$$الف) \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} [\varepsilon x^3 - 2x^2 + 3]$$

$$x \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow \varepsilon \rightarrow [\varepsilon^-] 2^3$$



$$ب) \lim_{x \rightarrow \pi} \frac{|\sin x|}{\sin 2x}$$

$$x \rightarrow \pi^- \rightarrow \frac{\sin x}{\sin 2x} = \frac{\sin x}{2 \sin x \cos x} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$x \rightarrow \pi^+ \rightarrow \frac{-\sin x}{\sin 2x} = \frac{-\sin x}{2 \sin x \cos x} = \frac{1}{2}$$

محدود

$$الف) \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{|x^3 - 1|}{x^2 - 2}$$

$$x \rightarrow 2^+ \rightarrow \frac{x^3 - 1}{x^2 - 2} = \frac{(x-1)(x^2 + x + 1)}{(x-1)(x+2)} = \frac{x^2 + x + 1}{x+2} = \frac{5}{4}$$

$$x \rightarrow 2^- \rightarrow \frac{1 - x^3}{x^2 - 2} = \frac{-(x-1)(x^2 + x + 1)}{(x-1)(x+2)} = -\frac{x^2 + x + 1}{x+2} = -\frac{5}{4}$$

محدود

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \sqrt{x - 2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$x \rightarrow 0^- \rightarrow \text{غیر تعریف}$$

$$x \rightarrow 0^+ \rightarrow 0$$

محدود

$$الف) \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{\cos x}$$

$$x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}^+ \rightarrow \sqrt{\cos x} = 0$$

$$x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}^- \rightarrow \cos x = 0$$

محدود

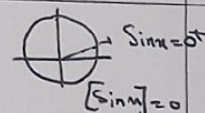
$$ب) \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2 - [x^2]}{x - [x]}$$

$$x \rightarrow 2^+ \rightarrow \frac{x^2 - 2}{x - 2} = \frac{(x-2)(x+2)}{x-2} = x+2 = 4$$

$$x \rightarrow 2^- \rightarrow \frac{x^2 - 1}{x - 1} = \frac{(x-1)(x+1)}{x-1} = x+1 = 3$$

$$الف) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{(-1)^{[\sin x]}}{x^3 - x^2}$$

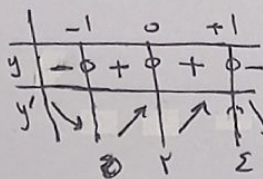
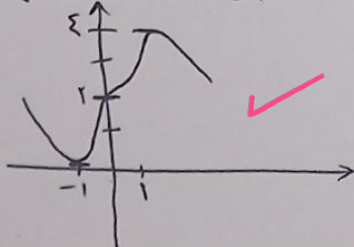
$$\rightarrow \frac{(-1)^0}{x^3 - x^2} = \frac{1}{x^2(x-1)} = -\infty$$



$$الف) y = 2x^3 - 3x^2 + 2$$

$$y' = 6x^2 - 6x$$

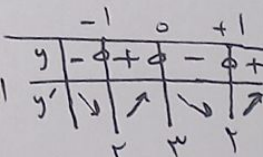
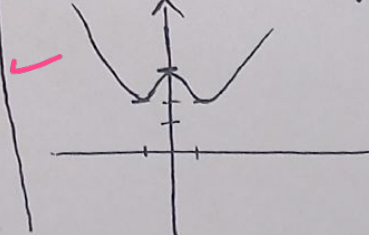
$$6x^2(1-x) = 0 \rightarrow x = 0, 1$$



$$ب) y = x^3 - 2x^2 + 2$$

$$y' = 3x^2 - 4x$$

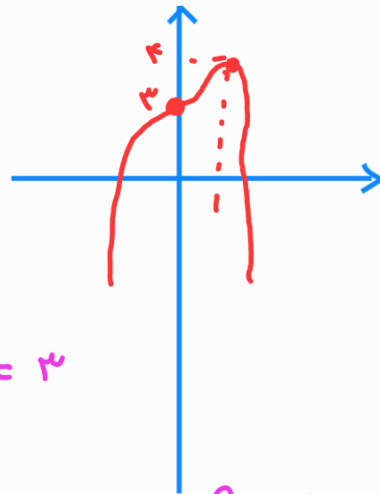
$$3x(x - 4/3) = 0 \rightarrow x = 0, 4/3$$



$$y = [4n^3 - 3n^2 + 3] \rightarrow y' = 12n^2 - 6n \rightarrow y' = 0 \rightarrow 12n^2(1-n) = 0$$

$n=0, n=1$

		*		
				1
y'	-	-	+	
y	↘	↘	↗	



الف) $\lim_{n \rightarrow 1} [4n^3 - 3n^2 + 3] = [4] = 4$

ب) $\lim_{n \rightarrow 0} [4n^3 - 3n^2 + 3] = \begin{cases} n > 0 \rightarrow \lim[y] = [4] = 4 \\ n < 0 \rightarrow \lim[y] = [3] = 3 \end{cases}$

$$n - 2\sqrt{n} \geq 0 \rightarrow \sqrt{n}(\sqrt{n} - 2) \geq 0 \quad \text{for } n \leq 4$$

↓

$$n \geq 0 \quad \text{I}$$

II

سوال ۸ - ب

I $\cap$ II $n=0 \leq n \leq 4 \rightarrow$ شرایط ضریب $\lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \sqrt{n - 2\sqrt{n}} = \infty$