

۶. هدف قبول تلف بنویسید و در صورتی که صاف باشد! مثل
 مانند نامدار دارید تا هم اشکال بنویسید!

چهارشنبه

اسفند

۱۳

۱۴ رمضان ۱۴۴۷

4 Mar 2026

۱۴۰۴

الف) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \frac{2x+5}{x+1} = \frac{2+5}{2} = 3$ (۱)

ب) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} \frac{2x+5}{x+1} = \frac{2+5}{2} = 3$

ج) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{2x+5}{x+1} = \frac{2+5}{2} = 3$

د) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2x+v}{[x^2]} \rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{2x+v}{[x^2]} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{2x+v}{x^2}$

حاصل به این عدد صاف است پس مفهوم نزدیکی است

ن.ن = $\frac{v}{0}$

الف) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} f[x] - 2 = 4 \times 3 - 2 = 12 - 2 = 10$ (۲)

ب) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} [4x - 2] \xrightarrow{\text{در عددی}} [4 \times 3 - 2] = 10$

$[4 \times 3 - 2] = [12 - 2] = [10] = 10$

ج) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} [4x - 2] = [4 \times 3 - 2] = [10] = 10$

د) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} [4x - 2] = [4 \times 3 - 2] = [10] = 10$

الف) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} \frac{f[x] + 1}{2} = \frac{f[2] + 1}{2} = \frac{v}{2}$ (۳)

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پنجشنبه

اسفند

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باید بهر سید ... ت

$$\text{ب) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} \left[\frac{3x+1}{2} \right] = \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} \left[\frac{9+1}{2} \right] = \left[\frac{10}{2} \right] = [5] = 5$$

$$\text{ج) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} \left[\frac{3x+1}{2} \right] = \left[\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} \frac{3x+1}{2} \right] = [5] = 5 \quad \left[\frac{10}{2} \right] = [5] = 5$$

$$\text{د) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} \left[\frac{3x+1}{2} \right] = \left[\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} \frac{3x+1}{2} \right] = [5] = 5$$

$$\text{الف) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x-5}{x^2-7x+5} = \frac{-4}{1-7+5} = \frac{-4}{-1} = 4$$

$$\Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x-5}{(x-5)(x-1)} \Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{1}{x-1} = \frac{1}{0^+} = +\infty$$

(۱۸)

$$\text{ب) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x-5}{x^2-7x+5}$$

$$\hookrightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} \frac{1}{x-1} = \frac{1}{0^-} = -\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{-1}{(x-5)(x-1)} = \frac{-1}{0^+} = -\infty$$

ولادت امام حسن مجتبی (ع) و روز اکرام و تکریم خیرین - روز احسان و نیکوکاری

۱۵ جمعه

اسفند

6 Mar ۱۶ رمضان

الف)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -3} [-3x] - [5x] \rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow -3} [(-9)] - [5 \times (-3)] = [9] - [-15] = 9 - (-15) = 24$$

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$$\text{ب) } \lim_{x \rightarrow (-\frac{1}{2})^-} \left[\frac{-1}{x^2} \right] \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow -3} [-3x] - [5x] \rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow -3^+} [-3x] - [5x] = 9 - (-15) = 24$$

$$\hookrightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow -3^-} [-3x] - [5x] = 9 - (-15) = 24$$

$$\text{ب) } x < -\frac{1}{4} \rightarrow x^2 > \frac{1}{16} \rightarrow -x^2 < -\frac{1}{16} \rightarrow -\frac{1}{x^2} > -16$$

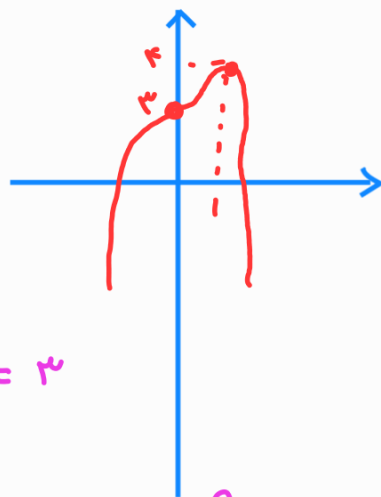
$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\frac{1}{4}} \left[-\frac{1}{x^2} \right] = -16$$

روز درختکاری

$$y = [\epsilon n^3 - 3n^2 + 2] \rightarrow y' = 3\epsilon n^2 - 6n \rightarrow y' = 0 \rightarrow 3\epsilon n^2(1-n) = 0$$

$n=0, n=1$

		*	1
y'	-	-	+
y	↘	↘	↗



الف) $\lim_{n \rightarrow 1} [\epsilon n^3 - 3n^2 + 2] = [\epsilon^-] = 2$

ب) $\lim_{n \rightarrow 0} [\epsilon n^3 - 3n^2 + 2] = \begin{cases} n > 0 \rightarrow \lim[y] = [\epsilon^+] = 3 \\ n < 0 \rightarrow \lim[y] = [\epsilon^-] = 2 \end{cases}$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 2} \frac{|n^3 - 1|}{n^2 - 2}$$

الف

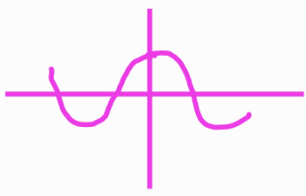
$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 2^+} \frac{(n-2)(n^2+2n+2)}{(n-2)(n+2)} = \frac{4+2+2}{2+2} = 2$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 2^-} \frac{-(n-2)(n^2+2n+2)}{(n-2)(n+2)} = -\frac{(12)}{4} = -3$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{|\sin n|}{\sin n} = \frac{+\sin n}{\epsilon \sin n} = \frac{1}{\epsilon \cdot n} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

ب

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{|\sin n|}{\sin n} = \frac{-\sin n}{\epsilon \sin n} = -\frac{1}{\epsilon \cdot n} = -\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$



الف ٨

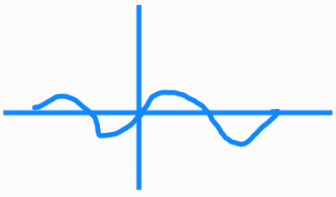
$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}^+} \sqrt{c \cdot sn} = \sqrt{0^+} = 0 \quad \left\{ \quad \lim_{n \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}^-} \sqrt{c \cdot sn} = \sqrt{0^-} = 0 \right.$$

سوال ٨ - ب

$$n - 2\sqrt{n} \geq 0 \rightarrow \sqrt{n}(\sqrt{n} - 2) \geq 0 \quad \begin{matrix} \text{من } n \leq 0 \\ \text{من } n \geq 4 \end{matrix} \quad \text{II}$$

$\downarrow$
 $n \geq 0 \quad \text{I}$

I $\cap$ II $n=0 \leq n \geq 4 \rightarrow$ تبراهان ضمیمه نمود $\lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \sqrt{n - 2\sqrt{n}} = *$



سوال ٩ - الف

$$\frac{(-1)^{[0^+]}}{n^2 - n^2} = \frac{1}{n^2 - n^2}$$

$\frac{*}{-1-)+} \rightarrow n \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow n=0 \quad \lim_{0^-} \frac{1}{0} = -\infty$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 2^+} \frac{n^2 - 2}{n - 2} = \frac{(n-2)(n+2)}{n-2} = n+2 \geq 2 \quad \text{ب-٩}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 2^-} \frac{n^2 - 2}{n - 1} = \frac{2^2 - 2}{2 - 1} = 1$$

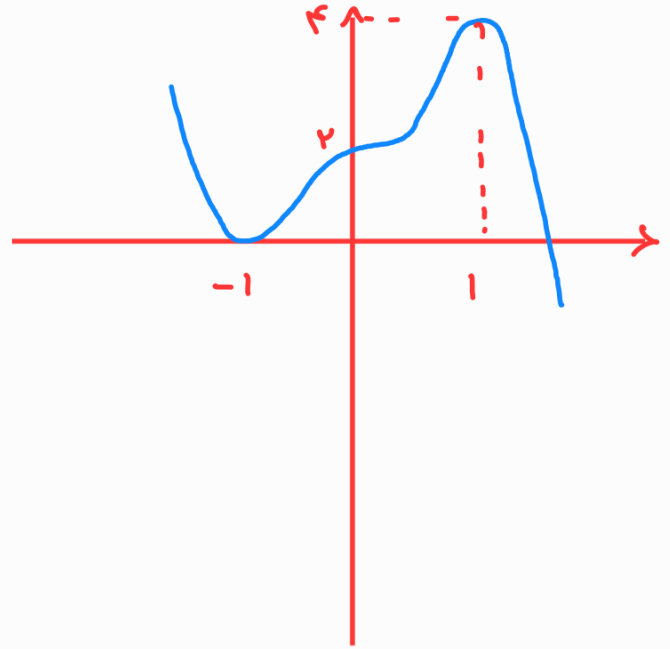
- ١٠

الف

$$y = 5x^3 - 3x^2 + 2 \rightarrow y' = 15x^2 - 6x$$

$$y' = 0 \rightarrow 15x^2(1 - \frac{2}{5}x) = 0 \rightarrow x = 0, x = \frac{5}{2}, x = -1$$

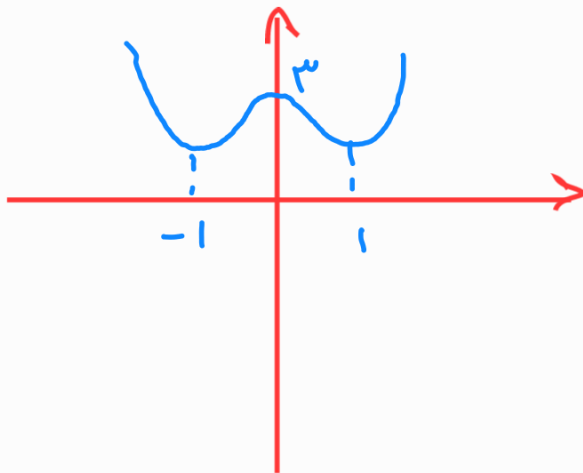
x	-1	0	1
y'	-	+	-
y	↘	↗	↘



$$y = x^3 - 3x^2 + 2 \rightarrow y' = 3x^2 - 6x$$

١٠ ب

$$y' = 0 \rightarrow 3x(x - 2) = 0 \rightarrow x = 0, x = 2, x = -1$$



x	-1	0	1
y'	-	+	-
y	↘	↗	↘