

سوال ۱

$$\text{الف) } \lim_{x \rightarrow r^+} \frac{rx + a}{x+1} = \frac{r+a}{r} = \boxed{r}$$

$$\text{ب) } \lim_{x \rightarrow r^-} \frac{rx + a}{x+1} = \frac{r+a}{r} = \boxed{r}$$

$$\text{ج) } \lim_{x \rightarrow r} \frac{rx + a}{x+1} \begin{cases} \lim_{x \rightarrow r^+} \frac{rx + a}{x+1} = r \\ \lim_{x \rightarrow r^-} \frac{rx + a}{x+1} = r \end{cases} \Rightarrow \boxed{r}$$

$$\text{د) } \lim_{x \rightarrow -} \frac{rx + v}{[x^r]} \begin{cases} \xrightarrow{x \rightarrow r^-} \lim_{x \rightarrow \cdot +} \frac{rx + v}{[x^r]} = \frac{v}{\cdot +} = +\infty \text{ منفرد} \\ \xrightarrow{x \rightarrow \cdot -} \lim_{x \rightarrow \cdot -} \frac{rx + v}{[x^r]} = \frac{v}{\cdot +} = +\infty \text{ منفرد} \end{cases} \Rightarrow \boxed{+\infty}$$

$$\text{الف) } \lim_{x \rightarrow r^-} F[x] - r = 9$$

$$\text{ب) } \lim_{x \rightarrow r^-} [ex - r] = \lim_{x \rightarrow r^-} [ex - r] = 9$$

$$\text{ج) } \left[\lim_{x \rightarrow r^-} [ex - r] \right] = \left[\lim_{x \rightarrow r^-} ex - r \right] = 10$$

$$\text{د) } \left[\lim_{x \rightarrow r^+} [ex - r] \right] = \left[\lim_{x \rightarrow r^+} ex - r \right] = 10$$

$$\text{الف) } \lim_{x \rightarrow r^-} \frac{r[x] + 1}{r} = \lim_{x \rightarrow r^-} \frac{r[x] + 1}{r} = \frac{v}{r}$$

$$\text{ب) } \lim_{x \rightarrow r^-} \left[\frac{rx + 1}{r} \right] = \lim_{x \rightarrow r^-} \left[\frac{r(\omega^-) + 1}{r} \right] = \lim_{x \rightarrow r^-} [\omega^-] = r$$

$$\text{ج) } \left[\lim_{x \rightarrow r^-} \frac{rx + 1}{r} \right] = \left[\lim_{x \rightarrow r^-} \frac{r + 1}{r} \right] = \omega$$

$$\text{د) } \left[\lim_{x \rightarrow r^+} \frac{rx + 1}{r} \right] = \left[\lim_{x \rightarrow r^+} \frac{r + 1}{r} \right] = \omega$$

سوال ۲

سوال ۳

الف) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x-5}{x^2-4x+5} = \frac{-4}{1-4+5} = \frac{-4}{2} = -2$ سوال ۴

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{x-5}{x^2-4x+5} = \frac{-4}{0^-} = +\infty$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} \frac{x-5}{x^2-4x+5} = \frac{-4}{0^+} = -\infty$

مسترد

$(x-1)(x-5) = 0$ / $x=1$
/ $x=5$

+	-	+
1 ⁻	1 ⁺	

ب) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x-2}{x^2-4x+9} = \frac{1}{9-12+9} = \frac{1}{6}$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} \frac{x-2}{(x-3)^2} = \frac{-1}{0^+} = -\infty$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} \frac{x-2}{(x-3)^2} = \frac{-1}{0^+} = -\infty$

مسترد

ج) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} [-\frac{9}{x^2}] - [\frac{10}{x}] = \lim_{x \rightarrow -2^+} [-\frac{9}{x^2}] - [\frac{10}{x}] = 1 + 5 = 6$ سوال ۵

$\lim_{x \rightarrow -2^-} [-\frac{9}{x^2}] - [\frac{10}{x}] = 9 - (-10) = 19$

د) $\lim_{x \rightarrow (-\frac{1}{2})^-} [-\frac{1}{x^2}] - [\frac{-1}{(-\frac{1}{2})^2}] = \lim_{x \rightarrow (-\frac{1}{2})^-} [-\frac{1}{x^2}] = [-19] = -19$ ۱/۸

$x \rightarrow (-\frac{1}{2})^-$ -14 →

ه) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} [6x^2 - 4x^2 + 3] = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} [2x^2 + 3] = 2 + 3 = 5$ سوال ۶

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} [6x^2 - 4x^2 + 3] = [5] = 5$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} [6x^2 - 4x^2 + 3] = [5] = 5$

$y' = 12x^2 - 12x^2 = 0 \Rightarrow x^2(12-12x) = 0$ / $x=0$
/ $x=1$

+	+	-
0 ⁺	1	

ب) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} [6x^2 - 4x^2 + 3] =$

$x \rightarrow 0$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} [3] = 3$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} [3] = 3$

مسترد

الف) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{|x^3 - 8|}{x^2 - 4}$ سؤال ٧

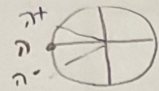
$x \rightarrow 2^+$ $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \frac{(x-2)(x^2+2x+4)}{(x-2)(x+2)} = \frac{4+8+8}{4} = 3$ محدود

$x \rightarrow 2^-$ $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} \frac{-x^3+8}{x^2-4} = \frac{-(x-2)(x^2+2x+4)}{(x-2)(x+2)} = 3$

ب) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi} \frac{|\sin x|}{\sin 2x}$ سؤال ٨

$x \rightarrow \pi^+$ $\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi^+} \frac{\sin x}{2 \sin x \cos x} = \frac{1}{2x-1} = -\frac{1}{2}$ محدود

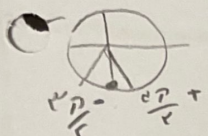
$x \rightarrow \pi^-$ $\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi^-} \frac{-\sin x}{2 \sin x \cos x} = \frac{-1}{2x-1} = \frac{1}{2}$



الف) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{3\pi}{2}} \sqrt{\cos x}$ سؤال ٩

$x \rightarrow \frac{3\pi}{2}^+$ $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{3\pi}{2}^+} \sqrt{\cos x} = 0$

$x \rightarrow \frac{3\pi}{2}^-$ $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{3\pi}{2}^-} \sqrt{\cos x} = \text{محدود}$



ب) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \sqrt{x - 2\sqrt{x}}$

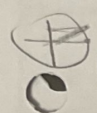
$x \rightarrow 0^+$ $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \sqrt{0^+ - 2\sqrt{0^+}} = \text{محدود}$ تعریف نزدیکی

$x \rightarrow 0^-$ $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \sqrt{0^- - 2\sqrt{0^-}} = \text{محدود}$ تعریف نزدیکی

الف) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{(-1)^{[\sin x]}}{x^2 - x^2}$ سؤال ١٠

$x \rightarrow 0^+$ $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{(-1)^{[\sin x]}}{x^2 - x^2} = \frac{1}{0^-} = -\infty$

$[\sin x] = 0$



ب) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2 - [x^2]}{x - [x]}$ سؤال ١١

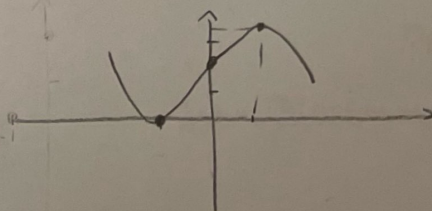
$x \rightarrow 2^+$ $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \frac{x^2 - 4}{x - 2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \frac{(x-2)(x+2)}{x-2} = 4$ محدود

$x \rightarrow 2^-$ $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} \frac{x^2 - 3}{x - 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} \frac{1}{1} = 1$

الف) $y = 2x^3 - 3x^2 + 1$

$y' = 6x^2 - 6x = 0$ x = 0

$6x^2 - 6x = 0$ x = 1



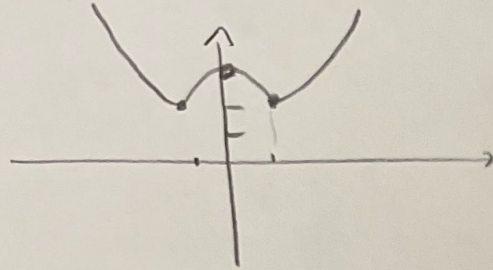
x	-1	0*	1
y'	+	0	+
y	0	1	0

سؤال (١٠) تست :-

$$=) y = x^4 - 2x^2 + 3$$

$$y' = 4x^3 - 4x = 0$$

$$4x(x^2 - 1) = 0 \quad \begin{cases} x = 0 \\ x = \pm 1 \end{cases}$$



x	-1	0	1
y'	-	+	-
y	2	3	2

ب) $x < -\frac{1}{\sqrt{e}} \rightarrow x^4 > \frac{1}{14} \rightarrow -x^2 < -\frac{1}{14} \rightarrow -\frac{1}{x^2} > -14$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\frac{1}{\sqrt{e}}} \left[-\frac{1}{x^2} \right] = -14$$

-5