

$$\frac{r(r)+1}{r} = \frac{r}{r}$$

(3) الف

مختارون

(1)

الف

(-)

$$\frac{r(r)+0}{r+1} = r$$

$$\frac{r(r)+0}{r+1} = r$$

$$n < r \rightarrow r n < r \rightarrow \frac{r n + 1}{r} < r$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[\frac{r n + 1}{r} \right] = r$$

(2)

$$\frac{r(r)+0}{r+1} = r$$

$$\left[\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{r(n)+1}{r} \right] = 0$$

(2)

$$\left[\frac{r(n)+1}{r} \right] = 0$$

(1)

$$n \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow n^2 = 0$$

(1)

$$\begin{matrix} 0^+ \\ 0^- \end{matrix} \left\langle \begin{matrix} \sqrt{0^+} \\ \sqrt{0^-} \end{matrix} \right\rangle \begin{matrix} \text{عدد موجب} \\ \text{مضرب} \end{matrix}$$

(2)

الف

$$\varepsilon(r) - r = 4$$

$$\begin{matrix} + \\ - \end{matrix} \left\langle \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{0^+} \\ \frac{-\varepsilon}{0^-} \end{matrix} \right\rangle = \begin{matrix} +\infty \\ -\infty \end{matrix}$$

(4) الف

عدد موجب مضرب

$$\begin{matrix} + \\ - \end{matrix} \left\langle \begin{matrix} \frac{-1}{0^+} \\ \frac{-1}{0^-} \end{matrix} \right\rangle = \begin{matrix} -\infty \\ -\infty \end{matrix}$$

$$\frac{-b}{c_n} = \frac{4}{r} = r$$

عدد مضرب

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} [\varepsilon n - r] &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} [\varepsilon n] - r \\ &= 11 - 2 = 9 \end{aligned}$$

(2)

(5) الف

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} [-c_n] - [0_n] &= r \\ 1 + 10 &= r \\ 9 + 14 &= r \end{aligned}$$

$$\left[\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} 1_n \right] = [1_n] = 1$$

(1)

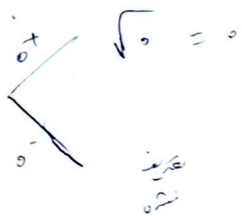
$$\left[\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} 1_n \right] = [1_n] = 1$$

(-)

$$n < -\frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow n^2 > \frac{1}{r^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{n^2} < r \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{n^2} > -r$$

$$\lim \left[-\frac{1}{n^2} \right] = -r$$



مربع

(-)



(4) (الف)

$$12x^2 - 12x^2$$

$$x^2(12 - 12)$$

$$\frac{0}{0}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^2(12 - 12)}{x^2(12 - 12)} = \frac{0}{0}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(x-1)^2}{2x^2(x-1)} = -\infty$$

(9) (الف)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2 - 2}{x - 2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} x + 2 = 4$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2 - 2}{x - 1} = \frac{2 - 2}{2 - 1} = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2 - 0}{x - 0} = \frac{0}{0}$$

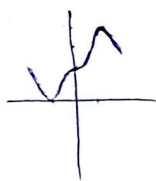
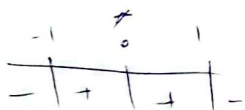
(10) (الف)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^2 - 1}{x - 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x + 1}{1} = 2$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1 - x^2}{x^2 - 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{-x - 1}{x + 1} = -1$$

$$y' = 10x^2 - 10x^2 = 0$$

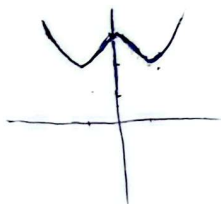
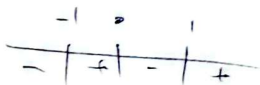
$$10x^2(1 - x^2) = 0$$



(-)

$$y' = 2x^2 - 2x = 0$$

$$2x(x - 1) = 0$$

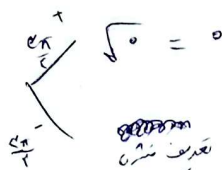


$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sin n}{\sin 2n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{2 \cos n} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sin n}{\sin 2n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{2 \cos n} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

مربع

(11) (الف)



مربع