

لو = Continuity

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow r} \frac{rx - a}{x^2 + ax + b} = -\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow r} \frac{r(x) - a}{0^+} = -\infty$$

$$a + b = -\varepsilon + \varepsilon = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \sqrt{14}} \frac{n}{x^2 + ax + b} \Rightarrow$$

$$a = -\frac{\sqrt{14}}{14} \quad b = \frac{\sqrt{14}}{14} \quad \Rightarrow \left[\frac{b}{a} \right] = \left[\frac{\frac{\sqrt{14}}{14}}{-\frac{\sqrt{14}}{14}} \right] = \left[\frac{-1}{1} \right] = -1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{e}}\right)^+} \frac{[-x] + a}{\left| \frac{1}{x} + a \right| + a} = -\infty \Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{e}}\right)^+} \frac{\left[-\frac{1}{\sqrt{e}}\right] + a}{\left| \frac{1}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{e}}} + a \right| + a} = -\infty \Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{e}}\right)^+} \frac{a - 1}{\left| \sqrt{e} + a \right| + a} = -\infty$$

$$\left| \sqrt{e} + a \right| + a = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \sqrt{e} + a + a = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad a = -\frac{\sqrt{e}}{2} \quad \left[-\frac{\sqrt{e}}{2} \right] = -1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \left(-\frac{1}{e}\right)^+} \frac{14x - \left[-\frac{x}{a^2}\right]}{x^2 + \left[\frac{x}{a^2}\right]} \Rightarrow \left[-\frac{x}{a^2} \right] = -1 \quad \left[\frac{x}{a^2} \right] = 0 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow \left(-\frac{1}{e}\right)^+} \frac{14x + 1}{x^2 x} = \frac{-1}{14}$$

نصف مبدع

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow r^+} \frac{x^2 - \varepsilon}{x^2 - [x^2]} \Rightarrow [x^2] > [1^2] = 1 \Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow r^+} \frac{(x-r)(x+r)}{x^2 - 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow r^+} \frac{(x-r)(x+r)}{(x-1)(x+1)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow r^+} \frac{x+r}{x^2 + \varepsilon + \varepsilon x} = \frac{\varepsilon}{\varepsilon + \varepsilon + \varepsilon} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x^2 + 10x + 14}{12 + 4\sqrt{x}} = \frac{x^2 + 10x + 14(12 + 4\sqrt{x})}{(12 + 4\sqrt{x})(12 + 4\sqrt{x})} = \frac{(x+1)(x+7)(12 + 4\sqrt{x})}{(12 + 4\sqrt{x})^2} = \frac{(x+1)(x+7)}{(12 + 4\sqrt{x})}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{(x+1)(12 + 4\sqrt{x})}{4^2} = \frac{-4(12 + 4\sqrt{-1})}{4^2} = \frac{-4(12 + 4i)}{16} = \frac{-48 - 16i}{16} = -3 - i$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{\sqrt{x+2x} - \sqrt{x-2x}}{\sqrt{1-\cos x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{\sqrt{x+2x} - \sqrt{x-2x}}{\sqrt{1-\cos x}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{1+\cos x}}{\sqrt{1+\cos x}} = \frac{\sqrt{x+2x} + \sqrt{x-2x}}{\sqrt{1-\cos x} \sqrt{1+\cos x}} = \frac{\sqrt{x+2x} + \sqrt{x-2x}}{\sqrt{1-\cos^2 x}} = \frac{\sqrt{x+2x} + \sqrt{x-2x}}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{x + 2x - x + 2x}{1 - \cos x} = \frac{\varepsilon x}{2 \sin^2 \frac{x}{2}} \Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{\varepsilon x}{x \cdot \frac{x}{2}} = 1 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{\varepsilon}{\frac{x}{2}} = 1 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{\varepsilon}{x} = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x + \cos(\sqrt{x})}{x^2} \xrightarrow{\text{L'Hôpital}} \frac{-\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} \sin(\sqrt{x})}{2x} \xrightarrow{\text{L'Hôpital}} \frac{-\frac{1}{4} \cos(\sqrt{x})}{2\sqrt{x}} \xrightarrow{\text{L'Hôpital}} \frac{-\frac{1}{8} \sin(\sqrt{x})}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$\frac{-1}{2x} = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{x} = -2$$

$x \rightarrow +\infty$ x

② Solution

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n-a} + \sqrt{n+a} - \sqrt{4a}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n-a} + \sqrt{n+a} - \sqrt{4a}} + \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt{n-a} - \sqrt{n+a}}{(\sqrt{n-a} + \sqrt{n+a})(\sqrt{n-a} - \sqrt{n+a})}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n-a} + \sqrt{n+a} - \sqrt{4a}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n-a} + \sqrt{n+a} - \sqrt{4a}} + 0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{4a}}$$

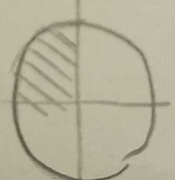
$$\lim_{n \rightarrow (-1)^+} \frac{1 - k[n]}{n^k - 1} = -\infty$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow (-1)^+} \frac{1+k}{n^k - 1} = -\infty$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow (-1)^+} \frac{1+k}{(n-1)(n+1)} = -\infty \Rightarrow 1+k < 0 \quad k < -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$[a] = -r$$

$$-(1 \leq \cos k\pi < 0)$$



(log)

$$-1 < k < -\frac{1}{2} \quad -\pi < k\pi < -\frac{\pi}{2}$$

(Note)

$$x > -\frac{1}{r} \rightarrow x^r < \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow \frac{1}{x^r} > r \rightarrow \frac{r}{x^r} > 1r \rightsquigarrow \left[\frac{r}{x^r} \right] = 1r$$

r

$$\hookrightarrow -\frac{r}{x^r} < -1 \rightsquigarrow \left[-\frac{r}{x^r} \right] = -1r$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow (-\frac{1}{r})^+} \frac{14n + 9}{r^n + 1r} = \frac{-1 + 9}{-1r^+ + 1r} = \frac{1}{0^+} = \boxed{+\infty}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{r+x_n} - \sqrt{r-x_n}}{\sqrt{1-\cos n}} \times \frac{\sqrt{r+x_n} + \sqrt{r-x_n}}{\sqrt{r+x_n} + \sqrt{r-x_n}} \times \frac{\sqrt{1+\cos n}}{\sqrt{1+\cos n}} =$$

v



$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{r_n \times \sqrt{r}}{\sqrt{1-\cos n}} \times \frac{1}{r\sqrt{r}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{r\sqrt{r} \cdot n}{\cancel{|\sin n|} r\sqrt{r} \cdot \sin n} = r \times \frac{n}{-\sin n} = \boxed{-r}$$