

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x^2 + \log x + 1}{1 + 4\sqrt{x}} = \frac{0}{0} \Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{(x+1)(x+1)}{4(\sqrt{x}+1)} \times \frac{\sqrt{x}-1}{\sqrt{x}-1} = \frac{(x+1)(x+1)(\sqrt{x}-1)}{4(x+1)} = \frac{(x+1)(\sqrt{x}-1)}{4}$$

$$= \frac{(-1+1)(\sqrt{-1}-1)}{4} = \frac{0}{4} = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{\sqrt{1+x} - \sqrt{1-x}}{\sqrt{1-\cos x}} = \frac{0}{0} \Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{1+x} + \sqrt{1-x}}{\sqrt{1-\cos x} + \sqrt{1-x}} = \frac{1+x-1+x}{\sqrt{1-\cos x} + \sqrt{1-x}} = \frac{2x}{\sqrt{1-\cos x} + \sqrt{1-x}} = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{k + \cos(\sqrt{a}x)}{kx^2} = \frac{0}{0} \Rightarrow \frac{k+1}{kx^2} = \frac{0}{0} \Rightarrow k+1=0 \Rightarrow k=-1$$

$$\Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-1 + \cos(\sqrt{a}x)}{-x^2} = \frac{1 - \frac{ax^2}{2} - 1}{-x^2} = \frac{-\frac{ax^2}{2}}{-x^2} = \frac{a}{2} = \frac{a}{2}$$

$$\frac{a}{2} = \frac{4}{2} = 2$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow x-1} \frac{1 - k[x]}{x^2 - 1} = -\infty$$

$$\frac{1}{0^+} \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{0^+} = -\infty$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \rightarrow -1^- \quad 1+k < 0 \Rightarrow k < -1 \\ & \rightarrow -1^+ \quad 1+k < 0 \Rightarrow k < -1 \end{aligned} \quad \left. \vphantom{\begin{aligned} & \rightarrow -1^- \quad 1+k < 0 \Rightarrow k < -1 \\ & \rightarrow -1^+ \quad 1+k < 0 \Rightarrow k < -1 \end{aligned}} \right\} k < -1$$

$$(-\infty, -1)$$