

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2 - 5}{x^2 + ax + b} = -\infty$$

$$x^2 + ax + b = x^2 - \varepsilon x + \varepsilon$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2 - 5}{x^2 + ax + b} = \frac{-1}{(x-2)^p} = -\infty$$

$$a = -\varepsilon \quad a + b = 0$$

$$b = \varepsilon$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \sqrt[3]{\varepsilon}} \frac{x}{x^2 + ax + b} = +\infty$$

$$\Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow \sqrt[3]{\varepsilon}} \frac{x}{x^2 + ax + b} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \sqrt[3]{\varepsilon}} \frac{\sqrt[3]{\varepsilon}}{(x - \sqrt[3]{\varepsilon})^p} = +\infty$$

$$a = -2\sqrt[3]{\varepsilon}$$

$$b = \sqrt[3]{4}$$

$$x^2 + ax + b = x^2 - 2\sqrt[3]{\varepsilon}x + \sqrt[3]{4}$$

$$\left[\frac{b}{a}\right] = \left[\frac{\sqrt[3]{4}}{-2\sqrt[3]{\varepsilon}}\right] = \left[-\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{\varepsilon}}\right] = -1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow (\frac{1}{\sqrt{p}})^+} \frac{[-x] + a}{\sqrt[p]{x} + a + a} = -\infty$$

$$\left|\frac{1}{p} + a\right| + a = 0$$

$$\left|\frac{1}{p} + a\right| = -a$$

$$\frac{1}{p} + a = -a$$

$$\Rightarrow 2a = -\frac{1}{p} \Rightarrow a = -\frac{1}{2p}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow (\frac{1}{\sqrt{p}})^+} \frac{[-x] + a}{\sqrt[p]{x} + a + a} = \lim_{x \rightarrow (\frac{1}{\sqrt{p}})^+} \frac{a + [-\frac{1}{\sqrt{p}}]}{\sqrt[p]{x} + a + a} = \frac{a-1}{\frac{1}{p} + a + a}$$

$$[a] = [-\frac{1}{p}] = -1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow (-\frac{1}{p})^+} \frac{14x - [-\frac{9}{x^2}]}{x^2 + 12x + 12} = \frac{14x + 9}{x^2 + 12x + 12} = \frac{1}{x^2 - \frac{1}{p}x + 12} = \frac{1}{0^+} = +\infty$$

$$x > -\frac{1}{p} = x^2 < \frac{1}{\varepsilon} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{x^2} > \varepsilon$$

$$\frac{x(-p)}{x(p)} = \frac{-p}{x^2} < -1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{x^2 - \varepsilon}{x^3 - [x^2]} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{x^2 - \varepsilon}{x^3 - 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{(x-1)(x+1)}{(x-1)(x^2+x+1)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{\varepsilon}{1^3} = \frac{1}{1^3}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x^3 + 10x + 14}{1 + 9\sqrt[3]{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)}{9(\sqrt[3]{x}+1)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{(x+1)(\sqrt[3]{x}+1)(\sqrt[3]{x^2}+\sqrt[3]{x}+1)}{9(\sqrt[3]{x}+1)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{-9(14)}{9} = -14$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{\sqrt{1+9x} - \sqrt{1-9x}}{\sqrt{1-9x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{9x}{\sqrt{1-9x}} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-9x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{9x}{1-9x} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-9x}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} -9\sqrt[3]{x} = -9$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{k + \cos(\sqrt{a}x)}{kx^2} = \frac{0}{0}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{k + \cos(\sqrt{a}x)}{kx^2} = \frac{\cos(\sqrt{a}x) - 1}{-x^2} = \frac{x - (\sqrt{a}x)^2}{-x^2} = \frac{-a}{-1} = a$$

$k + \cos 0 = 0 \Rightarrow k = -1$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow (1/a)^+} \frac{\sqrt{x-1/a} + \sqrt{x} - \sqrt{1/a}}{\sqrt{x^2 - 1/a^2}} = \frac{\sqrt{x-1/a}}{\sqrt{x^2 - 1/a^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{1/a}}{\sqrt{x^2 - 1/a^2}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+1/a}} + \frac{9x - 1/a}{\sqrt{x^2 - 1/a^2}} \times \frac{1}{9\sqrt{1/a}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1/a}} + \frac{9\sqrt{x-1/a}}{\sqrt{x+1/a}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1/a}}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{1 - kx}{x^2 - 1} = -\infty$$

$$\Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{1 - kx}{x^2 - 1} = \begin{cases} x \rightarrow -1^+ & \frac{1+k}{0^+} = -\infty \Rightarrow 1+k < 0 \Rightarrow k < -1 \\ x \rightarrow -1^- & \frac{1+k}{0^+} = \infty \Rightarrow 1+k > 0 \Rightarrow k > -1 \end{cases}$$

$\Rightarrow -1 < k < -\frac{1}{p}$