

$$\begin{aligned} x=2 \rightarrow f+2a+b=0 \quad b=f \quad a+b=-f+f=0 \\ y=x'+a x+b \rightarrow y'=2x+a \xrightarrow{x=2} f+a=0 \quad a=-f \end{aligned} \quad (1)$$

به ازای $x=2$ هم خود منفرجه می شود مشتق آن.

$$\begin{aligned} (\sqrt[3]{f})' + a(\sqrt[3]{f}) + b = 0 \quad y = x' + a x + b \rightarrow y' = 2x + a \quad \sqrt[3]{f} + a = 0 \quad a = -\sqrt[3]{f} \\ b = \sqrt[3]{f} \quad \left[\frac{b}{a} \right] = \left[\frac{\sqrt[3]{f}}{-\sqrt[3]{f}} \right] = -1 \end{aligned} \quad (2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} x > \frac{1}{\sqrt{f}} \rightarrow -x < -\frac{1}{\sqrt{f}} \rightarrow [-x] = -1 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow (\frac{1}{\sqrt{f}})^+} \frac{[-x] + a}{\left| \frac{\sqrt{f}}{x} + a \right| + a} = \frac{-1 + a}{\left| \frac{\sqrt{f}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{f}}} + a \right| + a} = -\infty \\ \left| \frac{1}{x} + a \right| + a = 0 \quad \left| \frac{1}{x} + a \right| = -a \quad -x a = \frac{1}{x} \quad a = -\frac{1}{x} \quad \left[-\frac{1}{x} \right] = -1 \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

$$\begin{aligned} x > -\frac{1}{x} \quad x' < \frac{1}{x} \quad \frac{1}{x'} > f \quad \frac{x}{x'} > 1 \quad \frac{-x}{x'} < -1 \quad \frac{x}{x'} > 12 \\ \lim_{x \rightarrow (-\frac{1}{x})^+} \frac{x x' - \left[-\frac{x}{x'} \right]}{(-\frac{1}{x})^+ + \frac{x}{x'}} = \frac{-1 - (-9)}{(-1)^+ + 12} = \frac{1}{0^+} = +\infty \end{aligned} \quad (4)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \frac{x' - f}{x' - [x']} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \frac{x' - f}{x' - 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \frac{(x-2)(x+2)}{(x-2)(x'+2x+f)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \frac{x+2}{x'+2x+f} = \frac{f}{12} = \frac{1}{3} \quad (5)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x' + \log x + 19}{12 + 9\sqrt{x}} \xrightarrow{\text{hop}} \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x' + 10}{\frac{9}{\sqrt{x}}} = \frac{f(-1) + 10}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{-1}}} = -12 \quad (6)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{\sqrt{f+3x} - \sqrt{f-x}}{\sqrt{1-\cos x}} \times \frac{\sqrt{f+3x} + \sqrt{f-x}}{\sqrt{f+3x} + \sqrt{f-x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{f+3x - f+x}{(\sqrt{1-\cos x})(\sqrt{f+3x} + \sqrt{f-x})} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{f x}{\left(\frac{x^2}{2}\right)(\sqrt{f+3x} + \sqrt{f-x})} \\ = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{f}{\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \times 2\sqrt{f}} = \frac{f}{0^-} = -\infty \end{aligned} \quad (7)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{K + \cos(\sqrt{a} x)}{K x^r} \xrightarrow{\text{hop}} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-\sqrt{a} \sin(\sqrt{a} x)}{r K x^{r-1}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-\sqrt{a} (\sqrt{a} x)}{r K x^{r-1}} = \frac{-a}{r K} = r \quad \frac{a}{K} = -9 \end{aligned} \quad (8)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow (ra)^+} \frac{\sqrt{2x-ra} + \sqrt{2x} - \sqrt{2r} a}{\sqrt{x^2-9a^2}} \xrightarrow{\text{hop}} \lim_{x \rightarrow (ra)^+} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2x-ra}} + \frac{r}{\sqrt{2x}} - 0}{\frac{2x}{\sqrt{2x^2-9a^2}}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow (ra)^+} \frac{(\sqrt{2x} + \sqrt{2x-ra})(\sqrt{2x^2-9a^2})}{x(\sqrt{2x})(\sqrt{2x-ra})} \\ = \lim_{x \rightarrow (ra)^+} \frac{(\sqrt{2x} + \sqrt{2x-ra})(\sqrt{2x-ra})(\sqrt{2x+ra})}{x(\sqrt{2x})(\sqrt{2x-ra})} = \lim_{x \rightarrow (ra)^+} \frac{(\sqrt{2x} + \sqrt{2x-ra})(\sqrt{2x+ra})}{x(\sqrt{2x})} = \frac{(\sqrt{2ra} + 0)(\sqrt{2ra})}{ra(\sqrt{2ra})} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{ra}} \\ = \sqrt{\frac{2}{ra}} \end{aligned} \quad (9)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow (-1)^+} \frac{1-K[x]}{x^r-1} \begin{cases} (-1)^+ \rightarrow \frac{1-K(-1)}{1^+-1} = \frac{1+K}{0^-} = -\infty & K+1 > 0 \quad K > -1 \\ (-1)^- \rightarrow \frac{1-K(-2)}{1^+-1} = \frac{1+2K}{0^+} = -\infty & 2K+1 < 0 \quad K < -\frac{1}{2} \end{cases} \\ \cos K\pi < 0 \rightarrow \text{ناقص سوم} \end{aligned} \quad (10)$$

$-1 < K < -\frac{1}{2} \quad -\pi < K\pi < -\frac{\pi}{2}$